ARE YOU MISSING MOLD ILLNESS?

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Are You Missing Mold Illness?

Online continuing education course for medical practitioners Created & presented by Dr. Jill Crista

Course Curriculum

- 1. Stuff You Need To Know First
- 2. Mold ~ A Formidable Foe
- 3. Scary Scary Mycotoxins
- 4. How To Spot Moldies
- 5. The Testing Conundrum
- 6. Peel The Orange
- 7. Protect & Repair
- 8. Fight
- 9. When Things Go Sideways

10. And The Environment

Stuff You Need To Know First

How this course works

Certificates

Impacts

How This Course Works

Over 10 hours - choose when to watch

CE/CME credit, ND Pharmacy

10 Modules ~ Lectures within each module

Quizzes ~ At end of each lecture

Case examples

Updates

Access for 1 year

A note on research...

Where Are The RCTs?

MEDICAL ETHICS

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ORDGINAL RESEARCH



Certificates

Mold-literate certification available to licensed primary care providers

View modules in order

Watch entire lecture before quiz

Quiz score >70%

Eligible practitioners are listed on DrCrista.com

CE/CME certificates up to 1 week

Put Simply . . .

What are molds & mycotoxins

Who's impacted

How to test

What to do if you find it

Impacts of Mold Illness

- How Common Is It?
- Threats of Indoor Mold
- How Does It Get There?
- Historical Perspective
- Mold vs Yeast
- **Definition of Mold Illness**
- Do You Agree?

Indoor Mold Occurence

More than a quarter of all buildings (OSHA)

Homes, apartments, schools, hospitals, workplaces, college housing, churches, hotels, summer camps, etc

66% of materials from WDB contain molds & mold toxins

Elevated fungal <u>and</u> microbial diversity in dust from WDB

Molds & mycotoxins persist - test positive at 5 months post WD event

PMID: 21531835, 19757292, 21585551

Indoor Mold Threats

WDBs grow mold in biofilm

Creating superbugs via antifungals in paint

Negatively affects all living creatures

Mold harms via spores, spore fragments, mycotoxins, and chemicals

Increases the biologic and toxic load (biotoxins) on the inhabitants

PMID: 12781669, 22017920, 19191921

Problematic Situations

Locations

Humid climates, coasts, near water, poor drainage, river bottoms

Building specifics

OSB/air tight combo in new construction, dirt crawl spaces, older run-down homes, finished basements, installation of moldy materials

Budget/Upkeep Issues

Low-income housing, college housing, institutional buildings (schools, hospitals, churches)

During remediation

PMID: 22017920

Water Intrusions

From The Outside-Roof Leaks Siding/Flashing Leaks Wall Cavities Floods Sewer Drain Shared Walls (condo, apt) **Finished Basements** Air Intake Filters

Water Intrusions

From The Inside-Plumbing High Indoor Humidity Condensation Appliances *esp Refrigerator Fish Tanks Pet Urine Plants Indoor Pools

Historical Perspective

Ghe Original Indoor Environmental Illness

Bible - physical & spiritual illness

Remediation guidance

Speaks to dangers to inhabitants and village

Indoor Mold: Biblical Remediation

Leviticus 14: 33-45

³⁴ "When you enter the land of Canaan, which I am giving you as your possession, and I put a spreading mold in a house in that land, 35 the owner of the house must go and tell the priest, 'I have seen something that looks like a defiling mold in my house.' 36 The priest is to order the house to be emptied before he goes in to examine the mold, so that nothing in the house will be pronounced unclean. After this the priest is to go in and inspect the house. 37 He is to examine the mold on the walls, and if it has greenish or reddish depressions that appear to be deeper than the surface of the wall, 38 the priest shall go out the doorway of the house and close it up for seven days. 39 On the seventh day the priest shall return to inspect the house. If the mold has spread on the walls, 40 he is to order that the contaminated stones be torn out and thrown into an unclean place outside the town. 41 He must have all the inside walls of the house scraped and the material that is scraped off dumped into an unclean place outside the town. 42 Then they are to take other stones to replace these and take new clay and plaster the house.

⁴³ "If the defiling mold reappears in the house after the stones have been torn out and the house scraped and plastered, ⁴⁴ the priest is to go and examine it and, if the mold has spread in the house, it is a persistent defiling mold; the house is unclean. ⁴⁵ It must be torn down—its stones, timbers and all the plaster—and taken out of the town to an unclean place.

Mold vs Yeast

Mold ~

Multi-cellular fungi Grow in filamentous hyphae (branches) Reproduce via sexual & asexual methods Produce airborne spores Require organic matter for nutrition Yeast ~ Single-celled microscopic fungi Round, oval or budded Reproduce asexually Do not produce spores Used for fermentation Can be opportunistic infections (candida)

KEY POINT: Both contribute to total fungal load

Spores, Spore Fragments & Mycotoxins

Occurrence ratio 500:1 ~ Fragment:Spore

Fragments ~ disrupted mold

Fragment size ~ nanoparticle-3 microns

Fragments ~ more allergenic (smaller size, ability to bypass lung clearance)

Fragments & spores secrete mycotoxins

Mold Spore vs Mycotoxin

Mold Spores ~ Large enough to trigger allergic-type reactions Trigger mucociliary clearance Recognized as causal for Type I Hypersens reactions Associated with the enigma 'Sick Building Syndrome' Mycotoxins ~ Too small to sound alarms Bypass mucociliary clearance Lipophilic adsorption into circulation via alveoli Arguments about source when illness ensues

MAKE NO MISTAKE: Both are implicated in human illnesses

Scary Scary Mycotoxins: History

Middle Ages, St. Anthony's Fire

Salem Witch Trials

Ergotism ~ Rye & other grains

Ergot ~ mycotoxin from Claviceps purpurea

Ingest mycotoxin-infected grain

Symptoms ~ convulsive & gangrenous

Loss of digits/limbs (small vessel vasculitis), mania (CNS), GI convulsions

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The Current Definition of Mold Illness Do you Agree?

Mold Illness Defined

"Spore illness"

Spores ~ large enough to trigger local resp system irritation & immune responses

NIOSH (Nat'l Inst for Occupational Safety & Health):

"health problems associated with excessive damp conditions and mold, to include: allergies, hypersensitivity pneumonitis, and asthma"

Mold Illness Defined

WHO GUIDELINES FOR INDOOR AIR QUALITY: DAMPNESS AND MOULD

Sufficient epidemiological evidence is available from studies conducted in different countries and under different climatic conditions to show that the **occupants of damp or mouldy buildings**, **both houses and public buildings, are at increased risk of respiratory symptoms**, **respiratory infections and exacerbation of asthma**. Some evidence suggests **increased risks of allergic rhinitis and asthma**. Although few intervention studies are available, their results show that **remediation of dampness problems can reduce adverse health outcomes**.

There is clinical evidence that exposure to mould and other dampness-related microbial agents increases the risks of **rare** conditions, such as **hypersensitivity pneumonitis, allergic alveolitis, chronic rhinosinusitis and allergic fungal sinusitis**. Toxicological evidence obtained in vivo and in vitro supports these findings, showing the occurrence of diverse inflammatory and toxic responses after exposure to microorganisms – including their spores, metabolites and components – isolated from damp buildings.

While groups such as atopic and allergic people are particularly susceptible to biological and chemical agents in damp indoor environments, **adverse health effects have also been found in nonatopic populations**.

The increasing prevalences of asthma and allergies in many countries increase the number of people susceptible to the effects of dampness and mould in buildings.

Susceptibility

Does everyone exposed to a WDB react the same?

Predispositions

Polymorphisms ~ on the rise

HLA typing

In my experience, beware the non-allergic

Missing Something In The Dx?

Being that spore illness is the only recognized mold illness

Being that spore fragments are formed 500:1 spores

Being that spores AND fragments secrete mycotoxins

Could we be missing symptoms and conditions that are in fact mold?

Review

How this course works

Certification

Impacts

Thank You

Dr. Jill Crista Naturopathic Doctor support@drcrista.com

Are You Missing Mold Illness?

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Mold ~ A Formidable Foe

ARE YOU MISSING MOLD ILLNESS IN YOUR PATIENTS? Dr. Jill Crista

Mold ~ A Formidable Foe

Personality profile ~ a survivor

Mold's Specific Carbohydrate Diet

How mold creates harm

Mold, biofilm, and colonization

16 Mold Facts You Need To Know



16 Mold Facts You Need To Know

MOLD... 1 is a survivor

- 2 has bad gas
- 3 is a bully
- 4 invades your body
- 5 causes toxic breath
- 6 won't go down without a fight
- 7 turns you into a wimp
- 8 causes cravings
- 9 can make you feel crazy, hazy and lazy
- 10 causes allergies
- **11** causes food sensitivities
- 12 makes you sensitive to chemicals
- 13 makes you sensitive to electromagnetic fields
- 14 sickness is hard to identify
- **15** sickness is often misdiagnosed
- **16** is part of a scandalous cover-up

Mold Facts

Natural function ~ compost/recycle

Excrete 1° and 2° metabolites ~ inhaled, ingested, and absorbed

1° metabolites ~ nec for survival aldehydes, alcohols, odors, digestive enzymes, and structural elements (beta-glucans etc)

2° metabolites ~ competitive antimicrobials, mycotoxins

Tenacious

Moisture ~ 1° element for growth, 2° is organic substrate

Obvious or visible water not necessary

High relative humidity is all that's required

Grows on WD surface within 24-48 hours

Difficult to kill

Spore formation and release increases more when drying than when wet (survival of species)

It's goal is to compost YOU

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Question

True or False?

Mold is an **old building** problem

Answer

False!

Mold can grow in any building within 48 hours of the water damage event, no matter how old the structure

© Dr Jill Crista

Mold's Specific Carbohydrate Diet

Mold Types Found in WDBs

Penicillium chrysogenum Aspergillus versicolor, A. fumigatus, A. melleus, A. niger, A. ochraceus Chaetomium spp Acremonium spp Cladisporium herbarum Ulocladium spp Stachybotrys spp Mucor racemosus, M. spinosus Trichoderma spp Arthrinium phaeospermum Aureobasidium pullulans Study limitation: only collection plates/flood conditions Penicillium verrucosum, Alternaria, Fusarium missed

PMID: 21531835, 19191921

Mold Types By Material

Wallpaper & Gypsum (drywall) ~ Penicillium chrysogenum Acremonium spp Ulocladium spp Stachybotrys spp

Wood & "Was-Wood" ~ (plywood/modified wood products) Cladosporium herbarum Trichoderma spp Arthrinium phaeospermum Aureobasidium pullulans

PMID: 21531835

Attic





Drywall

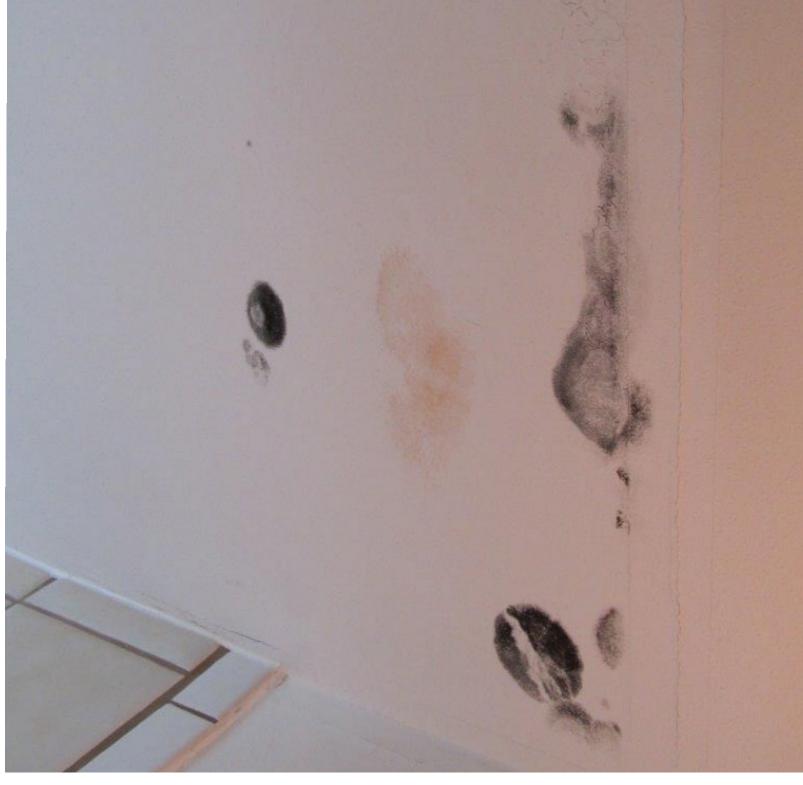
Photos courtesy of Martine Davis Certified Building Biologist



Drywall



Shower



Mold Types By Material

Concrete & Flooring Materials ~ Aspergillus versicolor, A. fumigatus, A. melleus, A. niger, A. ochraceus Chaetomium spp Mucor racemosus, M. spinosus

Other ~

Penicillium verrucosum - ceiling tiles Alternaria spp - carpets, textiles, horiz surfaces

Fusarium spp - HVAC, humidifiers

PMID: 21531835

Basement - Stachy + Chaetomium

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Air Duct



Flood



Other Air Quality Considerations

VOCs and microbial VOCs

Dander

Allergens

Rodent feces

Gas (leaks, gas stove, sewer)

Formaldehyde ('new' smell)

Fiberglass

Fragrances

PCBs (candles)

Insecticides, pesticides

EMFs (WiFi, smart meters)

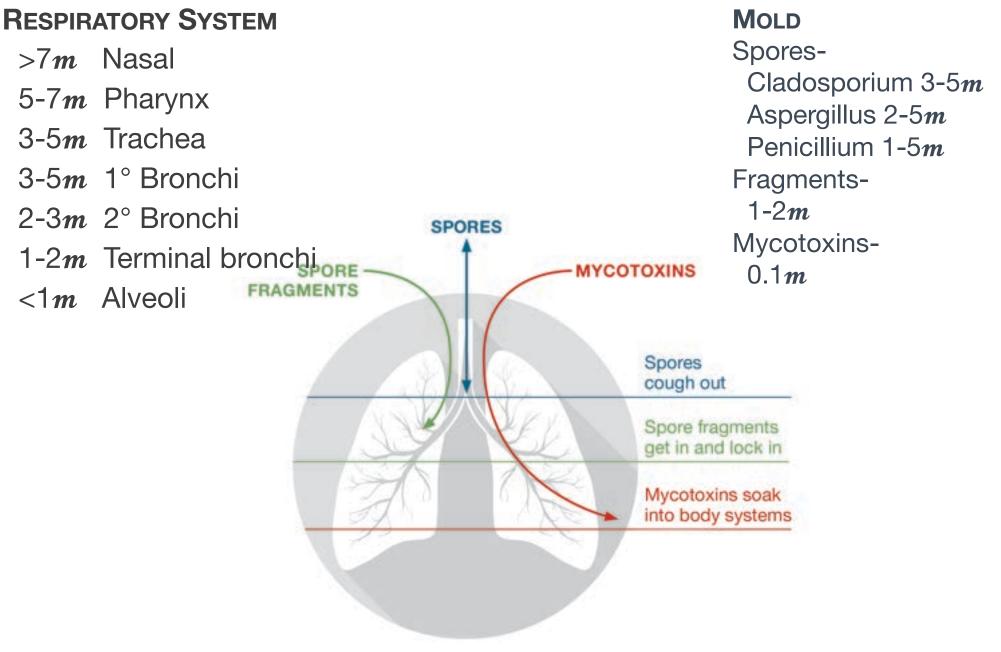
Radon (granite, foundation cracks)

Heavy metals (hunters/hobby, lead)

Endotoxins

How Mold Creates Harm

Respiratory System vs Mold



Spores

Immune responses are highly variable ~ From allergic to life-threatening disseminated fungal infection (IFI)

General ROT ~ Spores induce Mycotoxins suppress *but both deplete I/S with ongoing exposure

Mechanisms ~

Induce inflammatory reaction

Reduce respiratory mucosal ciliary function

Adhesion

Evasion

Invasion

"007" analogy

PMID: 27623953, 26600019, 29371501, 27092126, 8463496, 19527167, 19201896

Spores & Airways

First point of contact is most likely an airway epithelial cell (AEC)

First response by AEC is to "season it, then try to eat it"

If that doesn't work, AEC's next response is to send out gene intel to I/S, then commit suicide

Stachybotrys alters phospholipid synthesis related to surfactant ~ Keep the lungs hyperinflated for easier invasion

PMID: 25449202, 12221236, 26600019, 29371501, 27092126, 30589860



NIH Public Access Author Manuscript

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Published in final edited form as:

J Immunol. 2009 February 15; 182(4): 2416-2424. doi:10.4049/jimmunol.0801569.

IGE INFLUENCES THE NUMBER AND FUNCTION OF MATURE MAST CELLS BUT NOT PROGENITOR RECRUITMENT IN ALLERGIC PULMONARY INFLAMMATION¹

Clinton B. Mathias^{*,†}, Eva-Jasmin Freyschmidt^{*,†}, Benjamin Caplan^{*}, Tatiana Jones[‡], Dimitri Poddighe^{*,†}, Wei Xing[‡], Krista L. Harrison^{*}, Michael F. Gurish^{‡,†}, and Hans C. Oettgen^{2,*,†}

*Division of Immunology, Children's Hospital Boston, Boston, MA 02115

Division of Rheumatology, Allergy and Immunology, Brigham and Women's Hospital, Boston, MA 02115

†Harvard Medical School, Boston, MA 02115

Inhalation of A. fumigatus extract in mice induced a dramatic rise in IgE *accompanied by an increase in airway mast cells*, and signs indicating an elevated systemic mast cell load.

Analyses of potential cellular targets of IgE revealed that *IgE antibodies are not required for the induction of mast cell progenitors* in response to allergen but rather act by sustaining the survival of mature mast cells.

Spore Effects

Allergic recruitment induction ~ Influence mast cell homeostasis to enhance survival Induce pulmonary mast cell degranulation even in the absence of antigen-specific IgE Increased allergic responses to other respirable antigens (dust, grass, pollen, pet dander, exhaust)

Inflammation/irritation/degradation of respiratory mucosal linings over time (+gut/bladder)

Spore invasion/infection due to LT immune depletion

PMID: 27623953, 26600019, 29371501, 27092126, 8463496, 19527167, 19201896

Respiratory research



ORIGINAL ARTICLE

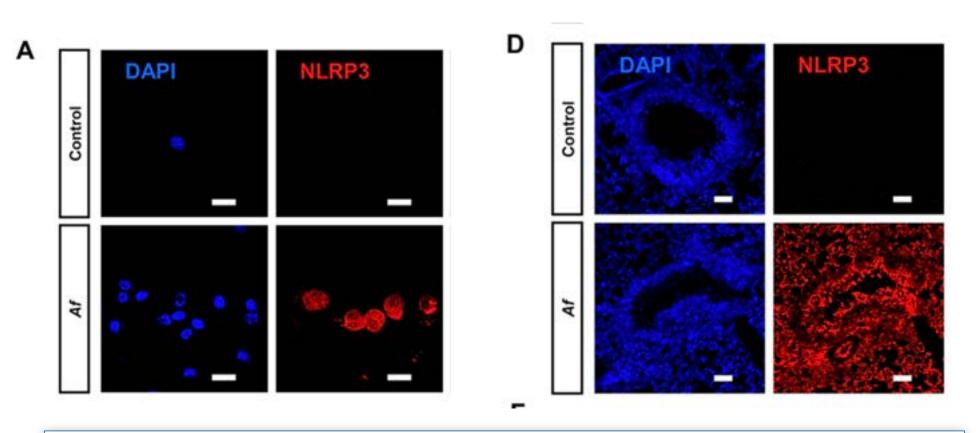
Airway epithelial phosphoinositide 3-kinase- δ contributes to the modulation of fungi-induced innate immune response

Jae Seok Jeong,¹ Kyung Bae Lee,¹ So Ri Kim,^{1,2} Dong Im Kim,¹ Hae Jin Park,¹ Hern-Ku Lee,³ Hyung Jin Kim,^{2,4} Seong Ho Cho,⁵ Narasaiah Kolliputi,⁵ Soon Ha Kim,⁶ Yong Chul Lee^{1,2}

"We used two in vivo models induced by exposure to *Aspergillus fumigatus* (*Af*) and *Alternaria alternata* (*Aa*), as well as an *Af*-exposed in vitro system. We also checked **NLRP3 expression** in lung tissues from patients with allergic bronchopulmonary aspergillosis (ABPA)."

What's the key question of this study?

"Phosphoinositide 3-kinase (PI3K)- δ isoform has been shown as an important mediator of allergic lung inflammation, including the fungi-induced form; however, a role of PI3K- δ in the modulation of innate immune response against fungal allergens has not been reported. "



A: bronchoalveolar lavage

D: lung tissue (DAPI stain=nuclear localisation)

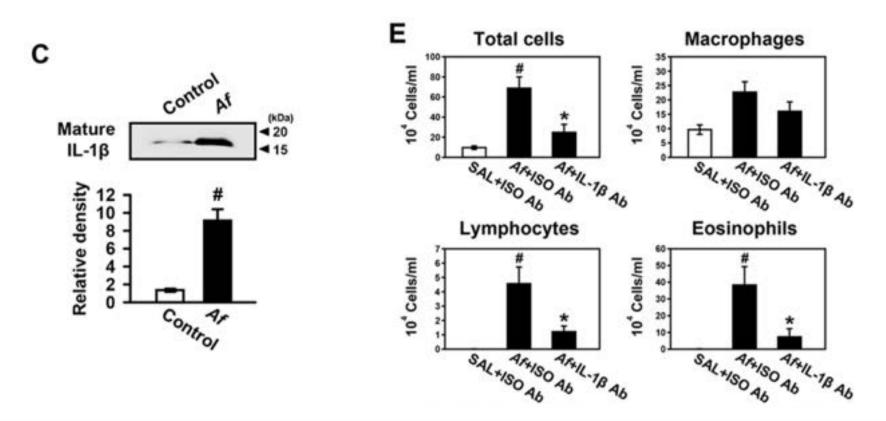
Af-exposed mice: **NLRP3 expression** (a limiting factor in NLRP3 inflammasome activation)

"NLRP3 is increased in lung tissues from patients with ABPA (allergic bronchopulmonary aspergillosis)"

"Elevation of NLRP3 inflammasome assembly/activation was also observed in Af-stimulated murine and human EpCs."

"NLRP3 inflammasome is implicated in Af-induced allergic lung inflammation"

"These data indicate that Af exposure may be related to the NLRP3 inflammasome activation in human lung disorder..."

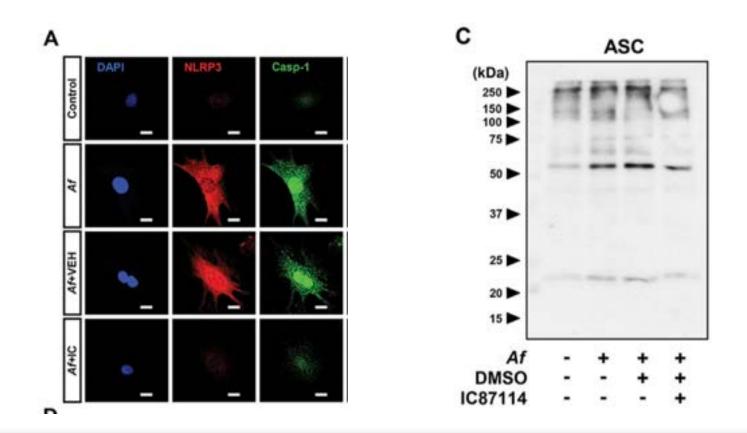


Af-exposed mice: ↑IL-1β

"NLRP3 inflamma some has been known to be implicated in allergic inflammatory processes as well as antifungal defence through IL-1 β ."

"Notably, selective inhibition of NLRP3 inflammasome led to the decrease of IL-1 β in the lung of *Af*-exposed mice,..."

"...and neutralisation of IL-1 β improved numerous features of *Af*-induced allergic lung inflammation."



Af-exposed mice: ↑PI3K-δ

With admin of a selective inhibitor of PI3K- δ (IC87114, alpelisib & ..lisib Rx family) \downarrow NLRP3

"PI3K-δ (phosphoinositide 3-kinase) plays a key role in regulation of immune processes through activating immune cells and trafficking inflammatory cells."

"PI3K- δ is also activated in response to fungal exposure and plays a role in the regulation of ER stress, thereby being crucially implicated in fungal allergic inflammation."

"Inhibition of PI3K-δ improves *Af*-induced allergic lung inflammation through regulation of NLRP3 inflammasome assembly/activation."

on-

(the 22nd congress of the Asia Pacific Society of Respirology, 2017).

Received 28 March 2017 Revised 20 February 2018 Accepted 26 March 2018 Published Online First 5 April 2018 (AULA)

Results Assembly/activation of NLRP3 inflammasome was increased in the lung of Af-exposed mice. Elevation of NLRP3 inflammasome assembly/activation was observed in Af-stimulated murine and human epithelial cells. Similarly, pulmonary expression of NLRP3 in patients with ABPA was increased. Importantly, neutralisation of NLRP3 inflammasome derived IL-1B alleviated pathophysiological features of Af-induced allergic inflammation. Furthermore, PI3K-δ blockade improved Af-induced allergic inflammation through modulation of NLRP3 inflammasome, especially in epithelial cells. This modulatory role of PI3K-δ was mediated through the regulation of mitochondrial reactive oxygen species (mtROS) generation. NLRP3 inflammasome was also implicated in Aa-induced eosinophilic allergic inflammation, which was improved by PI3K-δ blockade.

Why read on?

 Inhibition of PI3K-δ signalling may have potential for treating fungi-induced severe allergic lung inflammation in humans.

between innate and adaptive immune response is central to airway inflammation.¹ Among many cells, airway epithelium which expresses various pattern recognition receptors (PRRs)² is the first line of defence on encountering allergens and an essential controller of immune responses.³ Particularly, the nucleotide-binding domain, leucinerich repeat containing receptors (NLRs) represent one important PRR family in the intracellular compartment.⁴

Several members of NLRs are involved in the

| "These findings demonstrate that fungi-induced assembly/activation of NLRP3 | olic |
|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------|
| inflammasome in airway epithelium may be modulated by PI3K- δ , which is mediated | tes, L-1 |
| partly through the regulation of mtROS generation." | its |
| | nin, |

"Inhibition of PI3K- δ may have potential for treating fungi-induced severe allergic lung inflammation."

Resveratrol attenuates experimental allergic asthma in mice by restoring inositol polyphosphate 4 phosphatase (INPP4A)

Jyotirmoi Aich¹, Ulaganathan Mabalirajan, Tanveer Ahmad, Kritika Khanna, Rakshinda Rehman, Anurag Agrawal, Balaram Ghosh

Affiliations + expand PMID: 22986054 DOI: 10.1016/j.intimp.2012.08.017

"Oxidative stress has been shown to be strongly associated with most of the features of asthma and leads to accumulation of phosphatidyl inositol (3,4) bis-phosphate, which in turn activates PI3K pathway and contributes to oxidative stress."

"Thus, there exists a vicious loop between oxidative stress and lipid phosphatase signaling."

"These results suggest a novel mechanism of action of resveratrol in attenuating asthma phenotype by downregulating PI3K-Akt pathway via upregulating INPP4A."

Spore Fragments

500:1 Fragment:spore

Usu occurs when dead/dried mold is disrupted

Become ultrafine particulate in permanent suspension, even in lungs

Highly inflammatory to sinus & lung tissue ~ More potent than spores at inducing proinflam cytokines

Asp/Pen - enhance TLR2-dependent expression and release of IL-6 + IL-8 in human bronchial epithelial cells

Airway remodeling if persistent exposure

"Mold-othelioma" - mesothelioma-type LU condition related to mold fragment exposure vs asbestos: Shortness of breath, cough, pain in the chest or abdomen, fatigue, fever or night sweats, respiratory complications, muscle weakness, nausea or bloating

PMID: 30917597, 31116698



International Journal of Environmental Research and Public Health



Article

Pro-Inflammatory Responses in Human Bronchial Epithelial Cells Induced by Spores and Hyphal Fragments of Common Damp Indoor Molds

Elisabeth Øya ^{1,*}⁽⁰⁾, Rune Becher ¹, Leni Ekeren ¹, Anani K.J. Afanou ²⁽⁰⁾, Johan Øvrevik ^{1,3} and Jørn A. Holme ¹

¹ Department of Air Pollution and Noise, Division of Infection Control and Environment and Health, Norwegian Institute of Public Health, P.O. Box 4404 Nydalen, N-0403 Oslo, Norway; Rune.Becher@fhi.no (R.B.); Leni.Ekeren@fhi.no (L.E.); Johan.Ovrevik@fhi.no (J.Ø.); JornAndreas.Holme@fhi.no (J.A.H.)

"Human bronchial epithelial cells were exposed to X-ray treated spores and hyphal fragments from pure cultures of Aspergillus fumigatus, Penicillum chrysogenum, Aspergillus versicolor and Stachybotrys chartarum."

"Hyphal fragments of A. fumigatus and P. chrysogenum induced expression and release of the proinflammatory cytokines, *while none of the other hyphal preparations* had effects." [*Is this how the more toxigenic species like Stachy persist? By evading allergic detection?]

"Untreated A. fumigatus spores formed hyphae and **triggered expression of pro-inflammatory genes** with similarities to the effects of hyphal fragments."

Mycotoxin Immune Overview

Immunosuppressive via: Direct action on immune cells Epigenetic alterations to the immune response Direct genetic alterations

Inhibit host defense via:

NK cell hypofunction

T-/B-cell deficiency

LT exposure - Ig subclass def (false neg allergy/ infection labs)

Leukopenia w relative lymphopenia, neutrophilia & eosinophilia

TGF-β1↑

↑ impairs T-reg fxn → immune overactivation/ asthma

Disordered GALT, affects nutrient absorption, intestinal apoptosis

PMID: 26474839, 27178040, 25449202, 12221236, 26600019





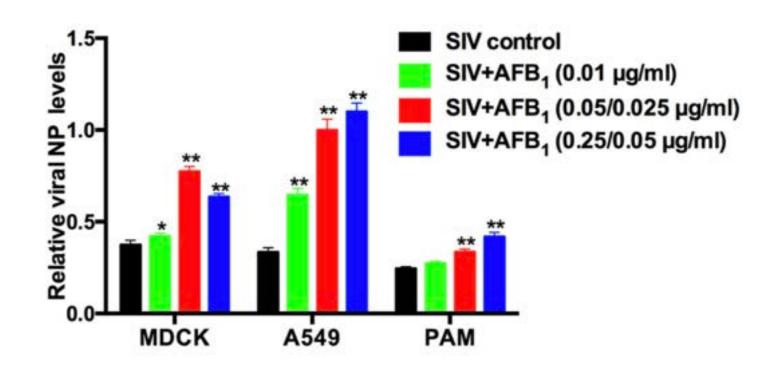
Aflatoxin B₁ Promotes Influenza Replication and Increases Virus Related Lung Damage via Activation of TLR4 Signaling

Yuhang Sun^{1,2}, Jiarui Su^{1,2}, Zixuan Liu^{1,2}, Dandan Liu^{1,2}, Fang Gan^{1,2}, Xingxiang Chen^{1,2} and Kehe Huang^{1,2*}

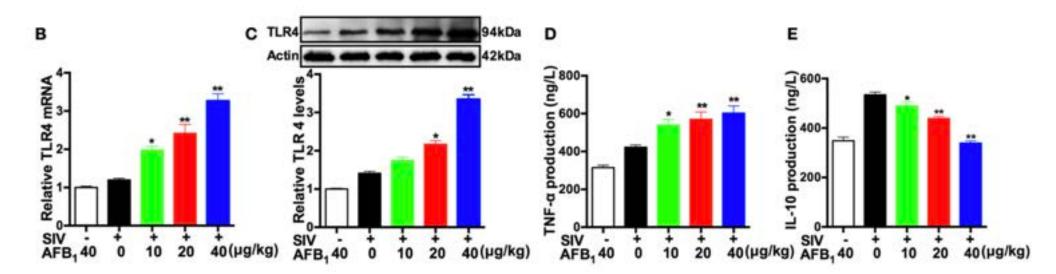
¹ Department of Animal Nutrition and Immunology, College of Veterinary Medicine, Nanjing Agricultural University, Nanjing, China, ² Institute of Nutritional and Metabolic Disorders in Domestic Animals and Fowls, Nanjing Agricultural University, Nanjing, China

"Our results are the first to suggest that AFB1 promotes Swine Influenza Virus (SIV) replication and SIV-related lung damage by activating the TLR4-NF²B pathway.

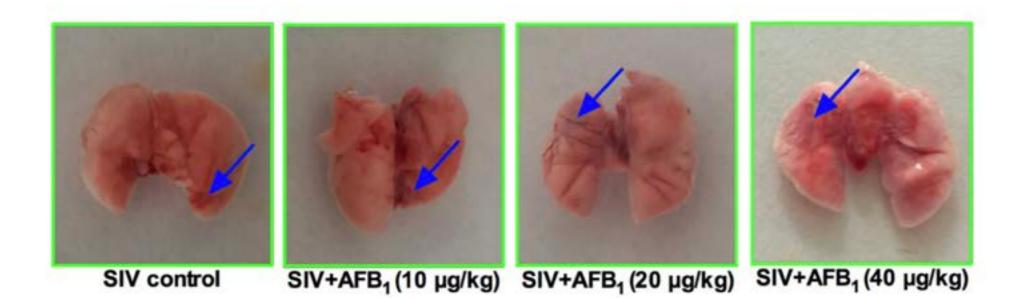
This finding is supported by previous studies demonstrating that TLR4 antagonists or TLR4 knockout can prevent lethal influenza infection (20, 42). Therefore, we infer that AFB1 might promote TLR4 overexpression and excessive inflammatory responses and reduce tolerance (43), thereby promoting SIV replication."



Swine Influenza Virus (SIV) replication correlates to increasing concentrations of AFB1. "Taken together, our results suggest that AFB1 exposure promotes SIV replication *in vitro*."



"In addition, the inflammatory response was quantified by the release of TNF- α and IL-10, and the results showed that AFB1 at doses of 10 to 40 µg/kg markedly increased TNF- α release but significantly decreased IL-10 release in sera (Figures 5D,E)."



"To further verify the in vitro results, lung tissues were taken from SIV-infected mice exposed to AFB1 to assess viral replication...and histological damage.

The areas of hemorrhage are denoted with the blue arrows.

SIV-infected mice exhibited decreased weight gain, but enhanced... inflammatory cell infiltration compared with mice from the blank group, and these changes were aggravated following exposure to $10-40 \ \mu g/kg \ AFB1$.

AFB1 promotes SIV replication and lung damage in mice."

Cellular Physiology and Biochemistry Published online: 6 September, 2018

Cell Physiol Biochem 2018;49:1151-1167

DOI: 10.1159/000493294

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Original Paper

Low-Level Aflatoxin B, Promotes Influenza Infection and Modulates a Switch in Macrophage Polarization from M1 to M2

Yuhang Sun^{a,b} Zixuan Liu^{a,b} Dandan Liu^{a,b} Jin Chen^{a,c} Fang Ganab Kehe Huang^{a,b}

*College of Veterinary Medicine, Nanjing Agricultural University, Nanjing, *Institute of Nutritional and Metabolic Disorders in Domestic Animals and Fowls, Nanjing Agricultural University, Nanjing, National Research Center of Engineering and Technology for Veterinary Biologicals, Jiangsu Academy of Agricultural Sciences, Nanjing, China

...given the differences in morbidity and mortality following SIV infection, we hypothesize that AFB1 promotes SIV infection.

"...macrophages are the first line of defense against viral infection,...critical for the defense against influenza virus infection.

M1 macrophages produce proinflammatory cytokines, thus contributing to host defense against pathogens and tissue injury;

M2 macrophages produce anti-inflammatory cytokines, thus promoting tissue repair.

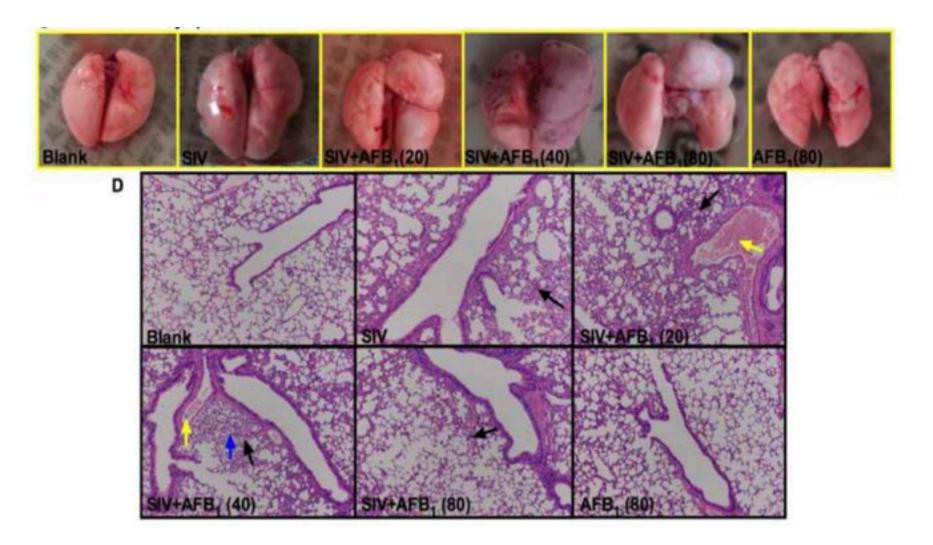
The phenomenon of the existence of the two contrasting M1/M2 phenotypes is referred to as 'macrophage polarization'.

Macrophage polarization can occur at any point in an inflammatory process;

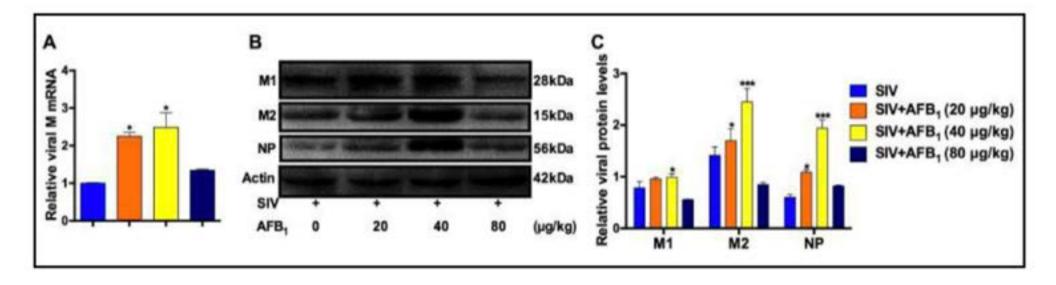
multiple phenotypic markers, cytokines and growth factors, such as nitric oxide synthase (iNOS), TNF- α and IL-10, interact to determine the final polarization state.

Previous studies indicated that AFB was immunotoxic to porcine alveolar macrophages (PAMs) and that AFB leads to time- and dose-dependent *decreases in the viability and phagocytic activity of PAMs*;

furthermore, *AFB decreases proinflammatory cytokine levels and increases anti-inflammatory cytokine levels in macrophages.*"



"Inflammatory cell infiltration, inflammatory cells in the bronchial lumen and areas of hemorrhage are denoted with the black, yellow and blue arrows, respectively.



Low levels of AFB promote SIV infection, inflammatory responses, immune organ damage, induce a switch in alveolar macrophage polarization from M1 to M2, and confer poorer outcomes in SIV-infected in mice.

Mold Wins

Breathing changes ~ Shallow, airway constriction Chronic inflammation ~ All resp passages Nasal, sinus, lung Airway remodeling ~ Lower lobes of lungs Scarring Immune deficiency ~ Mucosal lining NK cell dysfunction T- and B-cell disorder Neuroinflammation Parallel GI tract inflammation PMID: 23710148

Recognized Human Impacts

Allergic (IgE-mediated) ~

Allergic rhinitis

Hypersensitivity Pneumonitis

Asthma

Non-allergic (non IgE-mediated) ~ Non-IgE mediated asthma exacerbation

Infection ~

Aspergillosis

PMID: 24368325

Mold: Mis*sed*Diagnoses

Seasonal Allergies Chronic Sinusitis Interstitial Lung Disease Anxiety/Depression Tinnitus Sarcoidosis T-cell Abnormality Acquired Immunodeficiency Chronic Fatigue Syndrome Interstitial Cystitis Nephritis Insomnia/Sleep Apnea Dysautonomia/Neuropathies Mast Cell Activation Syndrome Cancer

PMID: 26738372, 25616361, 25745963, 22253638

STORY | Carpet Mushrooms

College friend invitation to see her carpet mushrooms Three species of mushroom crops sprouting up through her carpet Repurposed barn to a cottage Initial ~ acne and fatigue Next ~ nausea and decreased appetite Cyclical vomiting syndrome In 3 months, developed kidney disease Too sick to go to school or work No explanation for why this previously fit, healthy 20yo woman was falling apart so quickly A few weeks out of the cottage, she started to feel a little better Her chiropractor asked about her living environment and made connection More than a building issue, it was literally killing her Took years to recover kidney function * * *

Mold, Colonization & Biofilm

Colonization

Different than infection (Aspergillosis) Sinuses of normal controls ~ fungus, bacteria normal findings So what's the big deal? Only sick people's fungal colonies behave badly form mycotoxins Colonization sinuses (>90%), lungs, GI tract

PMID: 24368325, 23710148

Colonization, biofilm, or both?

Mycotoxins ~ competitive survival tactic

Other microbes in sinus to compete?

Culprits ~ MARCoNS, Pseudomonas, Klebsiella

Chronic rhinosinusitis patients endoscopic sinus surgery those w *biofilm* ~ more severe disease preoperatively persistence of postoperative sxs ongoing mucosal inflammation increase infections

PMID: 20537281, 24368325, 23710148

My Theory

Persistence despite Avoidance?

Normal controls: +fungus, -mycotoxins Sick pts: +fungus, +mycotoxins

WDB exp is the key : mycotoxins the trigger

If susceptible and/or sufficient exposure duration: Mycotoxins trigger protective mechanism Conversion of healthy microbiome to pathogenic biofilm Fungal overburden

Once recovered, mycotoxins can re-trigger old pattern

Theory explains persistence and flares

Rationale for effectiveness of antifungals w/o infection Dx

Biofilm

In nature, is more the rule than the exception

Slime layer

Mixed microbial inhabitants

Matrix-like compound

Protects & adheres inhabitants

Quorum sensing

Share survival information

Collectively survey host immunity

Determine when to reproduce

Assist and compete (Mad Max)

Study | "microbiology of sinusitis is influenced by prev antimicrobial therapy, vaccinations & the presence of normal flora capable of interfering w growth of pathogens."

PMID: 27086363

The Key Is . . .

Exposure to a water-damaged building

Review

Personality profile ~ a survivor Mold's Specific Carbohydrate Diet How mold creates harm Mold, biofilm, and colonization

Thank You

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Are You Missing Mold Illness?

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Scary Scary Mycotoxins

ARE YOU MISSING MOLD ILLNESS IN YOUR PATIENTS? Dr. Jill Crista

Mycotoxin Overview

What's a mycotoxin anyway?

Negative health impacts

Mycotoxin affinities & the body

Other than mycotoxins

STORY | Stressed Out

Woman, Mid-40s, CFS & "stress" Fatigue, sinus congestion, allergies, insomnia Episodic unnerving feeling of dread, Dxd panic attacks Incr freq, < work/travel "High strung" at work, exhausted when not Steroidal sinus spray qd-bid Tylenol PM hs Antianxiety Rx - s/e anxious/fatigue next day Work~historic preserv in restored Victorian mansion Bldg described as "musty" but had "gotten used to it" Hobby ~ historic sites/historic B&Bs Labs~ mult strains sinus fungus+hi urine mycotoxins Work building had an invisible mold problem Didn't connect the dots that work caused her sinus issues/panic attacks bc neither happened immed Moved locations for work/tx for mold >fatigue, stress, panic attacks, allergies, sinuses, sleep Steroid sinus spray/Tylenol PM d/c'd over time Panic attacks dt mold, not an inability to handle stress

* * *

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What's A Mycotoxin Anyway?

Mycotoxin Reminder

Ergotism - Middle Ages St. Anthony's Fire, Salem Witch Trials

Ergot - mycotoxin from infected grain caused convulsions gangrene via small vessel vasculitis

Ergotamine - used in different Rx forms for postpartum hemmorhage, migraine, analgesia

Alcohol - brewer's yeast

Mycotoxins Of Concern

Aflatoxin

Aspergillus flavus, A. parasiticus

Chaetoglobosin A,C

Chaetomium globosum

Citrinin

Aspergillus, Penicillium, Monascus

Enniatin B₁

Fusarium spp

Gliotoxin

Aspergillus fumigatus, Candida spp

Ochratoxin A

A. ochraseus, A. niger, Penicillium verrucosum, P. nordicum,

P. chrysogenum

Patulin

Aspergillus spp, Penicillium spp, Mucor, Fusarium spp

Sterigmatocystin

Precursor of Aflatoxin, A. versicolor

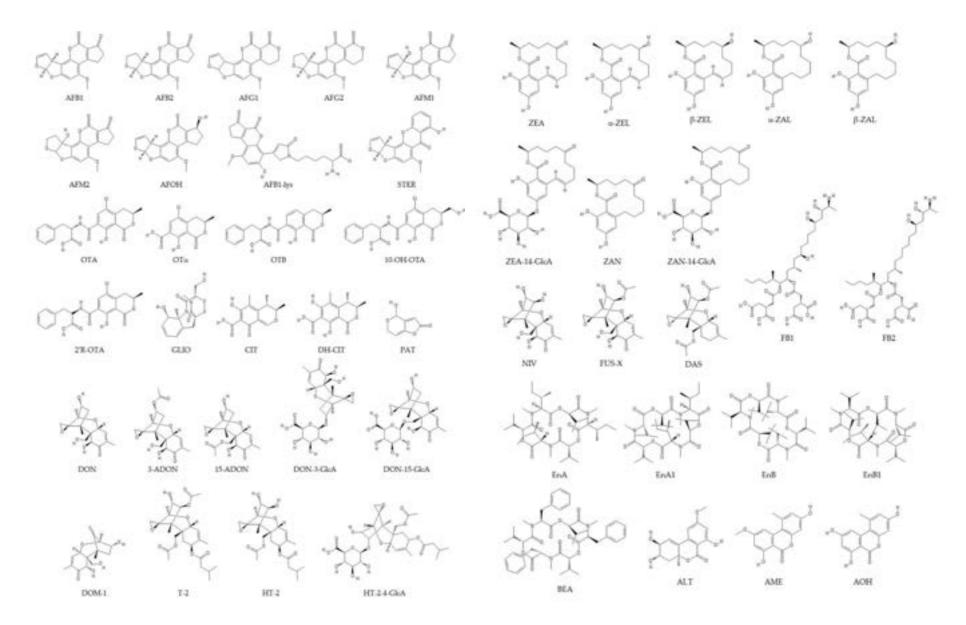
Trichothecenes (Roridin, Verrucarin, Nivalenol, Deoxynivalenol, Diacetoxyscirpenol, Satratoxin)

Stachybotrys chartarum, Trichoderma viridae, Fusarium spp, Myrothecium

Zearalenone

Fusarium spp

Wide Structural & Biosynthetic Diversity



PMID 32121036

Mycotoxins

Produced by all fungal elements

Vary by mold species

Lipophilic molecules

Secreted onto substrate & aerosolized

Wide structural and biosynthetic diversity

Energetically expensive

Competitive inhibition of other microbes

Interfere with vital cellular processes

protein & RNA/DNA synthesis

... most are cytotoxic

Harmful to human health

Inhaled, ingested & absorbed

Commodified for oncology & weaponized

Question

True or False?

You know you have a mold problem, because it **stinks**

Answer

False!

Mycotoxins, the most toxic part of mold, which seep through building materials and poison indoor air, have no scent

Musty or moldy smells are from other mold chemicals, and need air exposure to stink. If it's trapped, **you can't smell it**

Negative Health Impacts

Immunotoxic

Neurotoxic

Alimentary toxic

Dermatoxic

Nephrotoxic

Hepatotoxic

Hepatocarcinogenic

Genotoxic

Teratogenic

Carcinogenic

PMID: 26474839, 27178040, 25449202, 12221236, 26600019

Highly inflammatory to resp tissue

↓ ciliary clearance due to sm size

Airway remodeling if persistent

Some xBBB and reduce its integrity

Inhalation ~ olfactory n. to hippocampus, frontal lobe

Many cross the placenta bioactivate in utero

Found in breast milk

Implicated in neuropsych, ASD pathogenesis

PMID: 26474839, 27178040, 25449202, 12221236, 26600019, 19854819, 29880330

Induce apoptosis of intestinal epithelia

Induce bladder wall irritation/ulceration

Modified by multiple enzymes ~ Cyt P450s, glutathione S-transferases, UDP-glucuronosyltransferases, sulfurtransferases

Deplete glutathione

Cause mitochondrial damage

Nrf2 ("oxidant thermostat") activation & depletion

PMID: 26474839, 27178040, 25449202, 12221236, 26600019

Interfere with protein synthesis: DNA/RNA, actin/myosin(muscle/ cardiac), keratin/elastin, enzymes, immune globulins, hemoglobin, albumin

Inhibit host defense

- ↓antibody-producing cells
- ↓antibody titres in blood serum
- ↓phagocytosis
- Relative lymphopenia, neutrophilia, eosinophilia

PMID: 26474839, 27178040, 25449202, 12221236, 26600019, 7637687

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Mycotoxin Affinities & The Body

Aflatoxin

Hepatocellular carcinoma esp pre-existing Hep B

EBV-associated Burkitt's lymphoma

Desquamative Interstitial Pneumonitis

Immune impairment decr lymphocytes & slgA

Encourages viral replication with increased inflammation

Polymorphisms in CYP3A5 affect susceptibility

PMID: 27571469, 26424750, 15735246

Chaetoglobosin

Crosses BBB

Oncology uses provide clues:

CLL - induce apoptosis of leukemic cells via cytoskeleton

Ovarian - induces apoptosis cisplatinresistant CA cells

Inhibits tumor angiogenesis via downregulation of vascular epithelial growth factor-binding *hypoxiainducible factor* 1alpha.

Mouse study: necrosis of thymus/ spleen, spermatocyte degen

PMID: 24280868, 25304379, 23695013, 713122

Citrinin

Toxic effects on the heart, liver, kidney, intestines, reproductive

Broad spectrum of bioactivities

Oxidative stress + mito dysfunction

Triggers endoplasmic reticulum (ER) stress Intestines ~

Induced apoptotic events via:
-mito membrane permeability
-activates programmed cell death enzyme
-elevated production of ROS

Inhibits oocyte maturation and early embryo development

PMID: 28993214, 29165056, 28404941

Diacetoxyscirpenol (DAS)

Crosses BBB, neurotoxic

Developmental exposure "reversibly" disrupts hippocampal neurogenesis via ~ Apoptosis of neural stem cells Induce oxidative cellular injury Suppress differentiation of granule cell lineages

Large bowel toxicity

Fertility ~ cytotoxic effects Decr male-related fertility, direct toxic effects on the testes

PMID: 10626642, 31836554, 31791183

Enniatin

Crosses BBB, neurotoxic

Apoptotic

Brain carcinogenic ~ Astrocytoma cells most sensitive Brain capillary endothelial cells Brain microvascular endothelial

Fertility ~ Cytotoxic effects Pre- + post-implant embryos Induce intracell oxidative stress and immunotoxicity in fetuses

PMID: 29768483, 30259633

Gliotoxin

Not specific to brain. Named after fungi.

Disulfide bond ~ unique to other mycotoxins (affects IgG subclass III preferentially bc of it's prevalence of disulfide bonds)

Immunosuppressive: T-lymph, PMNs, macrophages, monocytes, NK cells

Inhibits Nf-kB (cytokines) yet incr ROS

Mitochondria reduced ATP

hyperpolarized membrane

Decreases rate of protein synthesis

Neurotoxic

Depletes glutathione

Inhibits histone methyltransferase (MCAS?)

PMID: 26445050, 26258781, 23278106, 22148349, 24039048

Ochratoxin A

Kidneys ~ nephropathy, acute renal failure, chronic interstitial nephropathy, renal carcinogenicity

Renal fibrosis with chronic exposure

Inhib protein synthesis + energy prod

Depletes glutathione, incr intracell ROS

Immune ~ cytotoxic to neutrophils

Carcinogenic effects ~ combined direct and indirect mechanisms (genotoxicity, oxidative stress, epigenetic factors)

Male specific neurotox →mRNA changes poss trigger for autism & its male prev

PMID: 27384585, 27092524, 26095584, 27597255, 25597866

Patulin

Damage to liver, kidney, spleen, intestines, I/S

Lung and brain edema

Retention sites - erythrocytes, blood-rich organs (spleen, kidney, lung and liver)

Mutagenicity, teratogenicity, chromosomal aberration, DNA strand damage

Affects the vital organs by damaging DNA

Classified as Category 3 human carcinogen

D/c'd past use chemo+Abs bc too toxic/carcinogenic

Protein synthesis inhibition ~

Binds to sulfhydryl group on AAs in proteins

Protein cross-linking w thiol groups, esp cysteine, lysine, histadine (think MCS, viral, MCAS)

Induces apoptosis via mitochondrial pathway

I/S ~

decr IFN-gamma-producing T-lymphs→Th2

dominance→allergies

Reduces macrophage fxn→reduced innate resistance to

pathogens→frequent infxns, autoimmunity, CA

Note: add yeast to patulin foods for adsorption (apples)

PMID: 30090541, 12112629, 26394380, 24931906

Trichothecenes In General

Cell level ~

Potent protein synthesis inhibitor, incl DNA/ RNA; mito fxn, effects on cell division + membranes.

GI ~

N/V, intestinal epithelial blunting Alimentary Toxic Aleukia

Lung Inflammation ~

Pulmonary Hemosiderosis

Immune deficiency ~

Compromised resistance to infxn,

cancer - *Glioblastoma, Melanoma?

Haematotoxic ~ coagulation

Endocrine disrupter

PMID: 26572613, 15342083, 27198722, 22982764, 25542145

Zearelanone

- Endocrine disruptor → reproductive disorders, infertility
- Non-steroidal estrogenic mycotoxin, but still binds to/lowers albumin (risk of C.diff)
- ER binding affinity as potent as
 - cournestrol and genistein, but $\text{ER}\beta$ is
 - same as affinity for ERa \rightarrow carcinogenic + immunotoxic
- Arrhythmic (other Fusarium myco DON) 2nd-degree AV block, atrial brady, decr total power

PMID: 24632555, 28365492, 29868851, 27840141, 21804309

Other Than Mycotoxins

Mycophenolic Acid (MPA)

Not technically a mycotoxin

Part of "other chemicals" secreted by mold as part of normal metabolism

But mycotoxins formed in competition

... where there's mold, there's MPA, but not nec mycotoxins

Readily absorbed (w/in first few hrs)

Excreted quickly in bile IF liver can detox

Detox'd/excreted in Phase II as glucuronides

PMID: 4629779, 28327659

Mycophenolic Acid (MPA)

Compromises intestinal membrane

integrity \rightarrow GI toxicity + leaky gut

Changes lipid-metabolizing proteins

Affects intracellular nucleotide levels, nucleotide-dependent processes, expression of structural proteins, fatty acid and lipid metabolism

Immunosuppressive

Rx transplant rejection, BRCA tx

PMID: 4629779, 28327659

Endotoxins

Bacterial byproducts found in WDBs, humidifiers,

Highly inflam LPSs

Change inflam mediators in airways +/or blood ~

Eosinophils, IL-8, IL-1beta, TNFa, CRP

Reduce neutrophil count

SI ~↓ oxygenation enterocytes → hypermotility in attempt to reoxygenate

GI ~ genetic reduction in replication, energy production, absorption, immunity

Combo w mycotoxins 1 dmg to liver Reduction improves steatohepatitis

PMID: 11409488, 17878567, 28477419, 26709789

Review

What's a mycotoxin anyway? Negative health impacts Mycotoxin affinities & the body Other than mycotoxins

Thank You

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Are You Missing Mold Illness?

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How To Spot Moldies

ARE YOU MISSING MOLD ILLNESS IN YOUR PATIENTS? Dr. Jill Crista

How To Spot Moldies

It's All About The History

Symptoms

Questionnaire

Look Alikes & Comorbidities

Differential Diagnoses

Physical Exam Clues

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IT'S ALL ABOUT THE HISTORY

Informed by History

Exposure to WDB at any time in life Gestation fwd (bioactivate in utero) Include neonatal exposure Ask ~ schools, college housing, occupations, camp, vacation Will forget, take them through space by space No minimum duration required Ask about water events, musty smell, not only mold

Toxic mold is commonly not visible

Building test results

Onset of Symptoms

Onset timing varies

- Start vague and nondescript
- Tolerable and excusable
- Mold canaries earlier
- Women earlier
- Assuming daily exp ~ 3-6 months

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Symptoms

Recognized Human Impacts

Allergic (IgE-mediated) ~

- Allergic rhinitis
- Hypersensitivity Pneumonitis
- Asthma

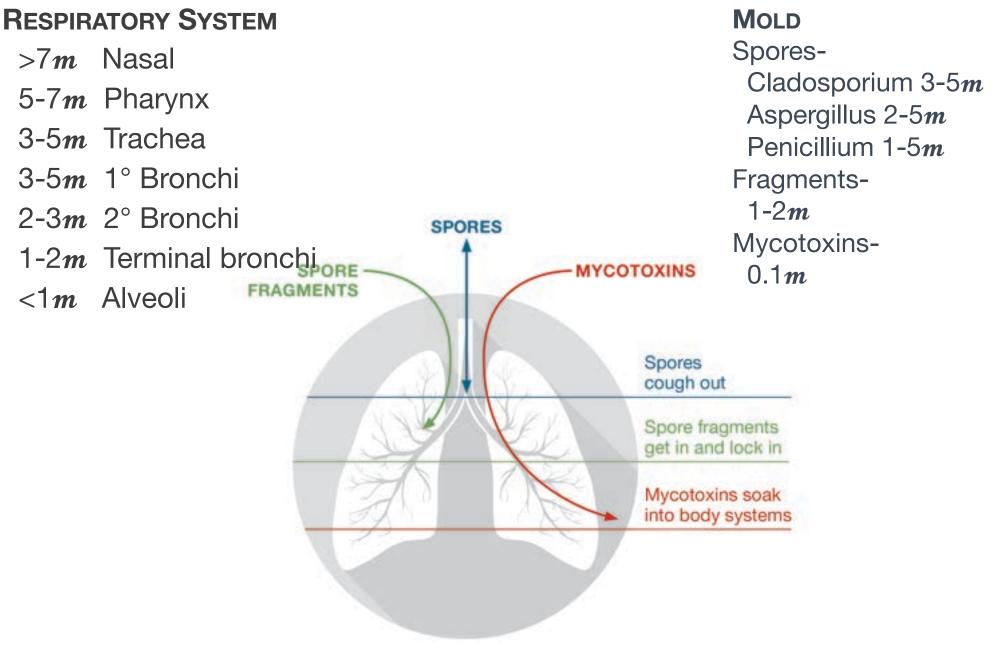
Non-allergic (non IgE-mediated) ~ Non-IgE mediated asthma exacerbation

Infection ~

Aspergillosis

PMID: 24368325

Respiratory System vs Mold



Totality of Symptoms

Many systems

Many symptoms

No single diagnostic symptom

Genetic diversity

Individualized reactions

Symptoms abound

.. Totality

EENT (Eyes, Ears)

Dry eyes Red, irritated eyes Ocular pruritis Floaters Light sensitivity Eye fatigue Allergic shiners Dark, sunken eyes Blurry vision Double vision Frequently changing vision Icterus

Pruritic ear canal Sore inner ears Ear fullness Ear popping Freq yawning to pop ears Ear pain Noise sensitivity Tinnitus Serous otitis media Hearing loss

EENT (Nose, Throat)

Sneezing Runny nose Blow nose often Nose bleeds Post-nasal drip Nasal voice Sinusitis Blood-streaked mucous Daily sinus spray/Neti Nasal polyps Allergies (esp not > tx) Hayfever

Coated tongue Thrush Mouth sores Palatal petechiae Dry throat Itchy throat Sore throat Back of throat feels full Clears throat often Globus hystericus Cervical lymphadenopathy

STORY | Student Athlete

College athlete

URI 1 frequency & duration

→bacterial more often ~ sinuses or lungs

Require antibiotics

Affecting his ability to compete

Other sxs "tolerated" -insomnia, itchy ears,

"blow his throat" every am

Rarely had to blow his nose, even though nasal voice

PND at school, cleared up when home

Discovered living moldy building at school

Genetics not extreme sensitive

CMQ score only slightly probable for mold

Exercise routine helped him clear mycotoxins

Treated but refused move - grad soon

I/S strengthened - ↓ frequency of URIs + improved PND,

pruritis, sleep

Competitive again at his sport

When he left the moldy place to take a new job, he thrived

* * *

Respiratory System

Dyspnea < exertion Frequent yawn/sigh Chronic dry cough Episodic cough Recurrent respiratory infxns Colds go to lungs Delayed recovery Wheezing Blood streaked sputum Asthma Incr need for inhaler meds

Burning lungs Hemoptysis Heaviness in chest Non-obstructive sleep apnea Lungs sensitive to inhaled particulates, exhaust, fragrances, musty spaces Chronic respiratory illnesses Fungal lung infection Respiratory distress Sarcoidosis of lungs

STORY | Hay Fever

Man in 30s, healthy guy, gym rat DIY finished basement for home office Dev allergy to grass pollen - allergist said prob age Allergy medication as recommended Soon after, S/T, PND, dry irritated eyes, tinnitus Followed by IBS not related to what he ate Lack of focus worse when working Desired nap rather than exercise Hay fever progressed from grass season to any season when it wasn't frozen outdoors Allergy medication starting to fail Dev a faint wheeze when exercising Doc rec asthma Rx - came to see me for alt's Errors in basement buildout, mold behind outside walls After remediation and tx, all sxs improved, but took longer than he had hoped Suspect still being exposed to mycotoxins in belongings

* * *

Cardiovascular System

Lightheaded Low or reactive bp Increased vascular fragility Easy bruising Spider veins/cherry angioma Small vessel vasculitis Vessel atonia Varicose veins Lower extremity edema Heart palpitations Irregular heartbeat

Arrythmia Paroxysmal tachycardia Postural tachycardia syndrome (PoTS) Chest pain Myocarditis Hemorrhage into body tissue Iron-deficiency anemia Clotting issues Atriovenous malformation Coagulation abnormalities

STORY | Myocarditis

Woman, mid-40s Palpitations Insomnia Fatigue DOE Angina on exertion "no pain no gain" Self tx - CoQ10 + incr exercise

Angina became unbearable

Event of MI sxs → ER/referral for CV workup Dx myocarditis

Mold discovered in basement below slow leaking refrigerator

After remediation & mold tx, all sxs remitted w occ palpitations after alcohol ingestion

* * *

Digestive System

Appetite changes/anorexia Crave sweets/alcohol Food sensitivities Peanut allergy Abdominal pain Gas/bloating Constipation/Diarrhea Consti-rrhea/IBS Nausea Reflux Ulcer

SIBO Vomiting Cyclical vomiting syndrome Histamine intolerance Intestinal epithelial blunting Hematochezia Intestinal hemorrhage Chemical sensitivity Liver pain or congestion Hepatocellular carcinoma

STORY | Cook's Dilemma

30yo vegetarian cook & foodie

Nausea, generalized abd pn, IBS, urgent diarrhea alt w gas/ constipation

Wine - h/a, heartburn

ROS - neuropathy, poor circ, wt gain, sens skin, rash from fav lotions

Celiac, B12 tests N

Upper endoscopy - esophagitis

Colonoscopy - intestinal lining inflam/degradation wo ulceration

Suppressive med offered

Social life involved food and drink, socially isolated

Elimination-challenge - grains, wine, mushrooms, potatoes

Reintro only had a problem with nonorganic grains, and organic (yes, organic) wine

Presentation at wine club about ochratoxin in org wine cracked the code

Timing of wt gain and dig problems when took a new job

Leaky ceiling; trash cans to catch water during heavy storms

No mold seen, but was in ceiling tiles

* * *

Nervous System

Anxiousness* Easily overwhelmed Low mood Depression Headache Migraine Drunken feeling Dizziness/vertigo Balance issues Difficulty walking Incoordination

Delayed reflexes Internal vibrations Parasthesias Nerve pains Tremors Ataxia Dementia Atonia - central Dysautonomia Seizures

STORY | Mold On The Mind

Woman mid-50s

Muscle twitches - sometimes so severe, wake her from sleep

Past 5 years - brain fog, insomnia, weak/easily fatigued muscles

Feared brain tumor but scan neg

PE revealed UMN lesion

Built their dream home, a log home in the country

Sxs started right after moving keepsakes from her mother's basement

Brought to her home for sorting bc her mother's house smelled terribly musty and made her feel strange

Unwittingly infected her pristine home

Removed from home, remediated and she started treatment

Despite a comprehensive plan, she couldn't move home for a very long time.

At that time, I wasn't aware of sinus colonies or mycotoxins, \therefore no sinus tx

Required extra time for her brain to rebuild the injured areas to stop the twitching

* * *

Dermatological

Sensitive skin Bothered by tags/seams Frequent static shocks Flushing Hives Dermatographism Eczema/Rashes Desquamation Burning sensation Pruritic skin Photosensitivity

Recurrent fungal infections (jock itch, vaginal, athlete's foot, toenail, intertrigo) Delayed wound healing Skin reaction to antibiotics Hair loss/thinning/slow growth Raynaud's Psoriatic lesions Erythema nodosum (coccidioimycosis)

STORY | Infant With Eczema

Infant covered with eczema from head to toe

So agitated, he couldn't sleep. Agitating autistic sibling

Cracking > topical steroids with antifungal

If missed one dose, break out to the point of cracking and bleeding

Feeling helpless, mom turned to the Internet. She read that other nursing moms noticed improvement with diet changes. She was a very proactive and educated mom. Her devotion to him was unending. She worked for three years to get pregnant. As a parent of another child, a four year old with autism, she understood sacrifice for a child.

She watched her baby son's reactions carefully and omitted foods that seemed to make things worse. She was down to lamb, rice, homemade organic bone broth, blueberries, and microgreens.

Other than the antifungal steroid cream, she put nothing on his skin. His clothes were washed in vinegar with an extra rinse, and diapers were organic cotton. There was little I could suggest to improve on this. We added a bath soak of calendula and chamomile tea, which soothed him enough to sleep. I recommended we test his stool for intestinal flora and conduct a full environmental assessment. These proactive parents hired a certified building biologist to check out their lakeside cottage home.

The indoor air inspector called aghast. There was black mold all over this cottage. It was behind the drywall of almost every wall in the house. The humidity was out of control because the house was essentially built on a bog by a lake. The inspector said the builder should never have been granted a building permit on that land.

Stool test - excessive yeast overgrowth.

He had fungus inside and out. With an autistic sibling, he likely had an inherited genetic susceptibility to environmental toxins. It turns out that everyone in the family was sick in their own way. They went to a hotel while remediation occurred and the little boy's skin cleared up.

Unfortunately in this case, the remediation had to be redone two more times to completely eradicate the mold. Each time they tried to come home, the baby would break out. Thankfully, the parents paid attention.

* * *

Reproductive System

Unexplained menstrual cycle changes

Recurrent fungal vaginal infxns

Bacterial vaginosis

Chronic pelvic pain

Infertility - both genders

Low sperm counts

Immunotoxicity of fetus

Immune deficiency in surviving children

STORY | Infertility

This story is about the mother of the infant boy with eczema mentioned earlier. She and her husband wanted very badly to get pregnant again. Because I didn't specialize in fertility, I referred her to colleagues. She apparently had a hard time getting pregnant with the little boy with eczema, her second child. Her first son was a four-year old with autism.

A year since finding the mold in their home, she and her husband still didn't have any luck getting pregnant. They remediated, but the mold didn't seem to want to go away. Their home required a total of three remediations. Each time they moved back, the baby boy, my patient, broke out in a rash. Mold toxins also interfered with the couple's fertility.

In this case, no one in the family felt well until they moved from the cottage with a moldy history. Even though they did the extra work of clearing mycotoxins and disposing of most of their belongings, they still couldn't get pregnant until they moved. Some people are simply too genetically sensitive to mold. There are times when the best action is to get out.

* * *

Urinary System

Increased thirst Frequent urination Nocturnal polyuria ADH resistance* Burning in bladder Pressure in bladder UTI sxs with no infection Hematuria Interstitial cystitis Electrolyte imbalance

Kidney or low back pain Kidney swelling Nephrotic syndrome Nephritis

STORY | Nephrotic Syndrome

This young man of 21 was living at home with his parents and one sibling. He came to see me for deep-seated fatigue, low-back pain, blood in his urine, and some libido challenges. I hadn't seen him in more than five years. I was struck by his appearance. He looked washed out with very dark circles under his eyes. He wasn't just pale, he was vampire pale.

Dark circles were a clue that he was depleting his health by not getting enough rest, exercise, hydration, or healthy food. He admitted that he wasn't treating his body well. His job and a new relationship consumed his schedule. He was definitely staying up too late zoning out to TV. At that appointment, I recommended lifestyle changes and ordered some labs.

At his follow-up, he had done a marvelous job adjusting lifestyle factors. He cleaned up his diet, drank water rather than soda, started walking to work, and dedicated himself to a sleep routine—whether he could fall asleep or not. He was motivated to improve his libido. But after a few months, he didn't feel much better and was still pale with dark circles under his eyes. There was an issue on his labs that I was concerned about.

A more in-depth test showed that his kidneys were in trouble. He was developing something called nephrotic syndrome—at 21! He followed adjustments to his treatment plan and we watched his labs carefully. He was very compliant and had improvements on both his tests and symptoms, but they were only mild. Normally in practice, I would've expected near complete recovery in someone so young, motivated, and otherwise healthy.

Then his mother came to see me for help with asthma attacks and fatigue. His sibling came in with fatigue, chronic sinusitis, and new food sensitivities. The whole family struggled with insomnia. There were other symptoms that led me to ask about their home environment. It turns out that they had mold in their home.

This young man chose to move out of the house in order to restore his kidney function. Within a few months, his kidneys recovered, back pain eased up, and energy improved. He no longer needed such a substantial treatment plan. At a follow-up visit, about five years after his move, he looked healthy. Libido issues were gone, and his relationship was going strong. He had no issues with fatigue unless he stayed up too late or worked too many hours—normal stuff.

Granted, initially he wasn't treating his body very well. But when someone makes positive lifestyle changes and doesn't see the benefits, more investigation is warranted. In his case, it was mold.

* * *

Cognitive

Brain fog Brain fatiguability Difficulty word finding Delayed cognition Memory loss Confusion Difficultly thinking clearly Disorientation Cognitive impairment

STORY | Tremor

A woman in her early 40s came to see me with her husband. She had a recent diagnosis of essential tremor, a condition similar to Parkinson's Disease. Prospects of recovery were not good. Her tremor was constant, affecting her balance and ability to sleep. She had heart palpitations that made her catch her breath. She also constantly felt like she had a bladder infection, even though no infection was found. The urinary frequency was so bad, she had to leave the appointment to urinate. Family said she'd become more weepy, which everyone understood considering her health issues.

Her husband seemed overly anxious about her health. While she was visiting the bathroom, he confided that he felt like he was getting more and more impatient and short with her. His sleep was interrupted with worry. This level of irritability didn't fit the kind and empathetic man in front of me.

On review, she had a tick bite about a year prior to the beginning of her first tremor. The tick was found, removed intact, and sent for testing. It was a Lyme-carrying tick. Even though many people who contract Lyme don't get a rash, she developed a growing red rash where the tick was. It was clear that she needed treatment for Lyme disease. She was given the standard of care at the time, which was later found to be insufficient at eradicating the bacteria.

It was evident to me that the Lyme bacteria might be persisting and affecting her nervous system. The tremor began in her hand on the same side as the tick bite. We started her on a chronic Lyme protocol. She only had minimal improvement. We tried a few tweaks, and still there wasn't much improvement with her tremor. I consulted with Lyme-literate colleagues to check my protocol or to spur ideas, and one mentioned checking into mold.

When I brought this idea up to the couple, the expressions on their faces looked as if I had just found them guilty of a crime. They had water damage in their home and with all that was going on with the wife's Lyme disease, they hadn't addressed it. They closed the door to the wet, musty basement to deal with it later. As mold expert Dr. Sandeep Gupta says, "If there's any part of you that you aren't addressing, eventually it will address you."

* * *

Immune System

Fungal overgrowth/infections Frequent viral infections Tendency toward bacterial sequelae

Delayed healing infxns Increased susceptibility to

infxn

Herpes outbreaks

Chronic EBV

Mast cell activation syndrome

Immune suppression

Spleen / thymus underactivity Previous or current cancer dx

STORY | Church Secretary

Widowed woman, mid-60's

Dx BV

Vaginal itching, burning, odor

Tx'd for yeast infxn but sxs persisted

Tx'd with 2 rounds of antibiotics, but s/e diarrhea

Wt gain, indigestion, gas/bloating, overwhelm, "snippy"

Sxs onset not long after "stressful roofing project" at church

Mold growing behind the paneling that lined her office from construction error during roofing project

No resp sxs bc spores were trapped behind paneling

Mycotoxin-induced dysbiosis & I/S def

Remediation and mold tx

BV improved, also wt gain, digestion, bloating, sense of overwhelm, mood

* * *

Musculoskeletal

Decreased muscle mass

Decreased muscle tone

Exercise intolerant ~ EMFs, low oxygenation

Myositis

Soft-tissue prolapse

Soft-tissue injury

Delayed repair

Constitutional

Chronic fatigue syndrome Insomnia ~ maint > onset Wake w anxious thoughts Narcoleptic symptoms Sxs worse temp extremes

Typical Picture?



Many systems

Many symptoms

Genetic diversity

Individualized reactions

How to know it's mold?

Clues ~ New since water event New onset since move/new job Predispositions worsening Not responding as expected Inner unsettled feeling



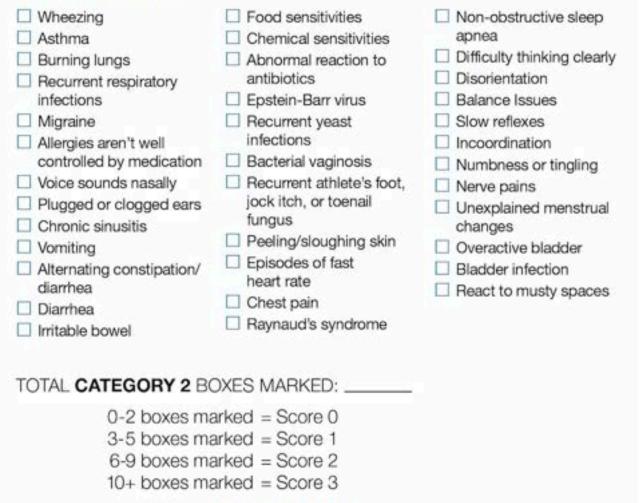
Crista Mold Questionnaire

CATEGORY 1

| Brain fog Feel tired all the time Frequent runny nose Blow your nose often Sneezing Sinusitis Post-nasal drip Nose bleeds Swollen glands Shortness of breath Frequent yawning or sighing Heart palpitations Headaches Hay fever Eye irritation Blurry vision Frequent change in vision Allergies Dark circles under eyes Sensitivity to sunlight Nervousness/can't settle Low mood or depressed | Feeling overwhelmed Episodic/chronic dry cough Irritated lungs Blood-streaked mucous Nasal polyps Coated tongue Sores in the mouth Bumps on back of throat Thrush Sore or itchy ear canals Ringing in the ears Bothered by loud noises Skin rash Burning or itchy skin Easy bruising Spider veins Bothered by tags and seams on clothing Anemia Protruding veins on limbs Lower extremity edema Clear your throat often | Sore throat Frequent colds Delayed recovery from colds Exhausted from exercise Frequent static shocks Increased thirst Trouble sleeping Feeling of internal vibration Dizziness Vertigo Drunken feeling Frequent urination Yeast infection Change in appetite Intestinal gas Nausea Feeling bloated Constipation Crave sweets Crave alcohol |
|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| | | |
| TOTAL CATEGORY 1 BO | DXES MARKED: | |
| 5-9 boxes ma 10-15 boxes ma | irked = Score 0 irked = Score 1 irked = Score 2 irked = Score 3 | |

CATEGORY 1 SCORE .

CATEGORY 2



CATEGORY 2 SCORE

| Daily use of sinus spray, sinus prescription, or Neti pot Sinus surgery at any time in your life Chronic inflammatory response syndrome (CIRS) MARCoNS Peanut allergy Chronic fatigue syndrome Difficulty walking Dysautonomia Postural Tachycardia Syndrome (PoTS) Hearing loss Confusion Dementia Memory loss Tremors Sarcoidosis | Asthma that's difficult to control with medication Idiopathic pneumonitis Lung scarring or nodules Respiratory distress Aspergillosis Arrhythmia Coagulation abnormalities Atriovenous abnormalities Churg Strauss Syndrome Histamine intolerance Erythema nodosum Eosinophilic esophagitis Ulcer Non-celiac intestinal disease Blood in stool Cyclical vomiting syndrome | Liver pain or swelling Fatty liver Non-alcoholic steatohepatitis (NASH) Interstitial cystitis Kidney pain or swelling Kidney disease Nephritis Chronic pelvic pain Infertility Hepatocellular carcinoma Previous or current cancer diagnosis Mast cell activation syndrome (MCAS) Exposure to water- damaged building any time in your life Exposure to mold Positive Shoemaker tests |
|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Boxes market be the same t | OXES MARKED: ach box marked d and score will for this category CATEGORY 3 SCORE | |

TOTAL MOLD RISK RESULTS

Gather your Category scores from the 3 previous pages

CATEGORY 1 SCORE: _____ + CATEGORY 2 SCORE: _____ + CATEGORY 3 SCORE: _____ = TOTAL MOLD RISK _____

RESULTS

0-4 = Not Likely Mold Sickness

5-9 = Possible Mold Sickness

10+ = Probable Mold or Biotoxin Sickness

Take A Moment

What's your score?

Of your most stuck patient?

© Dr Jill Crista

Look-Alikes, Comorbidities, Differentials

Look-Alikes & Comorbidities

Tick-borne diseases ~ Persisters dt immune deficiency Distinguishing characteristic ~ migrating

SIBO ~ Myenteric plexus neurotoxicity interrupts peristalsis Intestinal epithelium blunting Biofilm promoter

MCAS ~ Dysfunctioning mast cells, differently differentiated dep on tissue → many diff sx pictures Inflammation in multiple systems Wax/wane pattern

© Dr Jill Crista

Differential Diagnoses

Differential Diagnoses

Clue ~ CMQ Category III B12 deficiency Lyme & co-infections Lung CA/Mesothelioma GI ~ UC/Crohn's Liver/kidney CA Other autoimmune dzs Celiac SLE Scleroderma Sjogren's MCAS Alzheimer's, Parkinson's Glaucoma Alcoholism

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Physical Exam Clues

Gross ~ hypotonia (rounded shoulders, pronation, pronounced veins), sunken eyes, pale or reddish complexion, "puffy", diffuse lymphadenopathy, sighs through interview, pretzeling, adventitious movements

Skin ~

rashes, eczema, flushing, dermatographism, ecchymoses, desquamation

```
Vitals ~
shallow breathing, usu low bp but reactive,
usu temp low-N but mb incr temp (infxn),
reactive HR (POTS)
```

```
Orthostatic Intolerance: NASA Lean Test
Lie quietly x5 min beforehand, no talking, no
phone. Take baseline HR.
Stand w feet 6-8 in from wall, and lean back
against the wall w shoulders touching.
Test at 1, 5, 10 mins.
HR
>30 bpm from supine to standing (10 min)
If under 18yo >40 bpm from supine
```

```
to standing (10 mins)
```

Neuro ~

+Rhomberg, +heel-toe, can't toestand eyes closed, altered DTRs - usu delayed, but if hyperreflexive screen for UMN lesion (+Rhomberg, +Babinski, clonus, m.weakness w incr tone, rigidity flexors arms, extensors legs), +CN I (anosmia)/III (convergence)/VII (Bell's palsy)/XIV+XII (palate/tongue), parasthesias (h/c, vibration, sharp/ dull), twitches, tremors

Eyes ~

sunken eyes, infraorbital darkness medial half, Dennies lines, edema at base of eyelashes, injected conjunctiva, icterus, sensitive to light challenge, convergence insufficiency (eyes drift outward at near vision/while reading), report floaters/white ceiling test, edema around optic nerve, retina-cotton wool spots, VCS fail

Ears ~

external canal flaking/sloughing/excoriations, poss tragus sign, TM orange-peel consistency &/or retracted, hearing loss, usu (-)Weber (no lateralization, but dulled/req lower tone tuning fork) with (-)Rinne, +Schwabach (b/l sensorineural loss), vestibular eval (caution Dix-Hallpike, alt side-lying head up 45°)

Nose ~ salute sign, clear or bloodstreaked coryza, boggy nasal mucosa, enlarged turbinates, polyps (teardrop/ grape), sinuses TTP

Mouth/Throat ~ dental occlusions w high arched palate (children/allergic facies), palatal petechiae, coated tongue, mouth sores, post pharynx I/a "cobblestoning", hypertrophic/injected tonsils/adenoids, w poss tonsillids/ stones, uvula enlarged

Cervical/tonsillar + cervical chain lymphadenopathy

LU ~

ausc-harsh bronchial breath sounds, b/l fine crackles in dependent regions not cleared by cough but >leaning fwd (discontinuous high-pitched, lowamplitude, short duration, velcro-like midlate inspir), expiratory wheeze (continuous high pitched), b/l lower lobe (+)egophany w (-) whispered pectoriloquy

CV ~

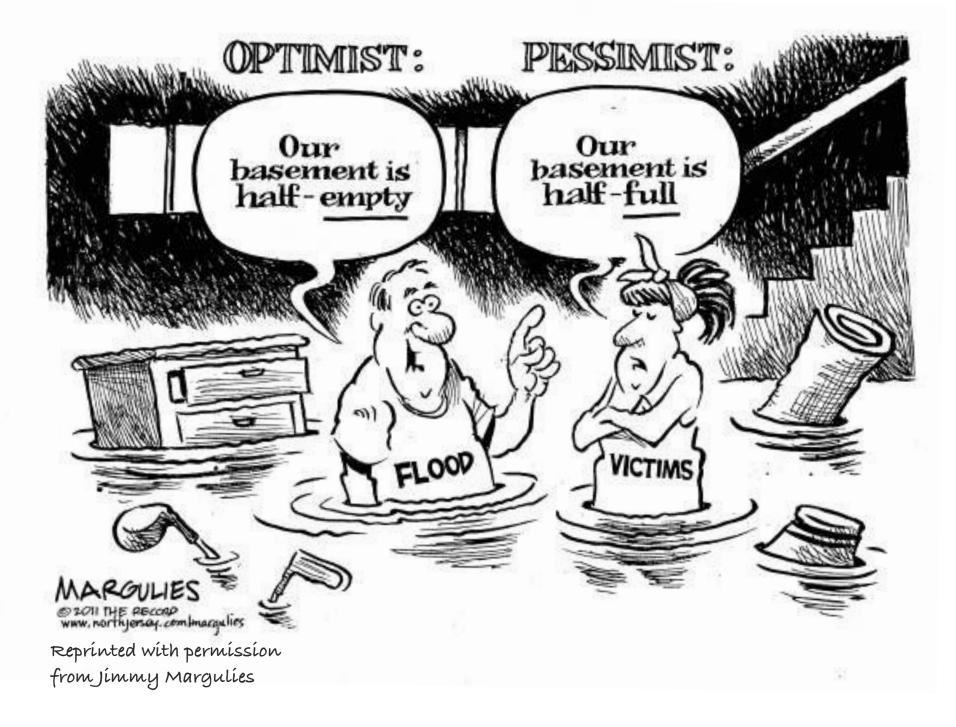
spider veins, cherry angiomas, lower limb veins collapse when elevated, delayed capillary refill, decr intensity of 1st HT sound, isolated S4 (pause bw ventricles)

GI ~

delayed bowel sounds, doughy abdomen TTP &/or bloated, +GB sign, liver TTP/enlarged/scarred, kidneys TTP

$M/S \sim$

myopenia (unmatched to age), prolapse, synovitis, ganglions TTP, chiro adjustments don't hold



Review

It's All About The History

Symptoms

Questionnaire

Look Alikes & Comorbidities

Differential Diagnoses

Physical Exam Clues

Thank You

Dr. Jill Crista Naturopathic Doctor support@drcrista.com

ARE YOU MISSING MOLD ILLNESS?

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The Testing Conundrum

ARE YOU MISSING MOLD ILLNESS IN YOUR PATIENTS? Dr. Jill Crista

Testing Conundrum

Diagnostic Assessments

Mycotoxin Discussion

Shoemaker Panel Highlights

Colonization, Allergy, Infection

Advances In Imaging

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DIAGNOSTIC ASSESSMENTS

Conundrum ~ Which? When? Reliability?

Decision points ~

Info req'd to guide tx

Baseline

Pt request

Buy-in ~ pt/fam

"Proof" ~ Ins/occup/landlord

Comfort w existing models

Accuracy

Cost

Reassess tx progress

Diagnostics ~ Tier 1

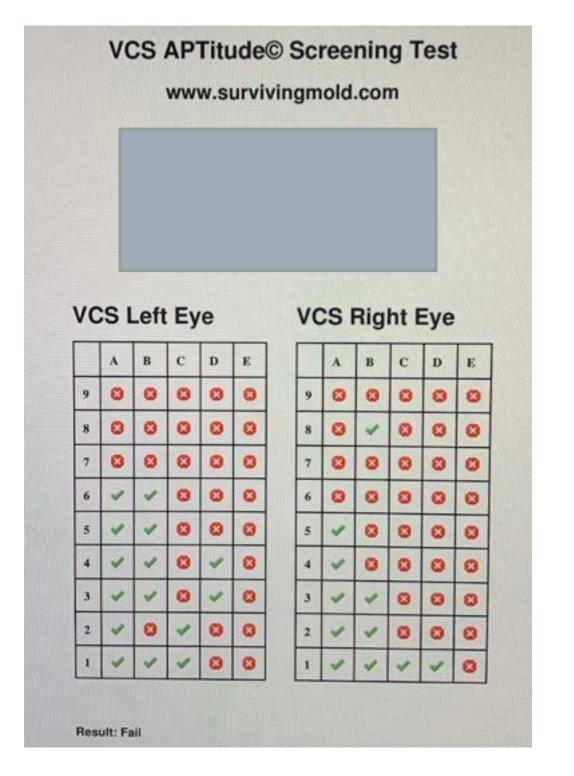
Tier 1 purpose - is it mold? DIRECT

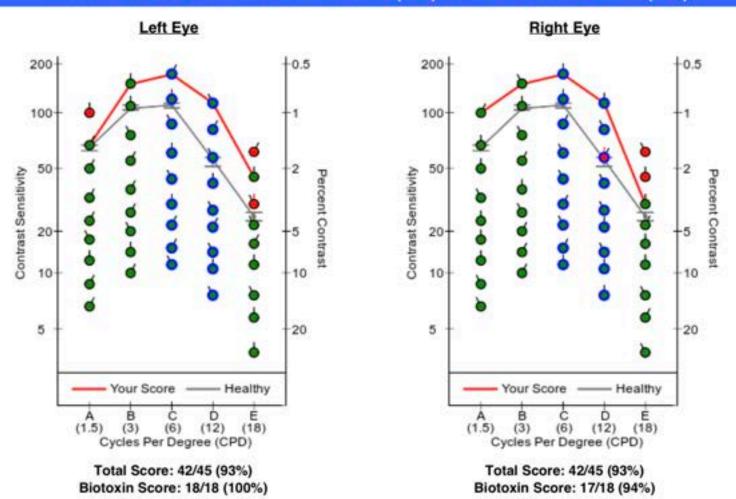
Urine mycotoxin - LC/MS

Comprehensive stool test

INDIRECT+HIGH CORRELATION Visual Contrast Sensitivity (VCS) Serum mycotoxin antibody Urine mycotoxin - ELISA Organic acids test NK cell function (diff than total) Lytic units, <7 abn Quest

NK cell total (freq normal)





RESULTS: NEGATIVE · TOTAL SCORE: 84/90 (93%) · BIOTOXIN SCORE: 35/36 (97%)

VCStest.com *calibrate screen first!* Technically pass/fail but the higher the score the better.

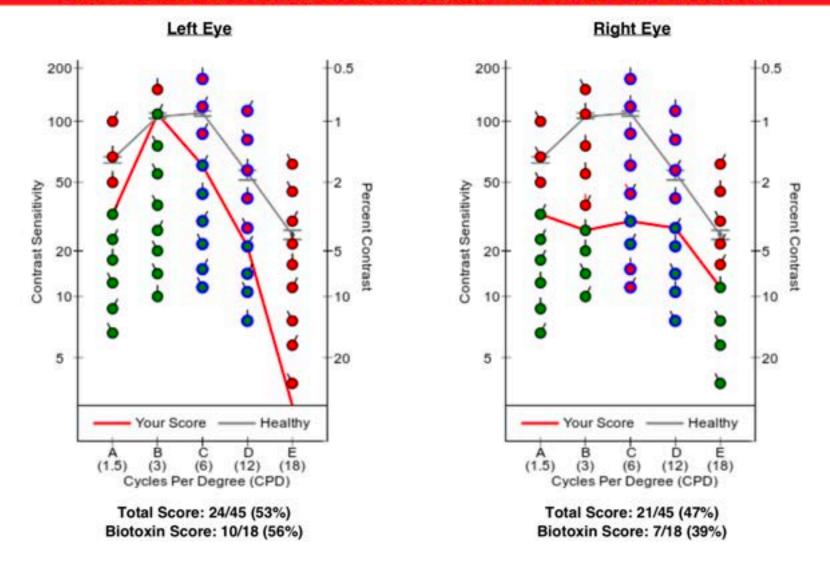
The maximum biotoxin score is 18 in each eye and 36 for both eyes.

Columns A, B, - green is good, red means lack of ability to see the contrast (nutritional, glyphosate, SIBO)

Columns C, D - blue is good (mold/biotoxin illness, insect venom, cyanobacteria, dinoflagellates-esp Pfiesteria and Ciguatera, Lyme+coinfections, parasites, tobacco use*, some VOCs)

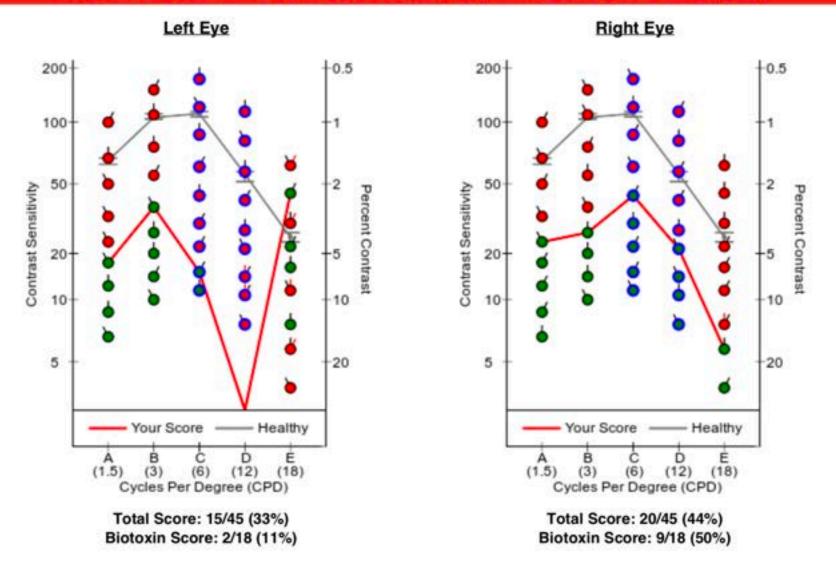
Column E - green is good (biotoxin, metals, tobacco use*, alcohol, lead, VOCs, age, low socioeconomic status) Columns D, E - worse with Herx, detox

RESULTS: POSITIVE · TOTAL SCORE: 45/90 (50%) · BIOTOXIN SCORE: 17/36 (47%)



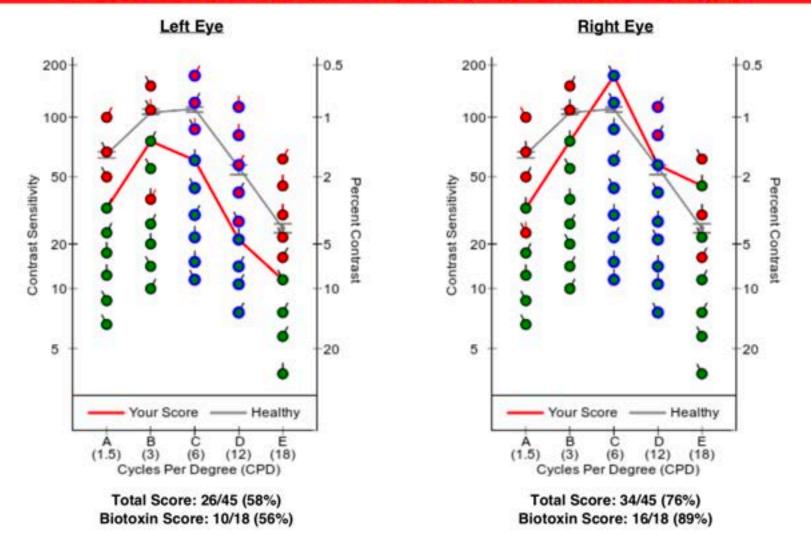
Mold-Lyme combo at Dx

RESULTS: POSITIVE · TOTAL SCORE: 35/90 (39%) · BIOTOXIN SCORE: 11/36 (31%)



Lyme pt Herxed and d/c every antibiotic round. We then found mold.





Same pt 4 months after treating mold and added Lyme herbs.

| | Organic Acids Te | st - Nutri | itional and Metabolic Profile |
|---------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------|------------------|----------------------------------------------|
| Metabolic Markers in Urine | Reference Range (mmol/mol creatinine) | Patient Value | Reference Population - Males Age 13 and Over |
| Intestinal Microbial Overg | prowth | | |
| Yeast and Fungal Markers | | | |
| 1 Citramalic | 0.11 - 2.0 | 0.48 | 0.48 |
| 2 5-Hydroxymethyl-2-furoic (Aspergillus) | ≤ 18 | H 22 | |
| 3 3-Oxoglutaric | ≤ 0.1 | 1 H 0.19 | 0.19 |
| 4 Furan-2,5-dicarboxylic Aspergillus) | ≤ 13 | H 20 | |
| 5 Furancarbonylglycine Aspergillus) | ≤ 2.3 | 0.19 | Q.19 |
| 6 Tartaric (Aspergillus) | ≤ 5.3 | 1.7 | |
| 7 Arabinose | ≤ 20 | H 35 | 35 |
| 8 Carboxycitric | ≤ 20 | 0.29 | 0.29 |
| 9 Tricarballylic (Fusarium) | ≤ 0.5 | 68 0.46 | 0.46 |

2,4,5 ~ Aspergillus

4,5 ~ Colonization

6 ~ Aspergillus & Candida

9 ~ Fusarium

| Metabolic Markers in Urine | Reference Range (mmol/mol creatinine) | Patient Value | Reference Population - Males Age 13 and Over |
|----------------------------|------------------------------------------|------------------|----------------------------------------------|
| Oxalate Metabolites | | | |
| 19 Glyceric | 0.21 - 4 | .9 3.4 | 3.4 |
| 20 Glycolic | 18 - 8 | 1 78 | 78 |
| 21 Oxalic | 8.9 - 6 | 7 H 76 | 76 |

19, 20, 21 ~ Incr oxalate metabolites - yeast, mold, food

| Metabolic Markers in Urine | Reference Ran (mmol/mol creatin | - | Pati Val | ient ue | Reference Population - Females Age 13 and Over |
|-------------------------------------|------------------------------------|------|-------------|------------|-------------------------------------------------------|
| Indicators of Detoxification | n | | | | |
| Glutathione | | | | | |
| 58 Pyroglutamic # | 10 | - 33 | | 22 | 22 |
| Methylation, Toxic exposure | | | | | |
| 59 2-Hydroxybutyric ** | 0.03 | - 1. | B H | 13 | |
| Ammonia Excess | | | | | |
| 60 Orotic | 0.06 | - 0. | 54 (| 0.24 | Q24 |
| Aspartame, salicylates, or GI bacte | eria | | | | |
| 61 2-Hydroxyhippuric | | ≤ 1. | 3 (| 0.37 | Q.37 |

* A high value for this marker may indicate a Glutathione deficiency.

** High values may indicate methylation defects and/or toxic exposures.

58 ~ Glutathione status59 ~ Methylation ability

Tier 2 purpose - how bad is it? CBC

Fe-def anemia

↓WBC~relative↓lymph1neutr1eos

CMP

↑ALT, AST, GGT(↓GSH), ↑bilirubin,

↓GFR, ↓albumin, creatinine>1.0

Vit D (25-OH)↓

Vit D (1,25)↑ (↓Intracellular GSH?)

hs-CRP1

RBC glutathione↓

Urinalysis

+blood, yellow-brown/yellow-green(bili),

(-)leuko, 1urobilinogen

IgE mold + IgG/M/A candida *not useful for mycotoxins

- IgG/IgA total & subclasses
 - IgG subclass III def
 - potent pro-inflam aby
 - first to respond to viral infxn
 - gliotoxin (disulfide bonds)

Lymphocyte Subset Panel

- T- and B-cell total↓
- IL-6↑ → IL-10↑, TNF↑

ANA[†]

BDG (Fungitell) Quant*1

Galactomannan*1

Food allergy IgG/IgA (yeasts, peanuts, coffee, mushrooms, corn, potatoes, grains)

Kidney health

microalbumin/creatinine ratio>30 combo w creatinine>1=concern

ADH <1

Copeptin 4-14

EKG

2nd-degree AV block, atrial brady, supraventricular extrasystole, ventricular extrasystole

Genetic mold canary HLA DR/DQ DRB1, DQB1,DRB3-5 Detoxification snps

Tier 3 purpose ~ clarification

Shoemaker labs (next section)

SIBO breath test

Ferritin & clotting ~ mixed results

Venous blood gasses (no tourniquet!)

MCAS labs

Mayo ~ Urine 24-hr

MUST be chilled to certain temp asap

-Methylhistamine or MIA

-PGD-2

-17-Beta-PGF-2-alpha

Diff to get right, pre-arrange w lab

Not all have this capacity

First r/o mastocytosis w tryptase

Diagnostics ~ Differentials

B12 & MMA (B-12 def) Lyme & co-infections* Lung CA/Mesothelioma GI ~ UC/Crohn's Liver/kidney CA Other autoimmune dzs Celiac SLE Scleroderma Sjogren's MCAS Alzheimer's, Parkinson's Glaucoma ~ eye exam

Alcoholism

STORY | Not An Alcoholic

Man late 50s Dr suspects alcoholism Hi GGT, AST/ALT on the rise BS on the rise, chol dropping 115 Onset RUQ pain Episodes N/V Obese, pre-diabetic Worsening lethargy No alcohol ingestion, verified by wife Wife says lazy after kids moved out & got his man-cave Close door & use window air conditioner "always hot" Cool sanctuary, often falls asleep at his desk Window air conditioner was full of mold Mycotoxins mimicked alcohol

* * *

Mycotoxin Discussion

The Path of the Mycotoxin

In WDB exposure ~ Inspiration Absorption - sinus mucosa to lung alveoli Carried via blood Liver & Kidney Kidney - filtration Liver - bound to bile and delivered to lumen Left-over absorbed into lipid-rich tissue for later mgmt Why test urine? Filtrate of blood Why test serum?

Blood & serum antibody reactions

Note 1: Ingested mycotoxins may remain unbound in lumen Note 2: No data on mycotoxin secretion in sweat

Mycotoxin Detection Methods

The question is not which - it's if, when and how

Methods currently in use in US ~ Urine ELISA (enzyme-linked immunosorbent assay) Urine LC-MS (liquid chromatrography with mass spectrometry) Serum antibody (IgE, IgG)

Considerations ~ Which mycotoxins are tested? Pt's immune status Pt's liver & kidney health Pt's supplementation Cost, coverage Compare to previous test Practitioner comfort Lab - certifications, ongoing independent validations, and willingness to share validation results

Mycotoxin Controversy

Mostly driven by insurance companies

Source ~

Food - studies are mixed

Fat stores

Lifestyle - ie: smoking, coffee, alcohol

Certainly not WDBs

Except, levels have been shown to decrease with removal from WDB

Inducible ~

Independent case study

Urinary mycotoxins 110 fold, 4-6 hrs after

sauna tx

Courtesy Dr. Joseph Brewer

PMID: 28240164



International Journal of Environmental Research and Public Health



Review

Occurrence, Toxicity, and Analysis of Major Mycotoxins in Food

Ahmad Alshannaq^{1,2} and Jae-Hyuk Yu^{2,3,*}

- ¹ Department of Food Science, University of Wisconsin-Madison, 1550 Linden Drive, Madison, WI 53706, USA; alshannaq@wisc.edu
- ² Food Research Institute, University of Wisconsin-Madison, 1550 Linden Drive, Madison, WI 53706, USA
- ³ Department of Bacteriology, University of Wisconsin-Madison, 1550 Linden Drive, Madison, WI 53706, USA
- * Correspondence: jyu1@wisc.edu; Tel.: +1-608-262-4696

Academic Editor: Marcello Iriti Received: 15 May 2017; Accepted: 6 June 2017; Published: 13 June 2017

"Members of three fungal genera, Aspergillus, Fusarium, and Penicillium, are the major mycotoxin producers [in food].

While over 300 mycotoxins have been identified, six (aflatoxins, trichothecenes, zearalenone, fumonisins, ochratoxins, and patulin) are regularly found in food, posing unpredictable and ongoing food safety problems worldwide.

In addition to concerns over adverse effects from direct consumption of mycotoxin-contaminated foods and feeds, there is also public health concern over the potential ingestion of animal-derived food products, such as meat, milk, or eggs, containing residues or metabolites of mycotoxins."

| Mycotoxin | Fungal Species | Food Commodity | US FDA (µg/kg) | EU (EC 2006) (µg/kg) |
|------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------|
| Aflatoxins B1, B2, G1, G2 | Aspergillus flavus Aspergillus parasiticus | Maize, wheat, rice, peanut, sorghum, pistachio, almond, ground nuts, tree nuts, figs, cottonseed, spices | 20 for total | 2–12 for B1 4–15 for total |
| Aflatoxin M1 | Metabolite of aflatoxin B1 | Milk, milk Products | 0.5 | 0.05 in milk 0.025 in infant formulae and infant milk |
| Ochratoxin A | Aspergillus ochraceus Penicillium verrucosum Aspergillus carbonarius | Cereals, dried vine fruit, wine, grapes, coffee, cocoa, cheese | Not set | 2–10 |
| Fumonisins B1, B2, B3 | Fusarium verticillioides Fusarium proliferatum | Maize, maize, products, sorghum, asparagus | 2000-4000 | 200-1000 |
| Zearalenone | Fusarium graminearum Fusarium culmorum | Cereals, cereal products, maize, wheat, barley | Not set | 20-100 |
| Deoxynivalenol | Fusarium graminearum Fusarium culmorum | Cereals, cereal products | 1000 | 200–50 |
| Patulin | Penicillium expansum | Apples, apple juice, and concentrate | 50 | 10–50 |

Table 1. Major mycotoxins and US and EU limits on food and animal feed levels.

Mycotoxin Study

Sample ~

Urine, sputum, tissue biopsy (lung/liver/brain)

Mycotoxins tested ~

Aflatoxin, Ochratoxin, Trichothecenes, Gliotoxin

Findings ~

Normal controls ~ no detectable mycotoxins in

tissues or fluids

WDB pts ~ detectable mycotoxins, varying degrees in tissues and fluids

Why urine?

Adequate and reliable method to detect

mycotoxins (though may underreport

tricothecenes)

Least invasive

Lowest cost

Study limitation - author's possible conflict of interest

PMID: 19468319

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Contents lists available at ScienceDirect

Environmental Pollution

journal homepage: www.elsevier.com/locate/envpol

Determination of multiple mycotoxins in paired plasma and urine samples to assess human exposure in Nanjing, China*



Kai Fan ^{a, 1}, Juanjuan Xu ^{b, 1}, Keqiu Jiang ^a, Xing Liu ^a, Jiajia Meng ^a, José Diana Di Mavungu ^c, Wenbo Guo ^a, Zhiqi Zhang ^a, Jun Jing ^b, Hongru Li ^b, Bing Yao ^b, Hui Li ^d, Zhihui Zhao ^a, Zheng Han ^{a, *}

* Institute for Agro-food Standards and Testing Technology, Shanghai Key Laboratory of Protected Horticultural Technology, Shanghai Academy of Agricultural Sciences, Shanghai, 201403, China

^b Reproductive Medical Center, Nanjing Jinling Hospital, Nanjing University, School of Medicine, Nanjing, Jiangsu, 210002, China

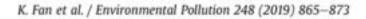
^c Laboratory of Food Analysis, Department of Bio-analysis, Faculty of Pharmaceutical Sciences, Ghent University, Ottergemsesteenweg 460, 9000, Ghent, Belgium

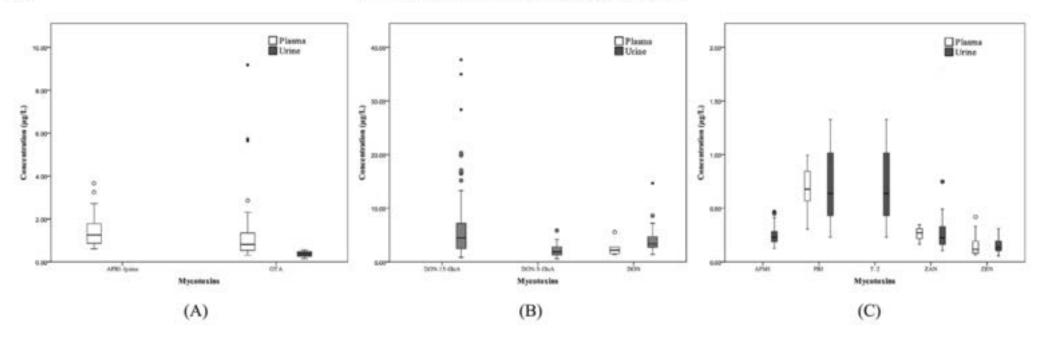
^d Department of Plant, Soil and Microbial Sciences, Michigan State University, East Lansing, MI, 48824, USA

"This study was conducted to investigate mycotoxin exposure in 260 rural residents (age 18-66 years; mean age 36.9 years, average BMI was 23.0kg/m2) in Nanjing, China. All participants were healthy and free from chronic diseases.

Paired plasma and first morning urine samples were analyzed for 26 mycotoxin biomarkers, including 12 parent mycotoxins and 14 mycotoxin metabolites, by an ultra-high-performance liquid chromatography tandem mass spectrometry (UHPLC-MS/MS) method.

Individuals with previous medical records indicating liver, kidney or other metabolic problems were excluded from this study. "

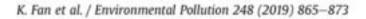


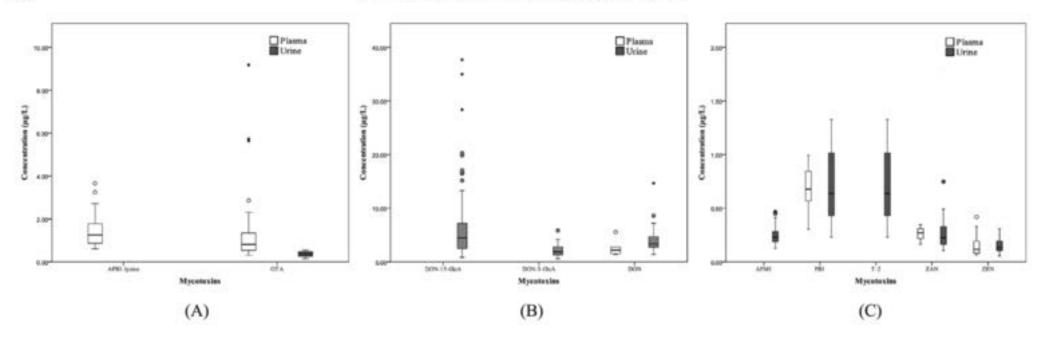


"In the *plasma* samples, [95 out of 260] 36.5% of samples were found to contain mycotoxins.

OTA was the most prevalent one (incidence of 27.7%) and its concentration ranged from 0.312 to 9.18mg/L.

AFB1-lysine, FB1, DON, ZEN and ZAN were also detected in plasma with incidences of 19.6%, 2.7%, 2.3%, 6.5% and 1.2%, respectively."





"In the *urine* samples, one or more mycotoxins were detected in144 out of 260 (55.4%) participants.

DON-15-GlcA (incidence of 43.8%), a urinary metabolite of DON, was the most abundant mycotoxin in urine samples; its concentration ranged from 0.828 to 37.7mg/L(0.694e37.3mg/g Cr).

AFM1,OTA,FB1, T-2, DON, DON-3-GlcA, ZENand ZAN were detected in 10.4%, 1.2%, 3.1%, 2.3%, 10.0%, 15.8%, 6.9% and 7.7% of the urine samples, respectively.

868

Does Gender Matter?

"42.7% were female and 57.3% were male. There was no significant difference in age and BMI between males and females (p > 0.05).

The incidence and concentration of mycotoxins in males and females were slightly different.

Compared to females, males presented higher levels of plasma FB1, plasma DON, urinary T-2, urinary DON-3-GlcA, urinary DON-15-GlcA, and urinary ZEN,

but lower levels of plasma AFB1-lysine, plasma ZEN, urinary OTA, urinary DON and urinary ZAN.

However, the differences of the mean mycotoxin concentrations between male and female were not significant (p>0.05)."

Urine ELISA Mycotoxin

Established use for 15 years

Indirect measure

The idea - due to the body's ability to modify mycotoxins, antigen detection vs molecular matching will catch more metabolites and give a better view of body burden

Strengths ~

Detect both the mycotoxin in pure form and metabolites of mycotoxins due to common antigens on most

modified forms

Levels correlate to symptoms in majority of my patients ("bell-curve")

Challenges ~

Not controlled for creatinine

Antigen selection by lab

Non-specific reactions (aka background noise) w poss

false-positives

Varying accuracy for pts w issues detoxing and excreting

Doesn't help answer the question of whether currently

being exposed

Unknown degree of contamination via ingestion

Urine LC-Mass Spect Mycotoxin

Gold standard for small molecules

Direct measure

The idea - molecular identification as direct detection of the presence in the urine

Strengths ~

Controlled for creatinine

Specific metabolites of mycotoxins can be tested and reported as an individual finding, then grouped for a bigger picture

Levels correlate to symptoms in majority of my patients ("bell-curve")

Challenges ~

Some of the molecules are similar in structure, peak

together, leading to possible cross-reporting

May miss metabolites if not specifically identified as a structure to monitor

Extraction method to prep sample varies

Varying accuracy for pts w issues detoxing and excreting

Doesn't help answer the question of whether currently being exposed

Unknown degree of contamination via ingestion

Serum Mycotoxin Antibody

New kid on the block commercially

Indirect measure

The idea - the meer presence of a mycotoxin not as important as knowing what the body thinks about it

Strengths ~

Not an excretion test

Detection of metabolites of mycotoxins that

share common antigens

IgE helps to answer whether it's a current exposure

Challenges ~

Antigen selection by lab

May miss metabolites if antigens have been

modified

Immune status of the pt

IgG remains positive for up to 6 months

Unknown degree of contamination via ingestion





Article

Mycotoxin Analysis of Human Urine by LC-MS/MS: A Comparative Extraction Study

Laura Escrivá, Lara Manyes 🥯, Guillermina Font and Houda Berrada * 🧐

Laboratory of Food Chemistry and Toxicology, Faculty of Pharmacy, University of Valencia, Av. Vicent Andres Estelles s/n, 46100 Burjassot, Spain; laura.escriva@uv.es (L.E.);lara.manyes@uv.es (L.M.); guillermina.font@uv.es (G.F.)

* Correspondence: houda.berrada@uv.es; Tel.: +34-963-544-117

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"Three extraction methods, namely salting-out liquid–liquid extraction (SALLE), miniQuEChERS (quick, easy, cheap, effective, rugged, and safe), and dispersive liquid–liquid microextraction (DLLME), were evaluated and compared based on analytical parameters for the quantitative LC-MS/MS measurement of 11 mycotoxins (AFB1, AFB2, AFG1, AFG2, OTA, ZEA, BEA, EN A, EN B, EN A1 and EN B1) in human urine.

DLLME was selected as the most appropriate methodology, as it produced better validation results for recovery (79–113%), reproducibility (RSDs < 12%), and repeatability (RSDs < 15%)

Random Urine Adequate?

Comparison study, in-house

LC-MS method

Creatinine controlled

3 variations ~

First-morning, 6 hour, 24 hour

Results ~

Positives remained positive Negatives remained negative Values not necessarily the same, varied by mycotoxin

Split Sample - Mass Spect vs ELISA



| K Code | Test | Specimen | Value | Result | Not Present if less than | Equivocal if between | Present if greater or equal |
|-----------|--------------------------------------|----------|----------------|----------------|-----------------------------|-------------------------|-----------------------------|
| E8501 | Ochratoxin A | Urine | 1.10000 ppb | Not Present | 1.8 ppb | 1.8-2.0 ppb | 2.0 ppb |
| E8502 | Aflatoxin Group (B1,B2,G1.G2) | Urine | 1.07600 ppb | Present | 0.8 ppb | 0.8-1.0 ppb | 1.0 ppb |
| E8503 | Trichothecene Group (Macrocyclic) | Urine | 0.07400 ppb | Present | 0.02 ppb | 0.02-0.03 ppb | 0.03 ppb |
| E8510 | Gliotoxin Derivative | Urine | 1.62100 ppb | Present | 0.5 ppb | 0.5-1.0 ppb | 1.0 ppb |

More symptomatic identical twin. No glutathione. No sweating. No creatine.

Split Sample - Mass Spect vs ELISA

| Metabolite | Results (ng/g creatinine) | C | ommon Range of P | ositive Results |
|------------------|------------------------------|-------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------|
| Aflatoxin-M1 | 0.415 | 1.3 - 3 | | S CHIRDREN SHE |
| | | | ▲ 1.3 | 3 . |
| Ochratoxin A | 5.27 | 1.2 - 5 | Survey of the local division of the local di | |
| | | | ▲ 1.2 | 5 . |
| Sterigmatocystin | 0 | 0.1 - 2.25 | | |
| | | | ▲ 0.1 | 2.25 🔺 |
| Zearalenone | 1.52 | 0.5 - 2 | - | |
| | | | ▲ 0.5 | 2 🔺 |
| Roridin E | 0 | 0.75 - 2.25 | - 1998 | |
| | | | ▲ 0.75 | 2.25 🔺 |
| Verrucarin A | 0 | 0.5 - 1.2 | | |
| | | | ▲ 0.5 | 1.2 ▲ |
| Enniatin B | 0 | 0.09 - 0.45 | | COURSE MANAGEMENT |
| | | | ▲ 0.09 | 0.45 🔺 |

| Code | Test | Specimen | Value | Result | Not Present if less than | Equivocal if between | Present if greater or equal |
|-------|--------------------------------------|----------|----------------|----------------|-----------------------------|-------------------------|-----------------------------|
| E8501 | Ochratoxin A | Urine | 1.51000 ppb | Not Present | 1.8 ppb | 1.8-2.0 ppb | 2.0 ppb |
| E8502 | Aflatoxin Group (B1,B2,G1.G2) | Urine | 1.02700 ppb | Present | 0.8 ppb | 0.8-1.0 ppb | 1.0 ppb |
| E8503 | Trichothecene Group (Macrocyclic) | Urine | 0.08100 ppb | Present | 0.02 ppb | 0.02-0.03 ppb | 0.03 ppb |
| E8510 | Gliotoxin Derivative | Urine | 1.83100 ppb | Present | 0.5 ppb | 0.5-1.0 ppb | 1.0 ppb |

Less symptomatic identical twin. Taking glutathione + creatine. Exercises.

Questions Raised

Controlling for creatinine ~ Does this explain the differences in OTA results? To what degree does creatine supp affect creatinine clearance?

Sweating/exercise ~

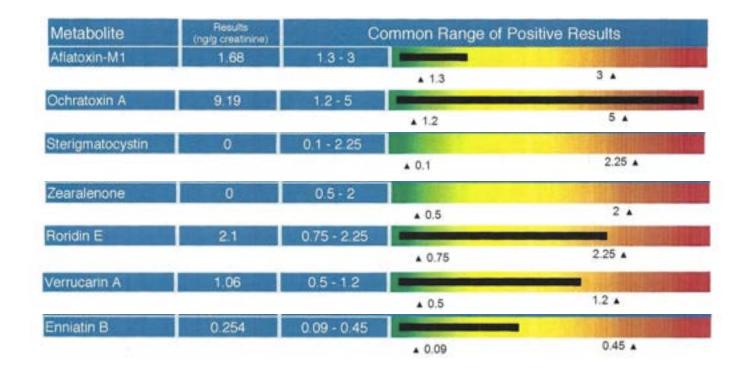
Was twin 2 more detoxed bc of exercise? Are the results of mass spect falsely lower bc of "detox bolus" the night before when worked out?...OR...

Glutathione administration ~ Falsely lower the mass spect results?

Is the bigger issue "normal ranges"? How are these determined? ie: OTA 1.10 (1.8-2.0) vs 9.19 (1.2-5.0) ie: OTA 1.51 (1.8-2.0) vs 5.27 (1.2-5.0)

Is there such a thing as a test with all zeros? (*answer - YES*!)

Split Sample - Baseline Twin 1



| K Code | Test | Specimen | Value | Result | Not Present if less than | Equivocal if between | Present if greater or equal |
|-----------|--------------------------------------|----------|----------------|----------------|-----------------------------|-------------------------|-----------------------------|
| E8501 | Ochratoxin A | Urine | 1.10000 ppb | Not Present | 1.8 ppb | 1.8-2.0 ppb | 2.0 ppb |
| E8502 | Aflatoxin Group (B1,B2,G1.G2) | Urine | 1.07600 ppb | Present | 0.8 ppb | 0.8-1.0 ppb | 1.0 ppb |
| E8503 | Trichothecene Group (Macrocyclic) | Urine | 0.07400 ppb | Present | 0.02 ppb | 0.02-0.03 ppb | 0.03 ppb |
| E8510 | Gliotoxin Derivative | Urine | 1.62100 ppb | Present | 0.5 ppb | 0.5-1.0 ppb | 1.0 ppb |

More symptomatic identical twin. No glutathione. No sweating. No creatine.

Split Sample - Mass Spect Methods

| Metabolite | Results | Normal Range * | Abnormal Range |
|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------|----------------|-------------------------------|
| | (ng/g creatinine) | | 2000 2000 2000 2000 500 500 7 |
| ergillus | | | |
| Aflatoxin-M1 | 0.00 | < 0.5 | |
| | | | 0.5 |
| Ochratoxin A | 10.93 | < 7.5 | |
| | | | 7.5 |
| Gliotoxin | 0.00 | < 200 | |
| | | | 200 |
| icillum | | | |
| Sterigmatocystin | 0.00 | < 0.4 | |
| Company and the state of the st | | | |
| | | | 0.4 |
| Mycophenolic Acid | 0.00 | < 37.4 | 0.4 |
| | 0.00 | < 37.4 | . 0.4 . 37.4 |
| | 0.00 | < 37.4 | |
| Mycophenolic Acid | 0.00 | < 37.4 | |
| Mycophenolic Acid | | < 37.4 | |

More symptomatic identical twin. 1 year later.

Split Sample - Mass Spect Methods

| Metabolite | Results (ng/g creatinine) | Normal Range | * | Abnormal Range |
|------------------|------------------------------|--------------|-------------|----------------|
| Verrucarin A | 0.00 | < 1.3 | | |
| ium | | | ▲ 1.3 | |
| ium | | | | |
| Enniatin B | 0.00 | < 0.3 | | |
| | | | ▲ 0.3 | |
| Zearalenone | 0.00 | < 3.2 | | |
| | | | ▲ 3.2 | |
| tomium globosum | | | | |
| Chaetoglobosin A | 0.00 | < 10 | | |
| | | | ▲ 10 | |
| ole Mold Species | | | | |

| Citrinin (Dihydrocitrinone DHC) | < 25.00 | < 25 | |
|------------------------------------|---------|------|------|
| e | | | ▲ 25 |

| | | w | | | | |
|------------------------------------|--------------|---------------|-----------|-------|------------------|-------------------|
| Test Name | Species Name | In Control | Moderate | High | Current Level | Previous Level |
| diacetoxyscirpenol (DAS) (ng/g) | Fusarium | ≤3.20 | 3.21~6.40 | ≥6.41 | 14.07 | |

| | | - | | _ | | |
|----------------------------|---------------------------------------|---------------|-------------|--------|------------------|-------------------|
| Test Name | Species Name | In Control | Moderate | High | Current Level | Previous Level |
| Ochratoxin A (ng/g) | Aspergillus, Penicillium | ≤5.10 | 5.11-10.20 | ≥10.21 | 7.55 | 1 |
| Dihydrocitrinone (ng/g) | Aspergillus, Penicillium, Monascus | ≤12.40 | 12.41~24.80 | ≥24.81 | 23.30 | |
| Roridin A (ng/g) | Stachybotrys chartarum | ≤5.70 | 5.71-11.40 | ≥11.41 | 6.37 | |

Building Test Results

ALL CLEAR currently!

But had moved 4 mo prior from place with Fusarium in HVAC.

Split Sample - Baseline Twin 2

| Metabolite | Results (ng/g creatinine) | Co | mmon Range of P | ositive Results |
|------------------|------------------------------|-------------|-----------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Aflatoxin-M1 | 0.415 | 1.3 - 3 | | STOPPORT ST |
| | | | A 1.3 | 3 . |
| Ochratoxin A | 5.27 | 1.2 - 5 | Succession of the local division of the | Contraction of the local division of the loc |
| | | | ▲ 1.2 | 5 🔺 |
| Sterigmatocystin | 0 | 0.1 - 2.25 | 100 | A CONTRACTOR OF THE OWNER |
| | | | ▲ 0.1 | 2.25 🔺 |
| Zearalenone | 1.52 | 0.5 - 2 | - | |
| | | | ▲ 0.5 | 2 🔺 |
| Roridin E | 0 | 0.75 - 2.25 | 1.500 | the second second |
| | | | ▲ 0.75 | 2.25 ▲ |
| Verrucarin A | 0 | 0.5 - 1.2 | | |
| | | | ▲ 0.5 | 1.2 🔺 |
| Enniatin B | 0 | 0.09 - 0.45 | | |
| | | | ▲ 0.09 | 0.45 🔺 |

| Code | Test | Specimen | Value | Result | Not Present if less than | Equivocal if between | Present if greater or equal |
|-------|--------------------------------------|----------|----------------|----------------|-----------------------------|-------------------------|-----------------------------|
| E8501 | Ochratoxin A | Urine | 1.51000 ppb | Not Present | 1.8 ppb | 1.8-2.0 ppb | 2.0 ppb |
| E8502 | Aflatoxin Group (B1,B2,G1.G2) | Urine | 1.02700 ppb | Present | 0.8 ppb | 0.8-1.0 ppb | 1.0 ppb |
| E8503 | Trichothecene Group (Macrocyclic) | Urine | 0.08100 ppb | Present | 0.02 ppb | 0.02-0.03 ppb | 0.03 ppb |
| E8510 | Gliotoxin Derivative | Urine | 1.83100 ppb | Present | 0.5 ppb | 0.5-1.0 ppb | 1.0 ppb |

Less symptomatic identical twin. Taking glutathione + creatine. Exercises.

| Creatinine Value: | 184.83 mg/dl | | |
|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------|--------------|------------------|
| Metabolite | Results (ng/g creatinine) | Normal Range | * Abnormal Range |
| pergillus | | | |
| Aflatoxin-M1 | 0.00 | < 0.5 | |
| | | | ▲ 0.5 |
| Ochratoxin A | 15.31 | < 7.5 | |
| and the second | | | ▲ 7.5 |
| Gliotoxin | 0.00 | < 200 | |
| | | | ▲ 200 |
| nicillum | | | |
| Sterigmatocystin | 0.00 | < 0.4 | |
| | | | ▲ 0.4 |
| Mycophenolic Acid | 59.77 | < 37.4 | |
| | | | ▲ 37.4 |
| chybotrys | | | |
| Roridin E | 0.00 | < 0.2 | |
| | | | ▲ 0.2 |

Less symptomatic identical twin. 1 year later. But now new sxs.

| Metabolite | Results (ng/g creatinine) | Normal Range * | Abnormal Range |
|---------------------|------------------------------|----------------|----------------|
| Verrucarin A | 0.00 | < 1.3 | |
| sarium | | ▲ 1.3 | |
| Enniatin B | 0.00 | < 0.3 | |
| 7 | 0.00 | ▲ 0.3 | |
| Zearalenone | 0.00 | < 3.2 | |
| aetomium globosum | | ▲ 3.2 | |
| Chaetoglobosin A | 0.00 | < 10 | |
| Itiple Mold Species | | ▲ 10 | |

| Citrinin (Dihydrocitrinone DHC) | 0.00 | < 25 | | |
|------------------------------------|------|------|------|--|
| | | | ▲ 25 | |

| Aycotoxins - Moderate | | | | | | | |
|-----------------------|--------------------------|---------------|------------|--------|------------------|-------------------|--|
| Test Name | Species Name | In Control | Moderate | High | Current Level | Previous Level | |
| Ochratoxin A (ng/g) | Aspergillus, Penicillium | ≤5.10 | 5.11~10.20 | ≥10.21 | 7.03 | Ĩ. | |
| Fumonisins B1 (ng/g) | Fusarium | ≤4.60 | 4.61~9.20 | ≥9.21 | 7.71 | | |

Building Test Results

Fusarium in HVAC

Asp/Pen in flooring around bathroom shower

More Questions Raised

MPA ~

Not only from Pen. Also from Asp. Reporting on both labs confusing linkage to only Pen.

Why high on one but not the other? What is the population norm for MPA?

Is second method catching more because of expanded metabolites?

Urine Mycotoxin Split Sample

| Metabolite | Results (ng/g creatinine) | Co | mmon Range of Po | ositive Results |
|-----------------------|------------------------------|-------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| Aflatoxin-M1 | 0.224 | 1.3 - 3 | | |
| | | | A 1.3 | 3 🔺 |
| Ochratoxin A | 3.58 | 1.2 - 5 | The rest of the local division in which the rest of the local division in which the rest of the local division in which the rest of the local division in | |
| | | | ▲ 1.2 | 5 🔺 |
| Sterigmatocystin | 0 | 0.1 - 2.25 | | |
| | | | ▲ 0.1 | 2.25 🔺 |
| Zearalenone | 0 | 0.5 - 2 | The second second | |
| | | | ▲ 0.5 | 2 🔺 |
| Roridin E | 0 | 0.75 - 2.25 | A COLORING COLORING | |
| | | | ▲ 0.75 | 2.25 🔺 |
| Verrucarin A | 0 | 0.5 - 1.2 | 1000000 | |
| an and a state of the | | | ▲ 0.5 | 1.2 . |
| Enniatin B | 0.522 | 0.09 - 0.45 | - | Contraction of the other particular |
| | | | ▲ 0.09 | 0.45 🔺 |

Results:

| Code | Test | Specimen | Value | Result | Not Present if less than | Equivocal if between | Present if greater or equal |
|-------|--------------------------------------|----------|----------------|----------------|-----------------------------|-------------------------|--------------------------------|
| E8501 | Ochratoxin A | Urine | 1.55300 ppb | Not Present | 1.8 ppb | 1.8-2.0 ppb | 2.0 ppb |
| E8502 | Aflatoxin Group (B1,B2,G1.G2) | Urine | 0.80500 ppb | Equivocal | 0.8 ppb | 0.8-1.0 ppb | 1.0 ppb |
| E8503 | Trichothecene Group (Macrocyclic) | Urine | 0.07200 ppb | Present | 0.02 ppb | 0.02-0.03 ppb | 0.03 ppb |
| E8510 | Gliotoxin Derivative | Urine | 1.42100 ppb | Present | 0.5 ppb | 0.5-1.0 ppb | 1.0 ppb |

+Candida on stool testing. Taking EFAs+curcumin+resveratrol+milk thistle.

Questions Raised

To what degree does Candida overgrowth alter urine mycotoxin labs?

Gliotoxin also formed from Candida

Are Candida/Rhodotorula cause or protective effect of mold exposure?

Which mycotoxins are detoxed with which natural remedies?

Mycotoxin Negative but Mold-Sick

Not testing all mycotoxins

Confounding factors before sample~

Random urine

Exercise

Sauna

Glutathione admin

Acute viral challenge

Exposure duration too limited

Intimate contact/parental toxification

Glutathione Pre-Assessment

Organic Acids Test (OAT)

| Metabolic Markers in Urine | Reference Range (mmol/mol creatinine) | | Patient Value | Reference Population - Females Age 13 and Over |
|-----------------------------------|------------------------------------------|--------|------------------|------------------------------------------------|
| Indicators of Detoxification | on | | | |
| Glutathione | | | | |
| 58 Pyroglutamic * | 10 | - 33 | 22 | 22 |
| Methylation, Toxic exposure | | | | |
| 59 2-Hydroxybutyric ** | 0.03 | - 1.8 | H 13 | 13 |
| Ammonia Excess | | | | |
| 60 Orotic | 0.06 | - 0.54 | 0.24 | 0.24 |
| Aspartame, salicylates, or GI bac | teria | | | |
| 61 2-Hydroxyhippuric | | ≤ 1.3 | 0.37 | Q.37 |

* A high value for this marker may indicate a Glutathione deficiency.

** High values may indicate methylation defects and/or toxic exposures.

RBC Glutathione (not whole blood)

| Glutathione | ; Erythrocyt | es | |
|--------------|--------------|-----------------|--------------------------------------|
| Glutathione* | Within | Outside 1093 | Reference Range] > 1100 μmoles/L |

Urine Mycotoxin Pre-Testing Guidelines

2 days minimum before test ~

Avoid ingestion of mold/mycotoxin containing foods, bevs, supps, meds Avoid binders

To provoke or not? If so, how?

Do not fast more than physiological

Morning of test ~

Collect first-morning's urine

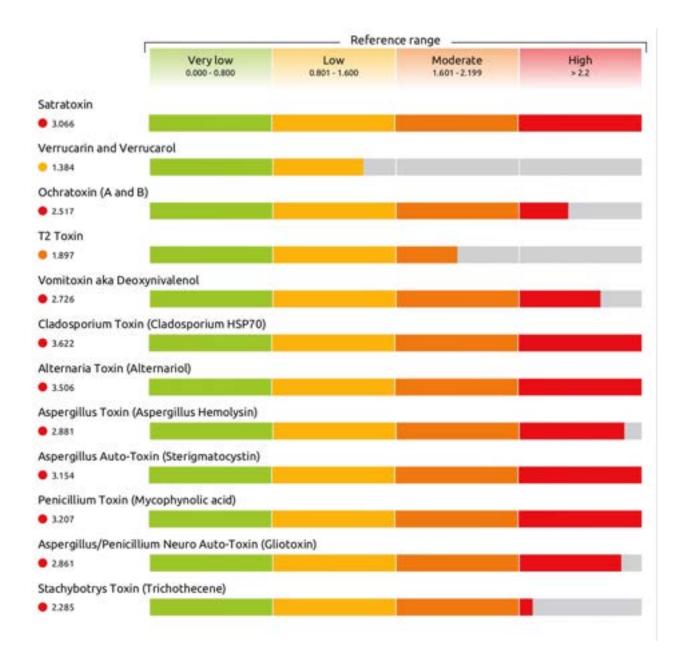
Avoid food/water prior

Avoid exercise

Avoid intercourse

Avoid sauna and hot shower

Serum Mycotoxin Antibody



Serum Mycotoxin - Urine Mycotoxin LC-MS

| Creatinine Value: | 86.60 mg/dl | (| | | | | |
|-------------------|------------------------------|-----------------------|----------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------|----------------|----------------|
| Metabolite | Results (hg/g creatinine) | Normal Range + | Abnormal Range | Metabolite | Results (ngig creatinine) | Normal Range + | Abnormal Range |
| pergillus | | | | Vernucarin A | 0.00 | <1.3 | |
| Aflatesin-M1 | 0.00 | < 0.5 | | to the second seco | 0.00 | 5.14 | |
| | 1000 | A 9.5 | | Fusarium | | A 13 | |
| Ochratexin A | 18.14 | <7.5 | | 50 | | | |
| | | A 7.5 | | Enniatin 8 | 0.00 | < 0.3 | |
| Gliatoxin | 0.00 | < 200 | | 1 | | 4.83 | |
| | 1000 C | ▲ 200 | | Zearalenone | 117,76 | < 3.2 | |
| nicillum | | | | | | A 32 | |
| Sterigmatocystin | 0.00 | < 0.4 | | Chaetomium globosum | | | |
| | | and the second second | | Chaetoglobosin A | 0.00 | < 10 | |
| Mycophenolic Acid | 50.85 | < 37.4 | | | | | |
| | 10103000 | | | Multiple Mold Species | | A 10 | |
| achybotrys | | A 37.4 | | the second s | | | |
| Raridin E | 0.00 | <0.2 | | (Dihydrocitrinone DHC) | 0.00 | < 25 | |
| Contrast a | 0.00 | | | | | A 25 | |
| | | ± 62 | | | | | |

Serum Mycotoxin Antibody

| - | Reference range | | | | | | |
|--------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------|---------------------------|-------------|--|--|--|
| 1 | Very low 0.000 - 0.800 | Low 0.801 - 1.600 | Moderate 1.601 - 2.199 | High ≻22 | | | |
| Satratoxin | | | | | | | |
| 0.846 | | | | | | | |
| Verrucarin and Verrucar | ol | | | | | | |
| 0.672 | | | | | | | |
| Ochratoxin (A and B) | | | | | | | |
| 0.598 | | | | | | | |
| T2 Toxin | | | | | | | |
| 0.865 | and the second | | | | | | |
| Vomitoxin aka Deoxyniv | alenol | | | | | | |
| • 3.647 | | | | | | | |
| Cladosporium Toxin (Cla | adosporium HSP70) | | | | | | |
| 0.526 | | | | | | | |
| Alternaria Toxin (Altern | ariol) | | | | | | |
| 0.65 | | | | | | | |
| Aspergillus Toxin (Aspe | rgillus Hemolysin) | | | | | | |
| 01.069 | 1 | | | | | | |
| Aspergillus Auto-Toxin | Sterigmatocystin) | | | | | | |
| 0.729 | | | | | | | |
| Penicillium Toxin (Myco | phynolic acid) | | | | | | |
| 0.928 | | | | | | | |
| Aspergillus/Penicillium | Neuro Auto-Toxin (Gli | iotoxin) | | | | | |
| 0.855 | | | | | | | |
| Stachybotrys Toxin (Tric | hothecene) | | | | | | |
| 0.791 | | | | | | | |

Serum Mycotoxin Antibody

| | Reference range | | | | | | | |
|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------|----------------------|---------------------------|-------------|--|--|--|--|
| | Very low 0.000 - 0.800 | Low 0.801 - 1.600 | Moderate 1.601 - 2.199 | High >22 | | | | |
| Satratoxin | | | | | | | | |
| 0.576 | | | | | | | | |
| Verrucarin and Verru | ucarol | | | | | | | |
| 0.658 | | | | | | | | |
| Ochratoxin (A and B) |) | | | | | | | |
| 0.679 | | | | | | | | |
| T2 Toxin | | | | | | | | |
| 0.595 | | | | | | | | |
| Vomitoxin aka Deoxy | ynivalenol | | | | | | | |
| 01.177 | | | | | | | | |
| Cladosporium Toxin | (Cladosporium HSP70) | | | | | | | |
| 0.741 | | | | | | | | |
| Alternaria Toxin (Alt | ernariol) | | | | | | | |
| 0.843 | | | | | | | | |
| 100000000000000000000000000000000000000 | spergillus Hemolysin) | | | | | | | |
| -1.047 | | | | | | | | |
| | kin (Sterigmatocystin) | | | | | | | |
| 0.414 | | | | | | | | |
| Penicillium Toxin (M) | ycophynolic acid) | | | | | | | |
| 0.516 | | | | | | | | |
| AN ADDRESS AND ADDRESS AND ADDRESS ADDR | um Neuro Auto-Toxin (GI | iotoxin) | | | | | | |
| 0.663 | | | | | | | | |
| Stachybotrys Toxin (| Trichothecene) | | | | | | | |
| 0.593 | | | | | | | | |



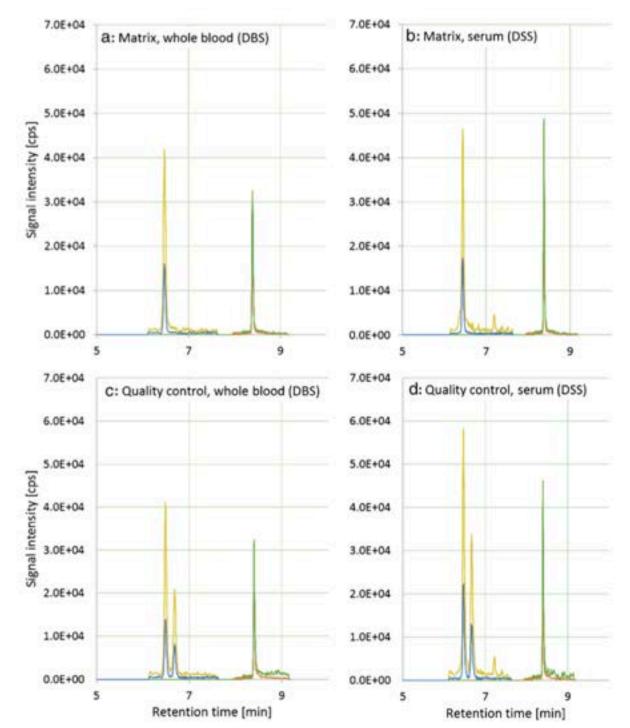
RESEARCH PAPER

Multi-mycotoxin analysis using dried blood spots and dried serum spots

Bernd Osteresch¹ · Susana Viegas^{2,3} · Benedikt Cramer¹ · Hans-Ulrich Humpf¹

"HPLC-MS/MS detection was used for the analysis of dried serum spots (DSS) and dried blood spots (DBS).

Detection of aflatoxins (AFB1, AFB2, AFG1, AFG2, AFM1), trichothecenes (deoxynivalenol, DON; DON-3-glucoronic acid, DON-3-GlcA; T-2; HT-2; and HT-2-4-GlcA), fumonisin B1 (FB1), ochratoxins (OTA and its thermal degradation product 2'R-OTA; OTα; 10- hydroxychratoxin A, 10-OH-OTA), citrinin (CIT and its urinary metabolite dihydrocitrinone, DH-CIT), zearalenone and zearalanone (ZEN, ZAN), altenuene (ALT), alternariols (AOH; alternariol monomethyl ether, AME), enniatins (EnA, EnA1, EnB, EnB1) and beauvericin (Bea) was validated for two matrices, serum (DSS), and whole blood (DBS). Fig. 2 Extracted ion chromatograms of OTA/2'R-OTA (vellow transition m/z 404.1 → 239.0, blue transition m/z $404.1 \rightarrow 102.0$) and EnB (green transition m/z 640.4 \rightarrow 196.2. orange transition m/z 662.4 → 336.3) in whole blood (a and c) and serum (b and d). a, b Analyte signals for the used matrix solutions containing 0.291 ng/mL OTA and 0.0349 ng/mL EnB. c, d A real sample which was used as quality control sample containing 0.283 ng/mL OTA, 0.193 ng/mL 2'R OTA, and 0.0366 ng/mL EnB

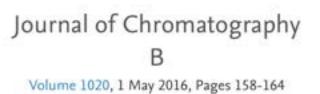


For most analytes, LOQs (limit of quantitation) in the lower pg/mL range and excellent recovery rate were achieved using matrix-matched calibration.

Besides validation of the method, the analyte stability in DBS and DSS was also investigated. Stability is a main issue for some analytes when the dried samples are stored under common conditions at room temperature.

This methodical study establishes a validated multi-mycotoxin approach for the detection of 27 mycotoxins and metabolites in dried blood/serum spots based on a fast sample preparation followed by sensitive HPLC-MS/MS analysis.







Analysis of ochratoxin A in dried blood spots – Correlation between venous and fingerprick blood, the influence of hematocrit and spotted volume

Bernd Osteresch, Benedikt Cramer, Hans-Ulrich Humpf A ☎

The use of capillary blood from finger-pricks versus venous blood was evaluated. The analyte levels correlate indicating that the less invasive fingerprick sampling gives also reliable results.

No significant hematocrit effect was observed.

In this experiment, finger-prick samples typically consist of about 90 μ L blood. Therefore spots of 75, 100 and 125 μ L blood were prepared and analyzed. Similar to the hematocrit effect, no considerable influence was observed.



RESEARCH ARTICLE

Biomonitoring using dried blood spots: Detection of ochratoxin A and its degradation product 2'R-ochratoxin A in blood from coffee drinkers^{*}

Benedikt Cramer¹, Bernd Osteresch¹, Katherine A. Muñoz², Hartmut Hillmann³, Walter Sibrowski³ and Hans-Ulrich Humpf¹

¹ Institute of Food Chemistry, Westfälische Wilhelms-Universität Münster, Münster, Germany

² Universität Koblenz-Landau, Institute for Environmental Sciences, Research Group of Environmental and Soil Chemistry, Landau in der Pfalz, Germany

³ Institut f
ür Transfusionsmedizin und Transplantationsimmunologie, Universit
ätsklinikum M
ünster, M
ünster, Germany

"The results of this study revealed for the first time a high exposure of coffee consumers to 2'R-OTA, a compound formed from OTA during coffee roasting.

Since little information is available regarding toxicity and possible carcinogenicity of this compound, further OTA monitoring in blood including 2'R-OTA is advisable."

Mycotoxin Testing - Yes? No? How?

Above all, be mindul of cost ~

If you know it's mold, skip the test and tx

And/or consider methods validated/ins coverage ie: Neuroquant

FLISA Urine ~

Immune deficient, able to detox, body burden, track tx

LC-MS Urine ~

Immune deficient, able to detox, body burden, track tx, liv/kidney creatinine clearance

Serum antibody ~

Excretion/detox-challenged, liv/kidney dz, IgE - is it a "now" issue?

Be mindful of supplement use ~

Binders, glutathione, creatine

To provoke or not? Depends more on your pt than agent

OR...maybe use a clinical questionnaire

Shoemaker Highlights

Shoemaker ~ Diagnostic Indicators

Visual Contrast Test at VCStest.com

Convergence disorder

L/R eye visual processing in brain+eye

m impairment

TGF-β1 (transforming growth factor beta-1)↑ Cytokine

 ↑ impairs T-reg fxn → immune overactivation/asthma
 Range <2380 pg/ml
 (Quest→Cambridge Biomedical)

MMP-9 (matrix metallopeptidase 9) 1 Tissue repair enzyme induces I/S stim Range ~ 85-332 ng/ml Drs. Patel/Farshchian - link to MCAS (Labcorp)

Shoemaker ~ Diagnostic Indicators

ADH (vasopressin) ↓ Range ~ 1.0-13.3 pg/ml; Test in conjunction with blood osmolality ~ 280-300 mosmol

VIP (vasoactive intestinal polypeptide) ↓ Neuro and cardioreg hormone with receptors in the hypothalamus Range 23-63 pg/ml

MSH (melanocyte stim hormone) ↓ Pituitary hormone w neurohormonal and anti-inflammatory actions Range 35-81 pg/ml

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Colonization, Allergy, Infection

Culture Nares

- 2" depth
- Pediatric swab
- Off all nasal tx for 3 days
- +MRSA/+MARCoNS common
- Consider false neg if positive urine mycotoxins
- Specific lab (MARCoNS)

Colonization

Posterior Nasal Culture

Req posterior nasal wash

Fungus tenaciously adhered

Consider false neg if positive urine mycotoxins

PCR/DNA better yield

+MARCoNS

Opthalmology

Freq changing vision w sinus colonies (empirical exper)

BDG (Fungitell) Quantitative (<60 pg/mL)

(1,3)-Beta-D-glucan
Invasive Fungal Infection (IFI)
Note: not present in Mucorales,
Cryptococcus, Blastomyces
Note: false + if taking Beta-lactam antibiotic

Galactomannan - (<0.5 index)

Less sensitive than BDG (81% vs 49%)

Charting tx of known Aspergillosis

BDG option if on Beta-lactams

Allergy

Skin Testing RAST limitations Update ~ Intradermal Provocation Neutralization Training req'd Caution: 1 potential of harm Off all antihistamines* incl supp

Infection

Swab

Oral, vaginal/groin, perianal, intertrigo

Tissue sample

Skin, scalp, toenail

Biopsy/culture

Culture

Tissue biopsy (sinus, lung)

Varying yields

Flexible laryngoscopy ~ sinus

Transthoracic CT ~ fine needle

aspirate lung nodules

Advances In Imaging

Imaging

Sinus

X-ray

CT

Chest

XRay

(may not be abn in pulm fibrosis→CT)

High-res CT
Fiberoptic bronchoscopy

Imaging

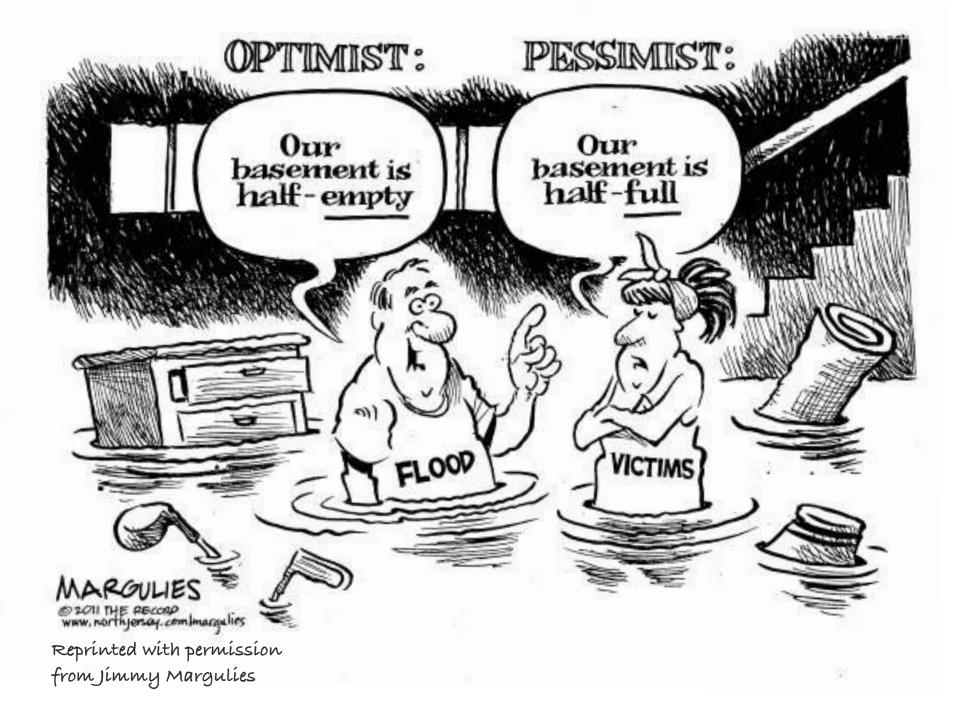
Abdomen

Upper endoscopy

Colonoscopy

Brain

MRI NeuroQuant SPECT - volumetric



Review

Diagnostic Assessments Mycotoxin Discussion Shoemaker Panel Highlights Colonization, Allergy, Infection Advances In Imaging

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Peel The Orange

ARE YOU MISSING MOLD ILLNESS IN YOUR PATIENTS? Dr. Jill Crista

Peel The Orange

- Avoidance
- Air Filtration
- Food ~ Do's & Dont's
- Beverage ~ Do's & Dont's
- Med/Supp Cautions
- Fundamentals
- Health Hokey Pokey
- Emunctories

How Mold Makes Your Job Harder

"Sensitive" patients~minute doses

Counter-intuitive reactions

Detox organs~drug clearance

Immune depletion~chronicity

Inflammatory reactions

Sm vessel vasculitis & coagulation abnormalities~remedy delivery

Cardiac~fatigue

Neuro~"mold brain"

Sleep

... Don't/can't stick to tx plan

AND spiritually/energetically depleted



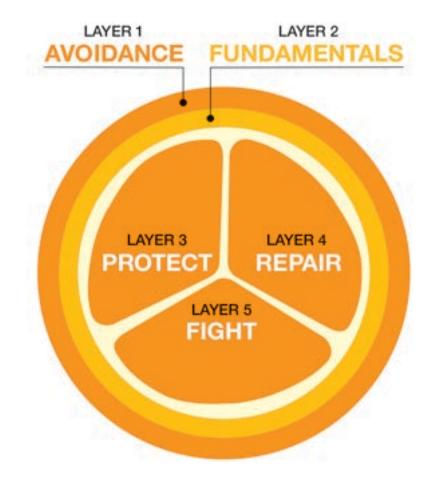
Almer

How Mold Makes Your Job Harder

RESISTANCE!!! The MOST resistant of all enviro med pts to accept the cause

Peel The Orange

AVOIDANCE~critical/hardest
 FUNDAMENTALS~BTGs
 PROTECT~mycotoxins/die-off
 REPAIR~gene/cell/organ/system
 FIGHT~last step

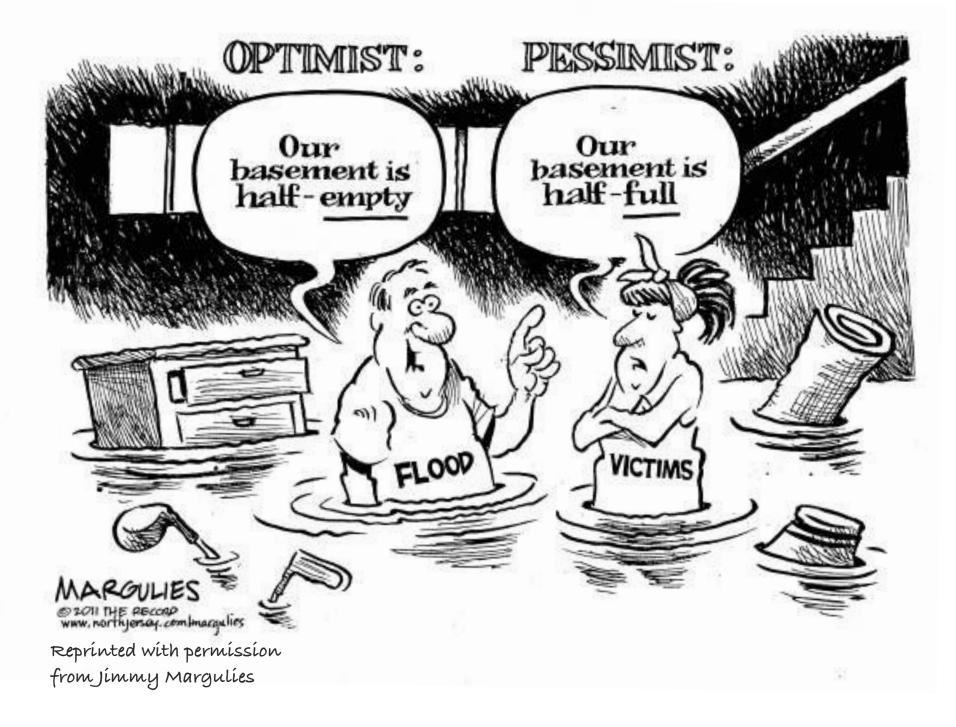


First 3 Rules of Toxic Exposure

- 1) Avoidance
- 2) Avoidance
- 3) Avoidance

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Avoidance ~ Easy To Say . . .



Avoidances

- 1 Habitat
- 2 Air Quality
- 3 Foods To Avoid
- 4 Beverages To Avoid
- 5 Supplement & Medication Cautions
- 6 Hobbies & Habits

Avoidance of WDB

The most difficult part of tx plan

Sick, fatigued, cognitively impaired, financially strapped

More questions about this than other parts of tx plan

Build referral base

Use online resources/guidance

Get Out & Take Little With You

Relocate w open-ended duration

Usu must leave possessions behind

Mold toxic patients are **the most** resistant of all enviro toxic pts to accept that mold is the issue

Jedi mind trick? neuroinflam?

The key to my success?

Relocation During Remediation

Occupational study - no resp sx improvement after remediation

Possible contributing factors:

Fragment formation

Mycotoxin increase

Contamination

Internal Colonization

All above!

PMID: 21413053

Counsel Against DIY

- ...testing and remediation
- Mold gets more toxic when bugged

Aspergillus exposed to amphotericin B 1 Gliotoxin prod

Too much addt'l toxin burden for already symptomatic pt

Guaranteed way to have aggrav

PMID: 15272057

And What About Hobbies?

Baker

Brewmaster

Cheese connoisseur

Somelier

Antiquer

Historian

Mushroomer

Rare book collector

Love it? or beholden to it?

*cannabis ~ storage issue

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Air Filtration

STORY | C-PAP Dementia

Late 70s F, concerned adult kids ~ mom's safety Beg signs of dementia, garage door open overnight Dev confusion, balance issues, req cane HTN, C-PAP for insomnia dt RLS Large historic home, "bad about dusting" Stopped using C-PAP bc forgetful Readded C-PAP, kids dusted, air filter in bedroom Husband's insomnia improved. Hers worsened. High anxiety, worry, forget where she is, night wandering Nap ok in recliner ~ too far from her C-PAP to use Tested C-PAP machine ~ high Aspergillus + endotoxins Wasn't maintaining adequate cleaning sched Replaced tubing, cleaned machine appropriately Dementia sxs improved to no longer an issue

* * *

Air Filtration

lonizing:

Sanitizing = ionized oxygen (O_2^{-})

Not making ozone (O₃)

Filters mycotoxins at 0.007 microns

Filtration:

HyperHEPA

Ultrafine particles to 0.003 microns

Traps mycotoxins

Incineration:

In-home Incinerator

Incinerates at 400°F, removes 99%

airborne microbiological contaminants

Air Filtration

NOT a replacement for remediation!!!

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Food ~ Do's & Dont's

Avoidance Foods ~ First Tier

Fermented & mold-containing. May need LT avoidance:

Sweets of any kind

Dried fruits

Leavened bread

Yeast

Simple carbohydrates

Baked goodies

Mushrooms

Corn

Potatoes

Pickles & pickled foods Vinegar Soy sauce Cantaloupe Grapes Aged cheese Moldy cheeses Peanuts Peanut butter

Avoidance Foods ~ Second Tier

Mold and yeast target. Usually ST avoidance.

All fruit

Starchy vegetables

All grains

Fermented foods

Shelled nuts

Condiments made w vinegar or sugar

Sour cream

Soured milk products

Mass-produced cocoa*

PMID: 5723973, 24287569

Effects of Cooking

Netherlands study 2016

Pasta infected with ~ Enniatin Deoxynivalenol (DON) (tricothecene aka vomitoxin)

Cooked in duplicate on diff days, under stndized conditions, simulating house-hold preparation

Tested post-cooking

83-100% enniatin retained

60% tricothecenes retained

PMID: 27451245

What To Eat?

Rainbow of color

Veggies rule (veggies>fruit)

•Feed the guts

- •Say yes to good fats
- Eat stinky foods
- Adequate protein

Bioflavonoids (polyphenols) Inhibition of NF-κB signaling

↓ expression of proinflam markers

PMID: 21432698

Protective Foods

Colorful vegs ~

Beets, artichoke, asparagus, radishes (liver) Broccoli, Brussel sprouts (sulfurophanes) Tomatoes (lycopene neutralizes mycotoxins) Cabbage, okra (enterocytes, mucosa) Celery, cucumber (kidney fluid balance) Bitter greens (cholagogue) arugula, broccoli rabe, endive, watercress, kale, dandelion greens

Colorful fruits (1 serving/d)

Organic beef liver (choline)

EFAs

Avocado, olive oil, fresh seeds/nuts (refrig), cage-free eggs, wild fish

Yogurt (probiotics)

Butter (butyrate enterocyte)

Turmeric-curry (liver/kidney/brain anti-inflam)

Bitter chocolate, artisanal (cholagogue)

Mold Combat Foods/Spices

Eat stinky! Garlic

Onions

Scallions

Chives

Leeks

Use spices with wild abandon

Ginger (hepatoprotective) Clove (mycotoxin neutralizer) Cumin Rosemary Sage Thyme Oregano Basil Bay leaf

PMID: 28475920

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Beverage ~ Do's & Dont's

Avoidance Beverages

Fermented, contain mycotoxins, add fungal burden:

ANY sweetened beverage

Fruit juice

Oolong and black tea

Moldy coffee

Mass-produced cocoa

Alcoholic beverages esp org wine/grain-based

Fermented cider

Kombucha*

Fermented bev avoidance maybe LT

PMID: 5723973, 24287569, 22372472, 29117141, 19610336

What To Drink?

Spring water RO w sea salt bioplasma cell salts colloidal trace minerals

Green tea (polyphenols) anti-inflam hepatoprotective ~ aflatoxin cytoprotective ~ fusarium myoprotective ~ citrinin glucuronidation ~ MPA

Coffee cholagogue indep verified mycotoxin free

PMID: 17195249, 23410590, 27539359

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Med/Supp Cautions

Supplement Cautions

Are actual fungus ~ Medicinal mushrooms Nutritional yeast Sacch B...? (more next)

Grown on fungus ~ "Aspergillus-activated" B-vitamins Digestive enzymes

Contaminated with mycotoxin ~ Red yeast rice ~ citrinin Resveratrol Bee propolis

Companies that don't test for mycotoxin contamination

Sacch B

Literature ~

In vitro 24-hr culture to prevent mycotox during yeast ferm/beer prod/feed additive Min animal studies

↓ mycotoxin effect on Hgb No control group/all got Sacch B

What I see ~

Aggravations Yeast "control" but incr body burden Is yeast protective from biofilm?

Take-away ~ Use it to rebal prn after solidly on

antifungals

Use it to prevent C. Diff w ABs

PMID: 15613821, 30721525

Probiotics

Not "a given" w mold illness

Gentrification

Correlation w SIBO

Empirically ~ start w greens sm dose of probiotics in presence of chlorophyll

Probiotics

L. plantarum C88/MON03 ~ source fermented tofu adhesion of aflatoxin in lumen upreg antiox enzymes 1GST expression via Nrf2 pathway protects CYP3A4

L. rhamnosus GAF01~ binds aflatoxin in solution counteracts RBC, WBC, lymph immunotox effects

PMID: 28129335, 24738739, 23030351

Probiotics

L. casei strain Shirota~ strain is impt! some strains control vs cause histamine source fermented dairy hepatoprotective chlorophyllin 1 efficacy

Props Dr. Lauren Tessier ISEAI

PMID: 21816119

Medication Cautions

Antibiotics ~

Some are literal mycotoxins

Penicillium~penicillin, amoxicillin

"allergic to penicillin"

Acremonium~cephalosporins

Actinomycetes/actinobacteria~ tetracyclines,

macrolides, aminoglycosides, rifamycins

Antivirals ~

Actinobacteria~Ivermectin

Antifungals ~

Taggressive when threatened Incr mycotoxin formation Die-off

DO NOT d/c suppressive meds!

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Fundamentals

Circadian Rhythm

- •Wake within the same hour every day
- •Go to sleep within the same hour every day
- Adjust sleep/wake time by seasonal variation in light
- •Eat meals at nearly the same times every day. Aim to eat most of your food earlier in the day versus later.
- •Exercise within the same hour every day the earlier in the day the better
- Go to bed with a little room left in your tummy
- •Allow time every morning for regular bowel evacuation. 10 min minimum. Schedule it.

BACK TO NATURE, back to health.

Health Hokey Pokey

Air in 😳

Air out 🏼 🌳

Air moved all about 🚶

Water in 💦

Water out 🚽

Water moved all about 🐇

Food in 🥦

Food out 💩

Food moved all about S

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Emunctories

Emunctories

Methods used to excrete waste

Breath ~ caution contamination of self, others, and "stuff"

Bowels ~ minimum 2 BMs/d

Urine ~ caution ADH resistance

Sweat ~ exercise, FIR Sauna

Menses ~ clots

Ejaculate ~ "allergic" to semen

Emunctories

From outside in/large to small

system→organ/gland→blood→ ECM→cell→gene

If can't exercise: Lymphatic massage Peat mud/peloid therapy (my fav!)

To aid detox: Frequency-specific microcurrent COPs over the liver/gut Acupuncture

Review

Avoidance Air Filtration Food ~ Do's & Dont's Beverage ~ Do's & Dont's Med/Supp Cautions **Fundamentals** Health Hokey Pokey Emunctories

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Mycotoxins ~ Protect & Repair

ARE YOU MISSING MOLD ILLNESS IN YOUR PATIENTS? Dr. Jill Crista

Mycotoxin Protect & Repair

Binders

Homeopathy

Physical Medicine

Nutrients

Botanical Champs

Mycophenolic Acid

Endotoxins

Only Mycotoxins?

What about spores?

Almost everything you do to Protect & Repair from mycotoxins treats spore-induced damage...

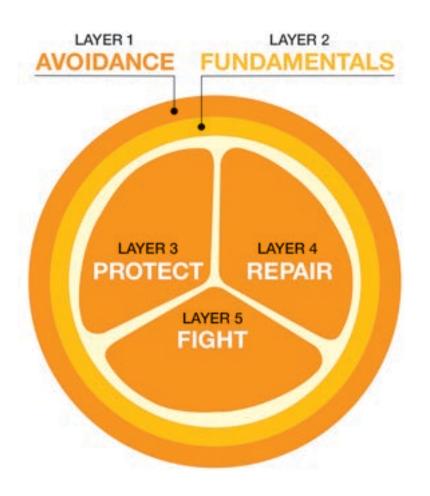
...BUT don't forget to Fight mold...

...otherwise eventually, the damage will be irreversible

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Peel The Orange

- AVOIDANCE
 FUNDAMENTALS
- 3 PROTECT
- 4 REPAIR
- 5 FIGHT



Essence of Protect

Prevention avoidance

- Mucosal linings (resp/GI/GU)
- Prevent intestinal absorption/bile recirc
- Organs of detoxification
- Lipophilic tissues (brain/nerve/eye)
- Gut/brain barriers
- Membranes cell/mito
- Immune suppression
- Genetic recoding
- Pre-emptive dosing

Essence of Repair

Immune modulation (NK, T-cells)

Inflammation (Nrf-2)

Neuroinflammation

Gut repair (epithelium, myenteric plexus)

Restore detox pathways (glutathione)

Mitochondrial repair (core 'economic' recession reducing energy output/power to heal)

Epigenetic expression, gene repair

Limbic retraining (fear, biochem sickness behavior pattern reversal)

Effects from meds (psych/LT steroids)

Mycotoxin Review

Immunotoxic, neurotoxic, alimentary, dermatoxic, nephrotoxic, hepatotoxic, hepatocarcinogenic, genotoxic, teratogenic, carcinogenic

Reduced ciliary clearance due to small size

Highly inflammatory to lung tissue

Modified by multiple enzymes ~

Cyt P450s, glutathione S-transferases, UDP-

glucuronosyltransferases, sulfur-transferases

Deplete glutathione

Nrf2 ("oxidant thermostat") activation/depletion

Cause mitochondrial damage

Inhibit host defense

Induce apoptosis of intestinal epithelial cells

Induce bladder wall irritation/ulceration

Some cross BBB and reduce its integrity

Olfactory nerve to hippocampus, frontal lobe

x-placenta, bioactivate in utero, found in breast milk

PMID: 26474839, 27178040, 25449202, 12221236, 26600019

Treatment Ideas

Not an exclusive list

And based on my selection bias

Encourage you to: Understand mechanisms Know your patient Use your reasoning skills to match the remedy to your patient Teach me & others as you learn

Binders

A Treatise on Bile

A detergent, cleanses fat

- 1° fxn ~ emulsify fats
- 2° fxn ~ eliminate toxins
- 3° fxn ~ non-liver
- GI: ¹sIgA, probiotic adherence, lipase, enterocytes

Anti-apoptotic for neurodegen dz's

Reduce prion conversion & neuronal loss

Protects retinal cells

↓ER stress assoc wfglucose in DM
ongoing studies re: anti-apoptosis ~
obesity, stroke, acute MI, spinal cord
injury

PMID: 24891994, 25972546

A Treatise on Bile

Stimulated by secretin, which is stim'd by acidic chyme (hypochlorhydria)

```
Produce ~1L/d, 95% water (dehydration)
```

~93% is recycled via hepatic portal vein (alcoholism/cirrhosis)

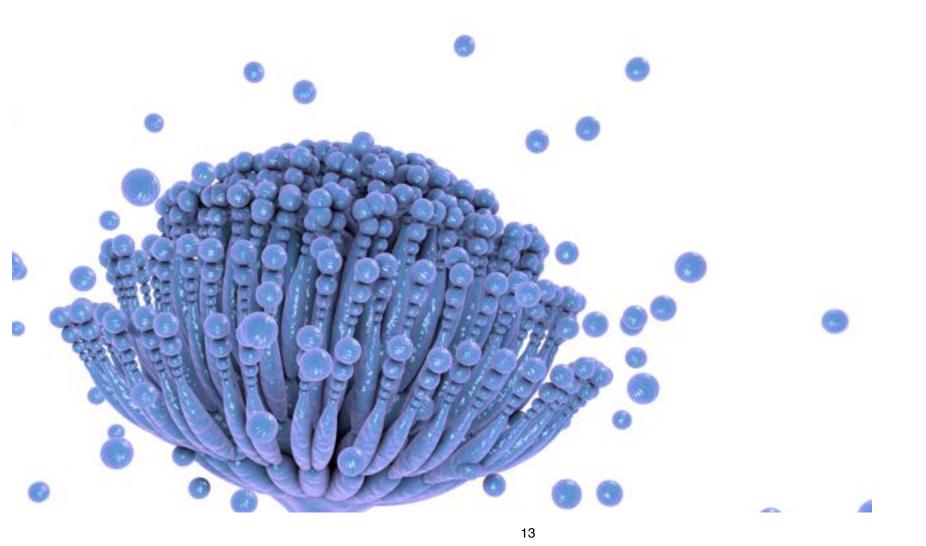
10:1 <u>PC</u>:cholesterol (methylation snps)

Bile salts ~ bile acids conjugated by glycine & taurine

Courier of detoxed/pkg'd mycotoxins in micelles

Understanding Bile Emulsification

Amphipathic ~ hydrophobic/philic poles Bile breaks up lipids to texp to colonic lipase



Bile & Binders

Lipase shown to degrade mycotoxins* (pancreatic insufficiency)

Micelles transport contents to intestinal epithelium, unbind and resorb

Occurs at terminal ileum (motility/SIBO)

Excretes slgA & stim innate I/S in lumen

Sequestered by "binders" to interrupt bile recirc

Liver & bile duct forced to make new, clean bile IF nec components avail

Adsorption = !! Weak bond !!

PMID: 29686653

Thoughts on Binders

What are we binding? Bile or toxin or both? Bile-laden toxin - insoluble fiber Mycotoxin contamination of food-toxin dependent

Based on my selection bias ~

Over-emphasis on binders in tx

Biases vs data, dt lack of human studies

(incl myself!)

Mycotoxins are morphologically diff

Most studies in vitro

Done to find feed additives, not bioremediation

of human bodies

Big Ag trying to convince us to use ag by-

products (biomass) as binders

Real solutions ~

Better building practices Better farming/storage practices

Binder Cautions

LT use → nutrient depletion PC (membranes, <"snp rich") Cholesterol (hormones, HDL:VLDL) Fat-soluble nut's (CoQ, A, E, D, K) Glycine (component of GSH, NTs) Taurine (retina, CNS, osmoreg)

Constipation ~ intestinal epithelial damage when bond breaks

Necessary component of tx? Or should focus be dilution? Or both?

Pre-Binders

Cholaretics ~

Stimulate production of bile in hepatocytes Regulate metabolism of hepatocytes

Cholagogues ~

Stimulate bile secretion & flow

†slgA

Trigger pancreatic lipase secretion
Protect against intestinal barrier bkdown
by promoting enterocyte migration
via bile acids

*AND both induce peristalsis

Lipase ~ can supplement

PMID: 29672156

"Cholagogues"

Botanicals ~ Matricaria, Taraxacum, Inula, Solidago, Curcuma, Chelidonium, Gentiana, Ceanothus, Bitter orange peel e.o. (usu mix w carminatives, demulcents)

Forms ~

liquid > pill (open 1 cap in bottle) tincture, glycerite, liposomal

Bitters ~

5 drops on tongue 10-15 min ac

Nutrients ~

Choline, taurine, glycine

Bile salts ~

Cholecystectomy, cholelithiasis 200mg Ox bile extract with meals Caution: bile duct blockage

Rx Cholagogue Options

Ursodeoxycholic acid (Actigall, Ursodiol) ~

↓absorption of chol Rx'd to dissolve chol-based gallstones First line alternative to surgery Dose: 300mg bid-tid cc S/E: Gl upset Cautions: bile duct blockage

Tauroursodeoxycholic acid (TUDCA generic) ~ Taurine conjugate of ursodeoxycholic acid Internationally avail

Deoxycholic Acid (Kybella) ~ "For improvement in appearance of mod-severe fullness [from] submental fat." Injectable to submentum, double chin Thought question: clearing fat or toxin?

Taurochenodeoxycholic acid, glycochenodeoxycholic acid ~

Bile salts currently only avail for research

Coffee Enema

Concept ~ Induces bile release Unique action on lacteals

Overview ~ First trial with water enema Tepid temp retention enema Left-side lying <15 min (Gerson says right-side) Strengths vary ~ 1-3 Tbsp/quart distilled

Cautions ~ Sensitive to caffeine Colon/iliocecal valve laxity Used as detox, not for daily use Use only organic coffee Some debate over bag material

Botanical Binders

Advice for cholecystectomy pts ~ Steamed > raw veg bind more easily to bile acids

Kale study (*in vitro) ~ Verified mycotoxin binder Steamed > raw Binding effect > lettuce, so not nec any greens will do

Okra ~

Adsorption of chol (micelles?) Flavonoid donor - the bigger contributor to efficacy? Both effects stronger after superfine grinding

Aloe ~ discussed later

PMID: 30187492, 19083431, 26359588

Fiber Binders

Insoluble fiber ~ proven toxin removers

Rice bran fiber ~ high in insoluble fiber (Clean, Green & Lean; Dr. Walter Crinnion) 2-5gm/d

Empirically ~

Best success with blends

Least→most constip ~

Flax

Chia

Rice

Oat

Psyllium

Dose ~

Start low & go slow 1/8 tsp qd with largest meal Titrate up to 2-5gm/day

Binders

Activated charcoal ~ Trichothecenes *ad*sorption In vivo/pigs "superactivated" effective - all exposure routes (1985, Buck) In vivo/pigs - no transfer to plasma detection when fed DON bolus In vivo/chks - minimal benefit 21-day feed exp Dose: 500-1000mg bid-tid

Bentonite clay ~ Effective binder - aflatoxin enterosorbent Human study - LT use didn't deplete A,E, most mins Poss heavy metal contamination, incr strontium

Zeolite ~

Aflatoxin - simulated GI in vitro

Chlorella ~ mixed results

On the horizon ~

Carbon-based nanomaterials (Graphene) Polymeric nanoparticles

PMID: 2590872, 25337799, 18569006, 9276881, 30469366, 30223519

Taurine - A Binder?

Cytoprotective amino acid

"Master osmolyte in the body" (IIVNTP)

Plays an important role as a basic factor for maintaining cellular integrity homeostasis

Nephroprotective, neuroprotective, retinal component

Decreases OTA-induced cytotoxicity + attenuates apoptosis in kidney

Blocks ROS-dependent autophagy via inhibiting AMPK/mTOR signaling pathway

Acts as a "pre-binder"

If on a high fat diet (the dilute pollutants solution diet), taurine inhibits bile acid absorption in the colon.

PMID: 32371067, 30332612, 19239159

Rx Binders ~ Colesevelam

Rarely need to use IF... Avoidance & Pre-Binders

Welchol ~ generic avail

Uses: hyperlipidemia, DM2

Dose: 625mg tab, 2-3 po q12 hrs With meals + plenty of liquid Oral suspension avail for peds, but contains phenylalanine, caution PKU Chewable bar: 3.75 g (1 bar) po qd (PKU)

S/E: constip, dyspepsia, h/a, nasopharyngitis

Interactions:

"Monitor closely" drugs for DM, warfarin, seizure Impacts absorption of co-admin therapies - diuretics, CVD, Abx

Admin 4 hrs prior to colesevelam:

Rxs w known intrxns/narrow therapeutic index Fat-soluble vitamins Oral HRT & contraception

Pregnancy category: "no adequate and well-controlled studies of colesevelam HCl use in pregnant women"

Rx Binders ~ Cholestyramine

Questran ~ generic avail

*Compounded, excipient-free

4 gms of anhydrous cholestyramine resin in:

- 9 gms of Questran powder

- 5 gms Questran Light powder (PKU)

Dosing based on resin not pwder

Dose: 4-8 gm po q12 hrs Start at 2 gm qd and titrate Not over 24 gms over 24 hours CIRS 4 gm qid

Admin 4 hrs prior to colesevelam:

Rxs w known intrxns/narrow therapeutic index Fat-soluble vitamins Oral HRT & contraception

Uses, S/Es, Interactions, Cautions, Pregnancy risk ~ all the same as Colesevelam, plus: (+) also binds endotoxins (-) slight increased risk intestinal tumors, alimentary system cancers

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Homeopathy

Nosodes & Isopathics

Isopathy ~ "myco" formulas Homeopathic prep of various mycotoxins Esp useful for hypersensitive pts Start - 1 drop in water daily

Isopathy ~ "mold" formulas Homeopathic prep of mold itself Caution early in tx & if/when still exposed

Nosode ~

Homeopathic prep of affected tissue Consider for deep lung remodeling/ asthma, bladder, brain, nerve plexus

Homeopathic vasopressin ~

Tinnitus

PoTS

CHF w pulmonary HTN

Common Rubrics

Anxiety ~ Mind, Anxiety/Restlessness, Dyspnea, in Mind Forgetful/Confusion Sleep, Sleeplessness, Liver complaints, during

Allergy/Sinusitis/Asthma ~ Nose, Catarrh/Coryza, Extending to frontal sinuses Nose, fullness, Sensation, from inflammation Eye pain, Extending to frontal sinuses Respiration, Difficult/Impeded Respiration, Wheezing

Skin ~ Skin, Eruptions, Eczema Skin, Itching

Liver ~ Abdomen, Liver, Affections of Abdomen, Inflammation/Enlarged, Liver

Bladder ~ Bladder, Pain, Burning/Stitching, Urination, before, during, after

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Physical Medicine

Physical Medicine

Topical castor oil

Lymphatic massage

Peloid therapy

Frequency-Specific Microcurrent

Sauna

Cold laser*

Topical Castor Oil

Application ~ Packs, rubs - *organic source Timing varies 5-45 min

MOA ~

Lymphagogue

Liver - lacteals

Upper cervicals -glymphatics

Cautions/Reactions ~ Abd cramping, nausea, diarrhea h/a

PMID: 21168117

Lymphatic Massage

Patient education ~ Different than deep tissue Pressure of a nickel Ok to stop to use bathroom

Cautions ~ Cardiac insufficiency All kidney diseases Start with one limb and observe

Peloid Therapy

Moor mud ~

"dirty water bath" Kept liquid to retain enz activity Source is critical for purity

Concept ~ Nourishing detoxification Exchange of enzymes/probiotics

How to ~

Fill bath comfortably warm, temp will rise Fully mush & mix mud into bath Submerge up to 20 mins Cool rinse <1min Lie down loosely wrapped, no drafts

Safe for septic ~ Not clay Rinse down the drain, sponge wipe

Peloid Therapy

Patient prep ~ Well hydrated Empty stomach If light-headed, ice on chest, get out

Plan ahead ~ Ice pack near bath for first Assistance getting out of bath Lie down for 1 hour after Copious sweating* Hydrate - tepid electrolytes by bed

Cautions ~ Open skin wound Cardiac - hypotension, CHF All kidney diseases, urolithiasis Not while pregnant

Concept ~

Each tissue has unique, innate "beat"

Morbid influences derange tissue's beat

Restore innate beat via specific balancing/

countering frequencies

Tissue-specific balancing

Morbid influence-specific countering

Tissue gets back on beat

The art ~

Picking the right frequencies

Cautions ~

Metal implants

Pace-maker

Any active cancer

Pregnancy

*Different than TENS

Set-up ~ FSM machine - no contact with metal, wood/plastic ok

Patient Prep ~ No contact with metal No electronic devices Remove watches, metal jewelry Well hydrated

Observe ~

Needed freq - sleepy, softening

Tissue resistance ~

Towels not wet enough

Not the right freq

Right freq but need cofactors

*WAIT to use mold frequencies (23,95)

It's too much in the early phases

Target Conditions ~ "A" frequencies
9 Allergy reactions
18 Hemorrhage, leaking
40, 284 Inflammation
87 Active toxins
57, 920, 900* Toxicity
115 Skin eruptions
49 Vitality

Target tissues ~ "B" frequencies

- 132 Mucous membrane
- 25,75 Sinuses
- 44 Inner ear
- 17 Lungs
- 22 Small Intestine
- 35 Liver
- 23 Kidney
- 37 Bladder
- 21 Heart muscle
- 396 Nerves
- 116 Immune system
- 985 Deep Limbic system

Combinations ~ 880/7.4 Hypoxia 40/00 General inflammation

Sauna

Sweat content vs radiator effect

Dry heat ~

Temp: 150-175°F / 75-100°C Duration: 30-45 min

Follow w short, cold rinse <1min

Far Infrared (FIR) ~ Temp: 125-130°F / 52-55°C Duration: 25-30 min Wrap up after until sweating stops, then rinse w short, cold <1min

Cautions ~ Saunas that emit EMFs Mold in sauna if steam used Dehydration HTN, CHF All kidney diseases

Nutrients

Immune Modulation - Vitamin D3

Role in both innate & adaptive immunity T-cell regulator Upregulates monocyte genes

Vit D receptor in intestine & kidney significantly down-modulated after aflatoxin exp

Promote LU tissue repair in *particle-induced pulmonary injury* ~ Repress TGFβ1 signaling pathway

Upreg MMP9 expression Activation of Nrf2 transcription factor

Dose ~ to lab levels Goal 25-OH Vit D >60 ng/mL Emulsified best, esp if cholecystectomy Oral (daily-weekly), IM

PMID: 30698894, 25483621, 25912039, 26404359, 18569389

Mold Is A Big FAT Problem

The solution to pollution is dilution!

Mycotoxins are lipophilic

.:. dilute toxins with Copious Clean Correct fats

Mycotoxin Nutrients - DHA

 ω -3 fatty acid

1° structural component in brain

Neuroprotective

Protects against aflatoxin-induced hepatocellular carcinoma

Attenuates mycotoxin-induced IgA nephropathy

Suppresses MMP-9

Potentiates effects of cerebral VEGF-repair BBB

Dose ~

Acute/rescue: 6-10gm/d

Chronic: 2gm/d

Mouse study - 30g/kg safe w no AE Translation to humans? Empirically 10gm/d safe LT

PMID: 27513579, 27435775, 15570035, 24794156

Mycotoxin Nutrients - EFAs

Multiple biochem fxns ~ Synthesis of inflammatory mediators Cell membrane fluidity Intracellular signaling Gene expression

Modulate aspects of inflam, immunity, cell growth and tissue repair

CNS inflam modulation ~

Direct impact on neuronal membrane fluidity and receptor fxn

Restore mitochondrial function

Dose: 1gm/d mixed EFAs: EPA (350mg), DHA (300mg), 6's: GLA (100mg), 9's: OA (150mg)

PMID: 27651257, 22248591

Mycotoxin Nutrients - Phospholipids

Phosphatidyl choline/serine ~ Lipid raft constituent (cell/mito) Membrane stability/integrity Major component of pulmonary surfactant Bile component

Optimal PC membrane ratio→

Inhibits cell proliferation Induction of apoptosis Implications for cancer promotion

Fumosinin JPC ratio of hepatocyte lipid rafts

Stachybotrys "spore extract" alters surfactantrelated phospholipid synthesis

Dose ~ Oral liposomal 1-3gms daily Lipid Resuscitation (Dr. Rea) PTC-IV Patricia Kane protocol

PMID: 15574675, 29510220

Mycotoxin Nutrients - Bioflavonoids

Pigmenting plant compounds with wide ranging biological & pharmacological actions

Cytoprotective via Nrf2, \downarrow TGF- β 1

Protective against Aflatoxin-induced cell injury

Counteract Ochratoxin-induced toxic ox stress on renal cells

Preserve GSH, SOD after Ochra exp

Daily Dose ~

Eat 5-7 servings of colorful vegs NO SUPP TOPS REAL FOOD

PMID: 27279697, 26798045, 17195249, 26571153

Mycotoxin Nutrients - Quercetin

Polyphenolic compound

Potent antiox, anti-inflam, antigenotoxic

Pretreatment before mycotoxin exp cytoprotective

Modulates Ochratoxin-induced ox stress via Nrf2 expression, NF-kB and COX-2

Protects peripheral blood PMNs from OTAinduced ox stress, genotoxicity & inflam

Reduces Alternaria mycotoxin damage to human adenocarcinoma cells

Protects cells from Zearalenone-induced (Fusarium) apoptosis

Dose: 300-600mg bid-tid, consider liposomal

PMID: 24161694, 25532488, 26802676, 26134454

Mycotoxin Nutrients - Lycopene

"Vitamin Red" - carotenoid

Protection against Aflatoxin-induced nephrotoxicity and cardiotoxicity

↓Aflatoxin-induced kidney lesions via attenuation of ox stress, GSH

Restores trace element levels in ochratoxinexposed rats

Pretreatment preserves Nrf2+ downstream target gene translation/protein expression

Dose ~

5mg/kg/day x 15d in rat myco study.

Humans?

Dose-response study 30mg/d x 8 weeks

Signif \downarrow DNA damage (p = 0.007)

Signif 1 urinary 8-OHdG (ox stress biomarker)

PMID: 30059796, 28665799, 30462120, 18689558

Mycotoxin Nutrients - Melatonin

Nephroprotective, hepatoprotective

Hepatoprotective against aflatoxin ~ Enhance hepatic antiox/detox system ↓apoptotic rate & necrobiotic changes

Protective effect against ochratoxin ~ Inhibits oxidative damage Stimulates GST activities

Rat study - liver protection augmented by addition of CoQ10

Dose ~

Rat myco study 5-10mg/kg/d. Humans? Caution: excess may create central regulatory hormone issues Dose per oncology SOPs - 20mg qd hs

PMID: 11781538, 11701387, 17365150

Mycotoxin Nutrients - CoQ10

"Heart antioxidant", mitochondrial fxn

Ochratoxin ~

Hepatoprotective

Significantly 1 severity of kidney lesions

Trichothecenes ~

Cytoprotective, hepatoprotective Antiox effect via GSH preservation Decr DNA damage in combo w tocopherols

Pretreatment in combo > CoQ alone ~

[CoQ10 + L-carnitine + α -tocopherol + Se]

Decr DNA damage

Decr activation of liver enzymes

Slight **†**GSH compared to myco-exp control

Dose ~

100mg prn up to 600mg qd Dissolve "chewables" in buccal mucosa

PMID: 21793342, 17365150, 9266532, 10660942

Mycotoxin Nutrients - Vitamin E

Tocopherols/tocotrienols

- Hepatoprotective, nephroprotective
- Cyotoprotective against Trichothecenes

Attenuates Aflatoxin-induced toxicity & ox stress

Preservation of renal cell viability & tight junctions

Preservation of G6PD *IVC implications

Protective effect on hepatocytes not seen with alpha-tocopherol alone

Dose ~

Mixed tocopherols/tocotrienols 400mg qd-bid

PMID: 29068590, 28251704, 9266532, 16008110

Mycotoxin Nutrients - Alpha-Lipoic Acid

- Hepatoprotective, anti-inflammatory, genoprotective
- Engages molecular mechanisms against liver oxidative damage & inflam responses after aflatoxin exp

Inhibits NF-kB expression after aflatoxin exp

- Alleviates Aflatoxin-induced ox stress & immune changes
- Modulates inflam response partly through changes in the expression of proinflam cytokines such as IL6 and TNFα

Dose ~

Oral 300mg bid, R+ allele Take with food reduces reflux SE Also consider IV administration

PMID: 26694462, 24699046, 20390578

Mycotoxin Nutrients - Selenium

Protective effects on aflatoxininduced mitochondrial permeability and DNA damage

Protects against T-2 toxin-induced cytotoxicity and oxidative stress

Exhibited protective effects on aflatoxin-induced kidney toxicity

Critical component of glutathioneperoxidase enzyme

Supp as Selenomethionine Activated w yeast, test myco-free

Dose: 200mcg bid

PMID: 25431300, 26371027, 30261313

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One Antioxidant To Rule Them All

Pros ~ Straight to the end game Brain fog Lung function Kidney sparing

Cons ~ Too intense for many Cofactor/coenzyme depletion

Dosing ~ Form matters & is very individual Start low & titrate Dose to lab values Schedule - debate daily vs pulsed

PMID: 1676780, 10852775

Oral ~

Liposomal only* Dose 210-420mg qd-bid Caution - tastes like rotten eggs

Nebulized ~

Compounding pharmacy Idiopathic Pulm Fibrosis study 600mg bid x 3d Best responses 600mg qd or greater

Freq - begin 1-2x/week for 4-6 weeks, working towards a maintenance treatment plan of 1-2x/mo

Caution - active asthmatic, can increase bronchoconstriction

PMID: 1676780, 10852775

Rectal suppositories ~ Bypass first-pass effect Target brain, lung (asthmatic) Prev radiated renal CA "Skin lightening"

Pharmacokinetics ~

Hydrolysis in the ECM

2 metabolites: γ -glutamylcysteine, glycine

Dose ~

225, 450, 500, 1500mg per suppository Up to 2000mg liposomal - skin Add NAC, taurine, C Start low, hs x 14d, then pulse 2-3x/wk

Cautions ~

Rectal irritation Easily dose too high Ship on ice

PMID: 11409324

Intravenous Push ~ Most direct delivery to liver/kidney 'May deactivate Gliotoxin' per research Amelioration of resp sxs noted as incidental finding - Parkinson's study

Caution ~

Sulfite sens, nasal swab before IV admin Don't mix w other nut's in same bag

Lower dose~

5cc of 200mg in 10cc HNS; total 1000mg

Higher dose ~

6.5cc of 300mg in 23.5 HNS; total~2000mg

Up to 3000mg given safely

Push rate ~ 1mL/30 seconds

 $S/E \sim$

light-headed, nausea, diarrhea, anxiety

PMID: 1676780, 10852775

Which To Choose?

Use all for greater effect?

No!

Burdened systems

Start w food, fill in cracks

Treat specific deficiencies/sxs

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Botanical Champs

Mycotoxin Botanicals - Milk Thistle

Silybum marinarum (silymarin, silybinin) Strengthens & stabilizes cell membranes Blocks penetration into hepatocytes

Protects from free rad ox by **†**SOD enzyme activity & intracellular glutathione

Inhibits synth of prostaglandins assoc w lipid peroxidation

Promotes regen of liver via stim of protein synthesis

Significant reduction in liver-related mortality

Amel of Ochratoxin-induced immunotoxic effects

↓genotoxic effect of Aflatoxin w pre- and simultaneous exposure

PMID: 23243923, 22734832, 20032005, 19156713, 19841158, 19303273

Mycotoxin Botanicals - Milk Thistle

Dose ~

Min therapeutic-700mg, up to 1500mg seed powder/extract, best divided <2.1 gms/day in Hep C study well tolerated w no AE

Cautions ~

Inhibits cytP450*

*A heme-based enzyme! So already impaired by mold

PMID: 23243923, 22734832, 20032005, 19156713, 19841158, 19303273

Mycotoxin Botanicals - Green Tea

Camellia sinensis

Polyphenols ~ postharvest inactivation of phenol oxidases via steaming & drying prevents ox of catechins vs fermented tea prods

Antifungal, antibacterial, antiviral, antitoxin

Protective against aflatoxin-induced cell injury

Protects against ochratoxin-induced cytotoxicity in kidney

Cytoprotective to macrophages against DON (Fusarium) in a dose-response manner

Daily Dose ~

4-6 cups green tea

Double steep to extract polyphenols

Cautions ~ cytP450 inhibitor

PMID: 23410590, 23605930, 17195249, 17548142, 27518169



Mycotoxin Botanicals - Turmeric

Curcuma longa

- Antioxidant, hepatoprotective, nephroprotective, epigenetic protection
- Amel of aflatoxin-induced effects via ~ Up-reg of antiox enzyme gene expression Activation of the expressed genes Increase in the availability of GSH
- Provides protection against toxic effects of aflatoxin on liver & kidney
- In study on chickens, protective dose was 5mg/kg, translational dose?
- Dose: 350mg qd-tid, start low, titrate slowly
- Cautions: inhibits cytp450
- PMID: 25639897, 26450181

Mycotoxin Botanicals - Artichoke

Cynara scolymus

Polyphenol-rich antiox, hepatoprotective, nephroprotective, immunoprotective, prevents lipid peroxidation, choleretic

Reduces N/V, flatulence, abd pn

Prevents swelling & granular degen in epithelium (more than skin - eyes, organ coverings/linings, etc)

Genoprotective to endothelium via eNOS (antithrombotic, anti-atherosclerotic)

Protects against mycotoxin-induced oncogenic effects in liver & kidney (angiogenesis & mononuclear cell proliferation)

Prevents ochratoxin-induced degen changes & depletion of lymphoid cells in lymphoid organs (thymus, spleen)

PMID: 9194411, 15123766, 15609872, 12738088

Mycotoxin Botanicals - Artichoke

Cynara scolymus

Dose ~ 500-750 leaf extract bid-tid (extract highest in phenolics)

Cautions ~

Mixed activity on cytp450 (in vitro slight inhib CYP3A4, GGT, GPX2, GSR and GST, mild stim CYP1A2)

```
SOURCE: LOHR, Gesine; DETERS, Alexandra and
HENSEL, Andreas. In vitro investigations of Cynara
scolymus L. extract on cell physiology of HepG2
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3&Ing=en&nrm=iso>. ISSN 2175-9790. http://
dx.doi.org/10.1590/S1984-8250200900020003.
```

Mycotoxin Botanicals

Would any "liver herb" do?

Maybe!

Limited budget/supply

Consider ~

Taraxacum

Arctium

Rumex

Raphenus

Corydalis

Mycotoxin Botanicals - Resveratrol

Nrf2 restorative, nephroprotective, neuroprotective, anti-oxidant, reduces TGF-β1

Anti-cancer effect on Ochratoxin affected cells

Dose: Repeated daily doses of 1g/d transresveratrol yielded the desired plasma concentration 25microM

150mg extract trans-resveratrol = 60 bottles red wine

CAUTION: Most Resveratrol extracted by fermenting Japanese Knotweed (plant source) **with Aspergillus**

Better to take Japanese Knotweed?

PMID: 26095584, 24089405, 30901941

Mycotoxin Botanicals - Japanese Knotweed

Polygonum cuspidatum

Tenacious 'invasive' hedge row plant

Potent anti-oxidant, antimicrobial, antiinflammatory, neuroprotective, multiple CV benefits

Dose ~ CVD clinical trial 5.33mg/kg extract Alcohol tincture - 1tsp tid

Cautions ~ Resveratrol & Japanese knotweed inhibit cytp450

PMID: 24956862, 26968677

Mycotoxin Botanicals - Aloe

Aloe vera barbedensis (*usu)

Anti-inflam to mucosa

Boosts humoral immunity

Adsorptive binding of aflatoxin

Dose ~

Low daily dose most effective vs "chase the burn"

*Note: earthworms (Alma millsoni) matched aloe's efficacy, plus helps anemia, biofilm

PMID: 26648773, 30469366

Mycotoxin Botanicals - Chromolaena

Chromolaena odorata (synonym Eupatorium odoratum L.)

East-Asia/Africa as nature's wound healer, historical use for gastric ulcers

Antipyretic, analgesic, antimicrobial, hemostatic

Anti-ox & anti-inflam against aflatoxin-induced alterations in pro-inflam cytokines

Mitigated rise in serum IL-1β, correlated with hemorrhages of intestines & liver

Reduced intestinal leukocytic & lymphocytic infiltration induced by aflatoxin exp

Protects against epithelial apoptosis

Suppresses MMP-9

Dose ~

Tea 1/2 cup bid. Tincture 10-15 drops bid.

Caution ~ liver damage in high doses (pyrrolizidine alkaloids), photophobia

PMID: 26798045, 23984087, 23535395, 28112383

Mycotoxin Botanicals - CBD

Cannabis sativa (agricultural hemp)

Cannabinadiol - non-psychogenic hemp-derived endocannabinoid

Neuroprotective, anti-inflamm, reduces BBB leakage

Use only pharmaceutical grade, organic products Mycotoxin contamination found in non-controlled cannabis products.

Form-specific individualization Try all forms before aborting this therapy Gold > tincture > capsule > butter/food

Initial dose ~ 1mg/day, titrate to 50mg/day Maintenance dose ~ Common is 10-50mg/day qd-bid, high anxiety/hs

Cautions ~

Less is more: lower doses more effective in mold Too high can cause anxiety/nausea Indep mycotoxin testing

PMID: 24854329, 27534533, 27543109

Mycotoxin Botanicals - Hawthorn

Crataegus spp (oxyacantha*)

Cardiotonic MOA ~

+inotropic/-chronotropic

coronary blood flow and exercise tolerance
 Enzyme inhibition (ACE + phosphodiesterase)
 Anti-inflamm, improves status of antiox enzymes
 Antihyperlipidemic effects

Est cardiac uses ~

CHF Stages I&II-NY HT Assoc classification Angina pectoris, HTN w myocardial insuff, mild alt's of cardiac rhythm, atherosclerosis

Hepatoprotective ~

Reduces elev liver enz + ox stress on liver Improves NAFLD

Attenuates airway inflam by modulation of MMP-9 induced asthma

Dose ~

Active sxs: 1000mg qid Maintenance: 500mg bid Solid extract - 1/2-1 tsp bid-qid Tincture 4:1 - 1 tsp tid-qid

PMID: 27655074, 30058501, 29719880, 23029210

Mycotoxins - Bee Pollen

Protects against immunotoxicological aspects of Aflatoxin ~ Restores normal neut/lymphocyte ratio 1 neutrophil phagocytic activity 1 lymphocyte proliferative capacity

Induced lymphocytic hyperplasia after Aflatoxin-induced lymphocyte depletion

Helps maintain protein and globulin levels during Aflatoxin exposure

Increases glutathione

CAUTIONS ~

Commonly contains mycotoxins Ask for independent testing Sustainability issues

Dose: 500mg qd-bid

PMID: 26930797

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Mycophenolic Acid

MPA - Mycophenolic Acid

Quickly absorbed & excreted in bile within first few hours of exp so use small freq doses

Intestinal lining damage

Phenolic substances detoxed/excreted in Phase II as glucuronides

Tx focus on glucuronidation

EGCG from green tea ~ 500mg bid green tea (~75%EGCG)

Calcium-D-glucarate ~ 150mg qd-bid

Curcumin, Quercetin, Resveratrol

Don't forget co-factors/substrates (grape seed extract, glutathione)

PMID: 21049395

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Endotoxins

Endotoxins

Smilax glabra (Sarsaparilla) ~ Anti-inflam polysaccharides Signif ↓NO, TNF-α, IL-6 via: -suppression of release from LPS-induced macrophages -downreg mRNA expression Effect not observed w isolated extracts

.. use whole root
Dose: whole root extract-100mg cc
"Tincture forte" 1:2/1:3 - 1/2 tsp cc

Green tea ~

protection against virulent bacterial protein toxins

PMID: 25817687, 25569518, 17195249

Review

Binders

Homeopathy

Physical Medicine

Nutrients

Botanicals

Mycophenolic Acid

Endotoxins

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Thank You

Dr. Jill Crista Naturopathic Doctor support@drcrista.com

Are You Missing Mold Illness?

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Fight

ARE YOU MISSING MOLD ILLNESS IN YOUR PATIENTS? Dr. Jill Crista

Fight

Fighting Spirit

- Systemic Antifungals
- Herb-Rx Combinations
- Intranasal Antifungals
- Essential Oils & Hydrosols
- Ozone
- Intranasal Biofilm
- **Topical Antifungals**
- Pregnancy & Ped's

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Fighting Spirit

Energetics of the Moldie

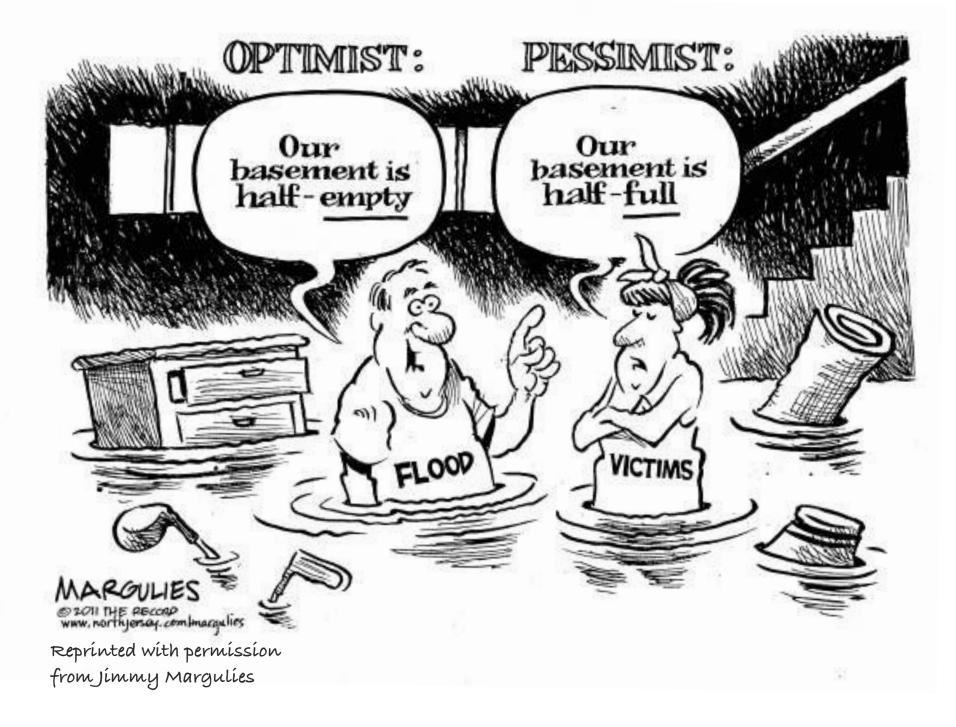
Conquer mold first on the inside

Energetic trend - unsafe/involuting

Fill with light

Guide mold to compost pile

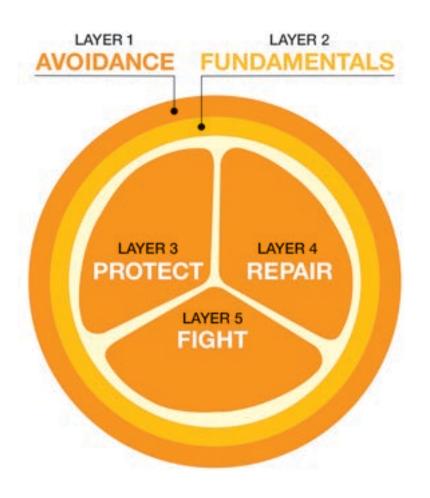
Thank and release it



Systemic Antifungals

Peel The Orange

- AVOIDANCE
 FUNDAMENTALS
 PROTECT
- 4 REPAIR
- 5 FIGHT



Systemic + Intranasal Antifungals

Reduces recalcitrance

Reduces drug resistance

Systemic treatment factors ~ Health status of patient Infection vs colonization Location

Botanical medicines can offer effective but less harmful systemic treatment options

BUT don't be afraid to combine

Yeast vs Mold

Do antifungal tx's work for mold?

Fungal burden

Many/most ~ yeast biofilm

1 mycotoxin production

Botanical Antifungals - Holy Basil

Ocimum sanctum/basilicum

Ayurvedic - Tulsi, taken traditionally as tea

Antifungal, antibiotic, antioxidant, antiparasitic

Affinity for lungs & mind*

Signif inhibited cell adhesion/invasion

Shown to detox aflatoxin

Signif inhibited activities of MMP-9

Action against fluconazole resistance

Dose ~

Tea: 4 cups daily

Steep covered to retain e.o.'s Extract: 550mg leaf extract qd-bid

PMID: 20233602, 27471501, 20161958, 27274752

Botanical Antifungals - Pau D'Arco

Hydroanthus impetiginous/Tabebuia spp

Central/S. America forest tree known as lapacho

Taheebo tea - traditional tea from inner bark

Antifungal ~ MICs similar to those of amphotericin B

Antimicrobial ~ activity against MRSA

Immunomodulator, antitumor, adaptogen

Expectorant to deeply embedded mucous & contaminants

Not cytotoxic to normal cells at concentrations that were active against fungi and bacteria

Dose ~

Tea: 2-4 cups, simmer 10 min Capsule: 1gm qd-bid Tincture: 1 tsp bid-qid

*Avoid during pregnancy

PMID: 9517956, 23778660, 16553949

Botanical Antifungals - Thyme

Thymus vulgaris

Reliable broad-spectrum antifungal, antibacterial

Down-reg effect on growth, gene expr in Fusarium

Action against fluconazole resistance

(A. fumigatus, Trichophyton rubrum/athlete's foot, Candida spp)

Effective against both the macro and arthroconidia growth (MIC 72 µg/mL) in fluconazole-resistant fungi

>80% reduction in elastase activity

Inhibitory effects on Aflatoxin prod found at lower doses than required for antifungal activity

High safety profile - nontoxic even up to concentration 2x higher than their respective MFCs

Dose ~

Capsule (oil extract) - up to 50mg bid Tincture - 1/4-1/2 tsp bid-tid Essential oil - 10 drops in water, per 24 hours

PMID: 25466118, 28062283, 25242937, 31359292

Botanical Antifungals - Garlic

Allium sativum

Bioactive sulfur-containing compounds (allicin, alliin)

Antifungal - Aspergillus & Penicillum species Mouse study-Efficacy against Candida slightly less than fluconazole (fungal burden reduction, host survival time at 1mg/kg/d)

Ethanol prep effective against MDR candida (fluconazole, clotrimazole, Amphotericin B, itraconazole, ketoconazole, miconazole, nystatin)

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Antimicrobial - Staph aureus, E coli, Pseudomonas, Bacillus
```

```
Antiox, anti-inflam, immunomod, CV protective,
anticancer, hepatoprotective, nephroprotective,
neuroprotective, GI protective, anti-diabetic, anti-
obesity
```

Dose ~ Eat it! Goal 4 cloves daily Tincture: 1/8-1/4 tsp bid-tid

Cautions ~

Gastritis

Co-admin with antithrombotics (delays aPTT)

PMID: 27259073, 31284512, 30345234, 28584446, 30319862

Botanical Antifungals - Neem

Azadirachta indica

Antifungal - Aspergillus spp, Candida, Microsporum

Antimicrobial, antiviral, antiparasitic (malaria/Babesia)

Ethanol prep effective against MDR candida (fluconazole, clotrimazole, Amphotericin B, itraconazole, ketoconazole, miconazole, nystatin)

Antiox, anti-inflam, immunomod, hepato/ nephroprotective, neuroprotective, antidiabetic, anticancer, vulnerary

↓ Nf-kB, VEGF, c-Myc(oncogene)

Dose ~ Capsules: 500mg qd-bid, pulsed Tincture: 1tsp qd-bid Use whole plant, nimonol extract alone not effective

Cautions ~ "Strong" antifungal Nontoxic at low doses, poss lymphocyte suppression at high doses (in vitro)

PMID: 28584446, 27034694, 24031718, 26491309

Botanical Antifungals - Olive Leaf

Olea europaea, O. africana

Oleuropein - biophenol, bitter

Antifungal, antiviral, antibacterial

Antifungal ~

Potency against Aspergillus niger, A. fumigatus (MIC: 12.5-25 mg/ml) Activity against Candida albicans (MIC of 24 mg/ml, MFC of 48 mg/ml)

Antiox ~

Radical scavenging activity >2x that of Green tea

Anti-inflam, immunomodulatory, anticonvulsant, gastroprotective, cardioprotective, hypocholesterolemic, hypoglycemic

Antiviral - virucidal effect in dose-dep manner (VHSV, rotavirus) so consider for concom EBV

Mild activity against Pseudomonas aeruginosa

Dose ~

Extract/tincture most effective 500mg bid-qid

PMID: 28681004, 28681003, 27383889, 26577343, 25802541, 15869811, 30897691

Botanical Antifungals - Oil of Oregano

Origanum vulgare

Volatile oil extract

Antifungal - Candida spp, Aspergillus, Penicillium

Antimycotoxic - Aflatoxin

Antibiotic - E.Coli, Staph aureus, Enterococcus

Antioxidant, antiproliferative

Combine safely w fluconazole & cipro ~

↓drug resistance

↓free-rad formation+S/E

Dose ~

150mg of 10:1 extract (equiv to 1500mg oregano)

Cautions ~

Dyspepsia (tx's & causes)

PMID: 27222835, 28176439, 29402621, 29846575, 29987237, 25364204, 25952773

Botanical Antifungals - Old Man's Beard

Usnea spp

Lichen

Antifungal - Aspergillus, Trichophyton rubrum, Candida spp

Antibacterial - Staph aureus

Antiviral, anticancer, antiox, anti-inflam, antithrombosis

```
Dose ~
```

```
Tea: 2 Tbsp C/S in 2-3 c boiled water daily
Tincture: 1/2-1 tsp qd-tid, pulsed x 3-5 days
```

Cautions ~

```
Poss hepatotoxicity if LT use of isolated extracts
2001-liver tox assoc w LipoKinetix supp
Usnea blamed
2008-"At present, a toxicological evaluation of
usnic acid is being conducted by the Nat'l
Toxicology Program"
Results still pending? Yet patent pending for CA tx
```

PMID: 30676068, 27186821, 29718734, 23713280, 19034791

Systemic Antifungals - Triazoles

Fluconazole, Itraconazole, Voriconazole, Posaconazole, Isavuconazole

Available oral and IV

Tolerated reasonably well but there are AE

Documented success with clinical infections (invasive aspergillosis)

Above courtesy of Dr. Joseph Brewer

Pros ~

Favorable safety profiles

Cons ~

Spectrum of activity somewhat limited Increasing resistance

Fluconazole ~ (Diflucan) Fungistatic w dose-dep fungicidal activity Candida albicans, Cryptococcus neoformans Dose: 100-200mg qd 200mg Day 1, then 100mg x 14d S/E: diarrhea, h/a, QT prolongation Cautions: potent inhibitor cytP450

PMID: 29393017, 16278744

Itraconazole ~ (Sporanox, Onmel, Tolsura) Most effective against Aspergillus & resistant Candida strains Blastomycosis, pulmonary + extrapulmonary Histoplasmosis, incl chronic cavitary pulmonary dz and disseminated, nonmeningeal histoplasmosis Expensive! Dose: 200mg qd-bid x Loading dose common 200mg tid S/E: diarrhea, h/a, QT prolongation, hepatotoxicity Cautions: CI in pregnancy, inhibits cytP450

PMID: 29393017, 16278744

Voriconazole ~ Structure related to Fluconazole Spectrum of activity comparable to Itraconazole Invasive aspergillosis **Refractory Scedosporium** apiospermum & Fusarium spp Dose: 200mg q12h, ic Duration: min 14d + for at least 7d following resolution of sxs S/E: N/V, h/a, QT prolongation, hepatotoxicity Cautions: inhibits cytP450, many Rx-Rx interactions, CI in pregnancy

PMID: 19029318

Nystatin ~ Fungistatic Cutaneous/mucocutaneous Candidal infxns Not absorbed systemically

Dose: Oral tablets: 500,000-1,000,000 units every 8 hours until infxn clears+48h

S/E: N/V, diarrhea, ab pn

*Use w caution in pregnancy

Ecchinocandins ~ Micafungin, Caspofungin

IV only

Generally well tolerated

Documented success with clinical infections

Above courtesy of Dr. Joseph Brewer

Amphotericin B ~

IV only

Fungistatic

Tx of progressive and potentially life-threatening fungal infxns High incidence of toxicity

© Dr Jill Crista

Herb-Rx Antifungal Combos

Herb-Rx Antifungal Combos

Herbs to reduce Rx resistance ~

Holy Basil

Thyme

Garlic

Neem

Oil of Oregano

Choose at least 1 of these and combine w other botanical antifungals for best efficacy

How Long To Tx?

Until ALL of the following:

Nasal treatment is complete

Resolution of sx's*

Negative mycotoxins

Fungi are tenacious!

Fumes can restart the issue

Herb-Rx Antifungal Combo Example

Step 1: Thyme tincture ~ Loading dose x 1 week before Rx 1 tsp tincture bid

Step 2: Add pulsed Fluconazole ~ 200mg x 3d/wk

Step 3: Add pulsed antifungal botanical on alt days (ie Pau D'Arco)

Step 4: Finish with botanicals x 1 addtnl mo Thyme tincture ~ 1 tsp qd Pau D'Arco ~ 500mg caps qd-bid

Intranasal Antifungals

Sinus Treatment

6mo's MINIMUM - diff compliance

SIG min qd, up to qid

Treat both nostrils

Prevent swallowing w positioning

Rinse mouth with water after use

Warn epistaxis common, esp when add chelating agent

Temporarily d/c chelator if severe nasal reactions

Test mycotoxins at 3mo's. If no ↓ in mycotoxins, change Rx

Sinus Treatment

Devices ~

Hand-held atomizing nasal device

Nasal ("vertical") sprays

Neti pots

Clean device/tip after each use with essential oils to prevent biofilm

Use 15% H2O2 or blend of essential oils:

E.O. Sterilizer Solution - 15 drops each of 3-4 e.o. in 1 oz purified water. Spray after each use. Air dry.

DIY Sinus Treatments

Essential oils*

Ozone*

 NAC^*

Xylitol

Probiotics - open cap & snuff

Manuka honey - 1/16-1/8 tsp per 100mL

Propolis

Colloidal silver

Lauricidin/monolaurin - 10% solution

Allicin - 8 drops in 100mL

CYA - mix with sterile water ONLY (per pharmacist)

PMID: 24999540,

Intranasal Antifungal Rx Combos

Amphotericin B (5mg)/3mL sterile water (NOT saline)

Levofloxacin(100mg)+ltraconazole(40mg) +Budesonide(0.6mg)/5ml saline

Ceftriaxone(500mg)+ltraconazole(40mg) +Budesonide(0.6mg)/5ml saline

Nystatin(50,000IU)/10mL saline bid (per Dr. Brewer-reduced AE)

```
Nystatin(50,000IU)+Tobramycin(100mg)/
10mL (Klebsiella)
```

```
Tobramycin(100mg)+Fluticasone(3mg)/
10mL saline
```

```
*NOTE: Off-label use of above med's*
```

Intranasal Multi-Targeted

Nasal Spray Application ~ 0.1% Amphoterecin B 0.2% Fluconazole 0.2% Mupirocin 0.03% Triamcinolone #30mL SIG: 1 nasal instillation each nostril gid *with permission -Dr. Paul Anderson of ConsultDrAnderson.com* Compounding ~

Sterile water, saline

Loxasperse powder

XyliFos

MucoLox (polymer-oral, rectal, vag)

Essential Oils & Hydrosols

Essential Oils

Shown to reduce fungal growth, reduce mycotoxin production, and safe to inhale long-term:

Cedar leaf (Thuja plicata) - broad spectrum antimicrobial

Rosemary leaf (Rosmarinus officinalis)

Ajwain seed (Trachyspermum copticum L.) thyme-anise-oregano

Holy Basil leaf (Ocimum sanctum, O. basilicum)

Cumin seed (Cuminum cyminum L.)

Tea tree (Maleleuca alternifolia)

Thyme leaf (Thymus vulgaris)

Black cumin (Nigella sativa)

Clove (Syzygium aromaticum)

Use ONLY inhalation grade

PMID: 22408584,18190993, 27275253, 24624154, 27211664, 17209812, 31006459, 15856529, 26042369, 28811611

Essential Oils - Rx Resistance

Thyme ~ Inhibitory effects on Aflatoxin prod found at lower doses than needed for antifungal activity Action against fluconazole-resistant fungi and Candida spp

Ajwain ~ Caraway, can be used interchangeably with Thyme (recipes) Action against fluconazole-resistant fungi

PMID: 28584446

Essential Oils - Safety

Safety ~

Oregano, Thyme, Clove, Thuja

Very strong activity against Chaetomium globosum, Penicillium chrysogenum, Cladosporium cladosporoides, Alternaria alternata, and Aspergillus fumigatus, also Pseudomonas

Effective at full strength & reduced conc

Genotoxic effect eval on human embryo lung cells showed none of the oils induced significant DNA damage in vitro after 24 h

*But they do contain aldehydes

PMID: 28811611

Essential Oils - How To

Titrate ~

From 1 drop per 1 ounce liquid To 25 drops per 1 ounce liquid

How-To Video ~



Hydrosols

Aka aromatic waters, floral waters, distillates Water-soluble volatile components Vital essence of medicinal plants Formed in the distillation process of e.o. Safe to use LT, less harsh than e.o. More than 50 marketed in Iran Persian hydrosols for hyperlipidemia ~ Thyme, Holy Basil, Artemisia, Garlic, Barberry, Aloe, Dill Drink, spritz, nasal spray, bathe Caution ~ many mixed w sweeteners

PMID: 29228785

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Ozone

Intranasal Ozone

In-office 'cold corona discharge' ozone generator, fill capped syringe

Carefully insufflate directly into sinus -DO NOT inhale

Hold for 20-30 seconds, then blow out through nose

CAUTION—prevent inhalation into the lungs

Dose: 2cc of 11 gamma per nostril, can incr by 1cc up to 10cc

Frequency: 1-2 times/week

Normal reaction - increased mucous production in 15 min, self-lt

Intranasal Ozone

Oil-trap - "safer" method

Ozone discharged through oil bubbler, 35 gamma through 15 mL olive oil at 125 cc/min

Nasal cannula - 10 minutes max

89% of the irrigated patients recovered faster than conventionally treated controls. Study of 102 chronic purulent frontal sinusitis pts

Be in a clean space! Co-exposure of airway toxicants with ozone significantly amplifies the damage of those toxicants

PMID: 12501776, 9163213, 555470, 12773774

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Intranasal Biofilm

Intranasal Biofilm

EDTA 15mg/2mLs

EDTA + Polysorbate 80 (surfactant)

2mL of solution (2mL vials) Polysorbate 80 Glacial acetic acid Benzalkonium chloride 0.9% sterile sodium chloride

Xylitol

Mupirocin (S.aureus)

NAC (next slide)

Must use something to break up biofilm for complete resolution

Intranasal NAC

Compounded NAC (N-Acetyl Cysteine)

200mg qd-bid

Similar to the idea of Mucomyst, mucolytic

Can add 1 drop inhalation-grade mint e.o. to mask sulfur smell

PMID: 25843257, 23307410, 24799199, 26386189

Treatment Caution

Be mindful of Herx "die-off" sxs

In vitro Aspergillus exposed to amphotericin B increased Gliotoxin production - a possible explanation

PMID: 15272057

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Topical Antifungals

Topicals

Mycotoxins ~ Plantain (Plantago lanceolata) Yarrow (Achillea millifolium pannonica*) Anti-aflatoxin in vitro

Antifungal ~ Clove - oil, oral, analgesic Pau D'Arco - non-irritant dermal application for fungal/MRSA Thyme - oral, intertrigo. Can irritate Coconut - shell extract (MIC>3Rx)

Artemesinin cream for rashes of undetermined cause

PMID: 30127827, 23015356, 16553949, 28930122, 22290952

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Pregnancy & Peds

Pregnancy & Nursing

AVOIDANCE!!!

Stability and reduction of myco's vs "win the fight"

Focus on protective things, esp in 1st trimester

DHA

Bioflavonoids

Fiber

May use gentle nasal treatments to prevent fungus in the sinuses - esp since sinus congestion so common in pregnancy

Eucalyptus essential oil is a nice option

For systemics, "fungistatic" vs fungicidal Avoids excess spillage of mycotoxins

Daily garlic bid, either as food or tincture if adding it to food is too hit-and-miss or upsets the stomach

Add oregano, thyme, rosemary, and sage to cooking

Tincture of sage + thyme

Dose at a very low daily dose in the 2nd/3rd trimester

Holy Basil, Pau D'arco, and Oregano Oil are NOT recommended in pregnancy

Breastfed Infant

Challenge - administration

Via mom & skin

Mom-good fats, bioflavonoids, bitters, fiber

Systemic antifungals, via mom ~ holy basil, rosemary, thyme (Avoid garlic+oregano oil if gas, pau d'arco not proven safe)

Intranasal antifungal ~ breastmilk

Calendula Bath ~ Flower infusion: emolient vulnerary, soothing antiinflam/ flavonoids, lymphagogue Leaf tincture: antifungal Boil 32 oz water, add 1 cup flowers, steep x 10 mins. Strain, cool to tepid. Add to bath. AND add 1 tsp tincture to 8 oz water, bring to boil to burn off alcohol. Remove from heat, let cool to tepid. Add to bath. Soak baby 10 min's minimum.

Cocunut milk/oil rubs

PMID: 29484986

Ped's

Challenge - taste, texture

Prep 2-3 different things that work in case of refusal

Good fats, bioflavonoids

Insoluble fiber *if doesn't cause constipation* If it does, work on liver/bile sluggishness Curcuma - nice option bc is a bitter, antiinflammatory, and protective against mycotoxins Golden Milk, or liposomal mixed w resveratrol Then try adding fiber (flax seed powder)

Definitely tx intranasal plus systemic antifungals Propolis good option for ped's (antifungal and neutralizes mycotoxins) *health food stores

For systemic, pau d'arco, holy basil, thyme Ok daily and LT with peds

Adolescent

Challenge - compliance, added toxicants, circ rhythm

Clean body care - perfumes, lotions, acne txs, mouthwashes (tip for parental adulteration)

Stinky foods reduce stinky body. Molybdemum for garlic intolerance.

Circ rhythm enforce w supps ~ Vit D - early am Melatonin - at dinner time *caution dose <3mg dt ability to delay puberty

Detox ~

Consider plants vs specific nutrients Caution your effect on puberty - monitor carefully, esp if using glutathione

Intranasal ~

Options for compliance issue w nasal spray: e.o. diffuser in bedroom running all night

For systemic ~

Ok daily and LT: olive leaf, thyme, spilanthes, pau d'arco Pulse: neem, oil of oregano, usnea Discuss with parents about use of alcohol tinctures, CBD Review **Fighting Spirit** Systemic Antifungals Herb-Rx Combinations Intranasal Antifungals **Essential Oils** Ozone Intranasal Biofilm **Topical Antifungals** Pregnancy & Ped's

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Thank You

Dr. Jill Crista Naturopathic Doctor support@drcrista.com

Are You Missing Mold Illness?

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When Things Go Sideways

ARE YOU MISSING MOLD ILLNESS IN YOUR PATIENTS? Dr. Jill Crista

When Things Go Sideways

Herx

Exposure plan

Travel tips

Reintroduction

Fortification

What If's

Cases

How Mold Makes Your Job Harder

"Sensitive" patients~minute doses Counter-intuitive reactions Drug clearance~detox organs Immune depletion~chronicity Inflammatory reactions Sm vessel vasculitis & coagulation abnormalities~remedy delivery Cardiac~fatigue Neuro~"mold brain" Sleep

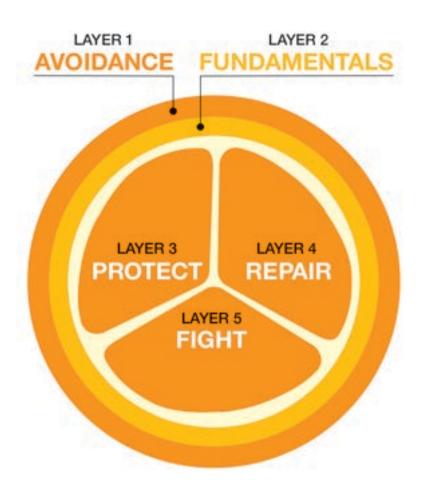
... Don't/can't stick to tx plan

AND spiritually/energetically depleted



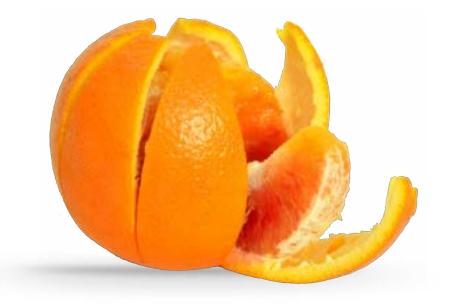
Peel The Orange

- AVOIDANCE
 FUNDAMENTALS
 PROTECT
- 4 REPAIR
- 5 FIGHT



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Orange Half Peeled?



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Herx

The True Herx

Jarisch-Herxheimer reaction

Described over a century ago re: syphilis, *induced by antibiotic tx*

Transient immunological phenomenon seen commonly in pts tx'd for spirochetal infxns

Considered an adverse effect from antibiotic treatment

Rarely fatal: neonates, LBW pregnancy

"Complex interplay of its underlying patho-physiological mechanisms continues to elude modern medicine."

PMID: 23632012, 28077740

The True Herx

"Experimental evidence indicates it is caused by nonendotoxin pyrogen and spirochetal lipoproteins."

Pro-inflam cytokines: TNF, IL-6, IL-8

Accel phagocytosis of spirochetes by PMN leukocytes *before* rise in cytokines, but *after* antibiotic initiation

Sxs ~

Onset 24-hrs after initiating Abx Constitutional sxs resolve within hours Fever, chills, h/a, myalgias, exacerbation of existing cutaneous lesions

PMID: 23632012, 28077740

Today's "Herx"

Loosely defined & broadly applied

Sx onset anywhere from hrs to days after initiating tx

Self-resolves in 2-5 days

Sxs ~

Fatigue, h/a, cognitive/neuro, myalgias, n/v/d, exacerbation of existing skin sxs, rarely low-grade fever

If longer than 2-3 days ~ Tx too aggressive for pt Something else is going on

Mold "Herx"

Induced by antifungals vs antibiotics Inhibit fungal sterol synth (impt fungal cell membrane component) vs intracellular Abs

↓accel of phagocytosis→slower onset rxn

†ROS

1MC (metacaspases) - "executioners" Apoptosis, cytokine maturation Neurodegen & autoinflammatory disorders

If mold senses threat → tmycotoxin prod

Mycotoxin vs nonendotoxin pyrogen

- :. think toxicity > microbial "guts"
- : tx target is detox

PMID: 10515900, 28983298, 18298652, 24415839

Herx Helpers

1st: Ask if tx needs adjusting Most common cause is iatrogenic

2nd: Fast

3rd: Take a salt bath

4th: Mega bioflavonoids

5th: Bamboo binding

6th: Consider fats & alkalization

7th: Consider enzymes

Prep the tools and plan ahead

Executive fxn during Herx = \bigcirc

Fasting

12-24hrs minimum

Fuel switch to fat-derived ketone bodies & free fatty acids

"Induces adaptive cellular responses~ Reduce ox damage & inflam Optimize energy metabolism Bolster cellular protection"

Linflammasomes in steroid-naïve asthmatics, diminish airway epithelial cell cytokine prod

Start immed at first sign of Herx

During first 2-3 days of antifungal therapy for unstable pts or if need antifungals before you can fully peel the orange

PMID: 24440038, 30021766

Epsom salts

Prep by the tub, pre-arrange at supportive helper's home w/tub

Bath ~

2-4 cups per bath x 20-30 min End w cool shower Caution: dehydration, abd cramping, bile duct spasm

Poultice ~

Mix 1 cup per 2 qts warm water Apply soaked towel to entire abdomen

Cover w heat x 30 min

End w cold scrub

Practice before begin antifungals

Bioflavonoids

ROS ~

Less activity in mammals than plants, but still shown to be effective

Protein kinases ~

Substrates of active caspases Bioflavs inhibit

SO pick a color, any color, make it liquid

Lemon juice ~

REAL lemons, squeezed & bluntly smash peel in container

Tart dark cherry juice

Carrot juice

Wheat grass juice

Onion soup broth

Beiler's broth

PMID: 23580885, 23434657

Beiler's Broth

RECIPE BIELER'S BROTH

Ingredients (use only organic ingredients)

4 cups spring water

3 medium zucchini, coarsely chopped

- 4 stalks celery, coarsely chopped
- 1 pound string beans, tipped
- 1 bunch parsley, stems removed

THE END OF DR. BIELER'S INGREDIENTS

Optional additions for mold recovery:

Up to ¼ cup each of nettles, beet greens, or dandelion leaves. (NOTE: Handle raw nettles with gloves to prevent stinging. Once cooked, they no longer sting.)

1-2 cloves garlic or 1/4 cup chopped onions, or both (optional) 1/4 cup olive oil or butter (optional)



Beiler's Broth

.

In a large pot, sauté celery, zucchini, string beans, garlic, and onions in oil or butter for 5-7 minutes.

Add water, nettles, beet greens, and dandelion greens, and bring to a boil.

Boil for about 10 minutes or until all vegetables are bright green and tender.

Remove from heat and add parsley.

Use an immersion blender or food processor to blend until smooth.

Spice to taste using salt, pepper, or other desired spices.

Quoting Dr. Jillian Stansbury, "use spices with wild abandon."

Another version of this recipe can be found in Nourishing Traditions by Sally Fallon.

Carbonized Bamboo

Well known in Japan

Mild antifungal + antibacterial

Porous nature ~ thirsty absorber (up to 10x moreso than wood treated similarly)

Research from Japan claims it emits ~ FIR rays (thus improving circulation) Negative ions (shields from EMF's)

Natural source of minerals (macro and trace) ...alkalizing

Aborts the reaction, quicker return to normal

Shown to be effective at binding aflatoxins* (poss heavy metals)

Contraindications ~

Variegate porphyria

PMID: 25014194

Fats, Alkalizers & Enzymes

Lipid Rescue ~ DHA 5-10 grams GLA 3 grams

Alkalizers ~ Alka-Seltzer Gold Tonic water

Enzymes ~ Lipase, protease Take away from meals

Try any and all until better

Herx or New Exposure?

Watch for signature trends

Determine effect on ultimate survival of the being

Hering's Law of Cure ~ Revisit old symptoms

Herx ~

Better deep, worse surface Better mental, worse physical

New exposure ~

May look similar to Herx, BUT doesn't clear w Herx tx &/or reduction or d/c of tx

Doc, What's Happening?

Developed a terrible rash & sinus congestion, but anxiety is a little better.

Is your patient getting better or was there a new exposure?

Rationale

What is the "deeper" issue, or the one which is more detrimental to wellbeing...

skin rash or anxiety? sinus infection or anxiety?

Anxiety!

May see skin rash or sinus infection at the resolution of deep-seated anxiety

Most likely a "Herx"

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Exposure Plan

Exposures Will Happen

Cars, restaurants, shopping, school, church, travel

What to have along ~ Nasal spray Bioflavonoid of choice Cholagogue Antifungal (if pt strong enough) Posse ready to support

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Travel Tips

Travel Tips

Rental cars ~

A/C - turn on, off, on, watch for reaction, then don't use if poss Take time to be in car w closed windows before driving away

Hotel ~

Tell them mold sensitive at checkin

Room inspection - water stains on ceiling, below A/C unit, below sink Request new filter for your room, BE THERE to avoid deodorizer Then don't use HVAC if poss

© Dr Jill Crista

Reintroduction

Reintroduction

Yes, you can get your life back after mold!

Typical timeframe (selection bias) is 2 years to pre-mold norm

Diet Reintroduction

- All foods tolerated before mold s/b tolerated after mold
- Add back slowly, q4-7 days
- 1st: Begin with Tier II foods if removed
- 2nd: Fermented foods/bevs
- 3rd: Foods that get moldy from growing/storing techniques
- 4th: Foods/bevs that promote yeast overgrowth
- 5th: Foods that are actual fungus

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Fortification

Fortification

Myco-Remediation ~ Agarikon, Maitake, Shitake, Reishi, Ganoderma, Hericium, Trametes, Cordyceps (rebirth), etc...

Paul Stamets, Mycologist Mycelium hyper-accum Se

"Mycelial networks are the foundation of the food web, the interface organisms between life and death, and build soil." Interview on WPR's To The Best of Our Knowledge

Imagine what they do for our soil

Immune Modulation

Many well-researched immune modulating botanicals which also have anti-fungal action ~ Pau D'arco, Garlic, Holy Basil, Cordyceps

Botanical immune modulators ~ Astragalus, Codonopsis, Eleutherococcus, Ligustrum, Panax ginseng, P. quinquefolius, Rhodiola, Schisandra, Withania

PMC3915757, PMC3874089, PMC3909570

What If's

What If... Can't Leave the Mold?

Is it even worth treating?

YES!

Protect tissues/cellular invasion ~ DHA Bioflavonoids Milk thistle, turmeric, artichoke Green tea

Protect genes ~ $[CoQ10 + L-carnitine + \alpha$ tocopherol + Se]

Minimize colonization ~ Nasal spray

What If... Only MPA + But Symptomatic

Key points, pt is symptomatic + not testing every mycotoxin

Variables to note - duration of WDB exp & sx level/type

Taking glutathione? ~

May create false neg myco's

(does exactly what we want it to do - detox) Neg test doesn't confirm no myco's bc symptomatic (note that MPA alone can still make pt sick - usually GI)

If no glutathione ~

1st: still being exposed?

Remediation didn't address "stuff" contamination 2^{nd:} pt too toxic to detox myco's & dump in urine 3rd: processed myco's well, but has genetic snp impairing MPA clearance (Green tea & ECGC) BUT that's only probable if pt feeling overall much better

Plan ~

Proceed with the full mold tx until improvement in sxs, including systemic + nasal txs Don't be surprised on subsequent myco testing, start

spilling mycotoxins

What If... Reaction to Antifungals

Question your tx ~ Too much? Too soon? Wrong choice?

Prep done aka "peel the orange"?

Still being exposed?

Plan ~

Impress on pt - no exposure! Reduce or pause antifungals Support weak system

What If... Can't Tolerate Binders?

What do you mean by binders? Pharmaceutical Fiber

Clay/charcoal

Food

Why can't tolerate?

Provoking bile?

Plan ~

Start with steamed kale & bitters

Add 5-7 servings veg

Try charcoal

Try rice brain fiber

*Binders are not necessary to getting

better

What If... Can't Tolerate Glutathione?

Not uncommon!

Unsupported detox ~ Not pooping Need cofactors/coenzymes

Other ways to boost GSH ~ NAD, B-vitamins Selenium ALA Milk thistle Turmeric

What If... Not Better Despite Full Avoidance?

Are you sure there's 100% avoidance???

Consider viral load EBV, HHV-6, Coxsackie

Consider opportunists Lyme, co-infections

Consider other enviro toxins

Consider food sensitivities

Mitochondrial dysfunction

Genetic snp support

© Dr Jill Crista



Aspects of a Comprehensive Plan

Avoidance avoidance avoidance

Diet diet diet

Bioflavonoids

Good fats

Bile movement

Fiber binding

Detox + mito support

Immune support

Antifungals

Late 70s F, LT pt

Concerned adult kids ~ mom's safety

Beg signs of dementia, garage door open overnight

Progressing confusion, balance issues, requiring cane

HTN, constipation, C-PAP for RLS insomnia

Sinusy voice normal for her

Large historic home, "bad about dusting"

Stopped using C-PAP "bc forgetful"

Kid intervention - Monitor (aka force) C-PAP use, major dust/declutter & air filter in bedroom, found a little mold in basement - cleaned with bleach

Husband's insomnia improved. Hers worsened, but naps ok in recliner ~ too far from her C-PAP to use

Worsening sxs overall: High anxiety, fears, worry, night wandering, personality change, worsening confusion, forgetful

Having new food reactions, so "forgets"/avoids eating

BP on the rise, takes at home in am

Kids have scheduled another sleep study, long wait time

 $P/E \sim$

Vitals - bp 158/90, HR 104, RR 16, temp N

Eczematous rash b/l ear canal, b/l pedal onychomycosis

Arthritis - ankles, fingers/toes

Blepharitis, anosmia, enlarged turbinates, pharyngeal cobblestoning

Delayed capillary refill, dermatographism

LU - harsh bronchial breath sounds

HT - RRR, no adventitious sounds

Abd - delayed BSAQ, bloating

Neuro - all wnl

Labs ~

ths-CRP if not taking B-complex, B-12
tLDL

Vit D 25-OH - 23

MycoTox Profile

| Metabolite | Results (ng/g creatinine) | Co | mmon Range of Po | ositive Results |
|-------------------|------------------------------|------------|------------------|-----------------|
| Aspergillus | | | | |
| Aflatoxin-M1 | 0.00 | 3.5 - 20 | | |
| | | | ▲ 3.5 | 20 🔺 |
| Ochratoxin A | 27.57 | 4 - 20 | | |
| | | | • 4 | 20 🔺 |
| Gliotoxin | 0.00 | 200 - 2000 | | |
| | | | ▲ 200 | 2000 🔺 |
| Penicillum | | | | |
| Sterigmatocystin | 0.00 | 0.2 - 1.75 | | |
| | | | ▲ 0.2 | 1.75 🔺 |
| Mycophenolic Acid | 11.77 | 5 - 50 | | |
| | | | ▲ 5 | 50 🔺 |
| Stachybotrys | | | | |
| Roridin E | 0.00 | 1 - 6 | | |
| | 19 | | ▲ 1 | 6 🔺 |

| Metabolite | Results (ng/g creatinine) | C | ommon Range of Po | sitive Results |
|-----------------------|------------------------------|----------|-------------------|----------------|
| Verrucarin A | 0.00 | 1 - 10 | | |
| | | | ▲ 1 | 10 🔺 |
| Fusarium | | | | |
| Enniatin B | 0.00 | 0.07 - 1 | | |
| | | | ▲ 0.07 | 1 🔺 |
| Zearalenone | 23.27 | 0.5 - 10 | | |
| | | | ▲ 0.5 | 10 🔺 |
| Chaetomium globosum | 1 | | | |
| Chaetoglobosin A | 0.00 | 20 - 80 | | |
| | | | ▲ 20 | 80 🔺 |
| Multiple Mold Species | | | | |
| Citrinin | 29.21 | 10 - 50 | | <u>_</u> |
| | | | ▲ 10 | 50 🔺 |

| | Organic Acids Test - Nutritional and Metabolic Profile | | | | | | | |
|--------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------|------|------------------|----------------------------------------------|--|--|--|--|
| letabolic Markers in Urine | Reference Range (mmol/mol creatinine) | | Patient Value | Reference Population - Males Age 13 and Over | | | | |
| Intestinal Microbial Overg | prowth | | | | | | | |
| east and Fungal Markers | | | | | | | | |
| 1 Citramalic | 0.11 - | 2.0 | 0.48 | 0.48 | | | | |
| 2 5-Hydroxymethyl-2-furoic Aspergillus) | 5 | 18 | H 22 | 22 | | | | |
| 3 3-Oxoglutaric | < | 0.11 | H 0.19 | 0.19 | | | | |
| 4 Furan-2,5-dicarboxylic Ispergillus) | S | 13 | H 20 | 20 | | | | |
| 5 Furancarbonylglycine spergillus) | 5 | 2.3 | 0.19 | 0.19 | | | | |
| 6 Tartaric Ispergillus) | < | 5.3 | 1.7 | 1.7 | | | | |
| 7 Arabinose | ≤ | 20 | H 35 | 35 | | | | |
| 8 Carboxycitric | S | 20 | 0.29 | 0.29 | | | | |
| 9 Tricarballylic Fusarium) | 5 | 0.58 | 0.46 | 0.46 | | | | |

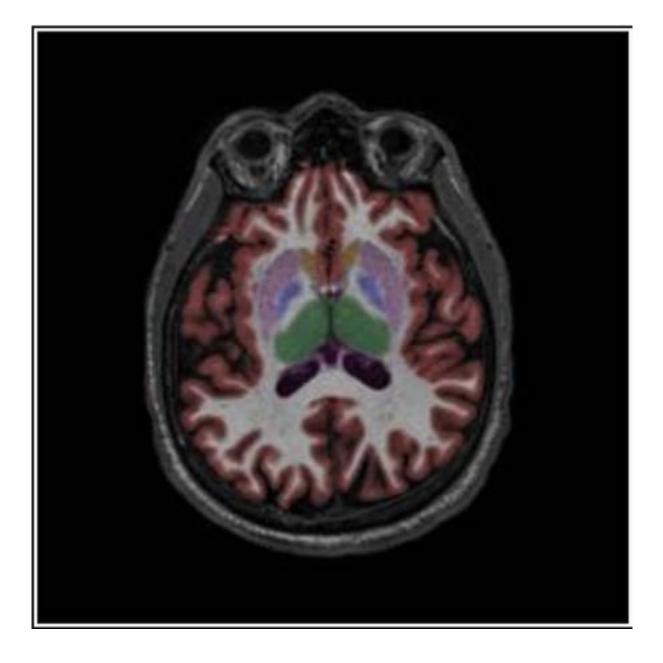
| Metabolic Markers in Urine | Reference Range (mmol/mol creatinine) | | Patient Value | Reference Population - Males Age 13 and Over |
|------------------------------------|------------------------------------------|--------|------------------|----------------------------------------------|
| Indicators of Detoxification | n | | | |
| Glutathione | | | | |
| 58 Pyroglutamic # | 5.7 | - 25 | 18 | 18 |
| Methylation, Toxic exposure | | | | |
| 59 2-Hydroxybutyric ** | | ≤ 1.2 | 0.88 | 0.88 |
| Ammonia Excess | | | | |
| 60 Orotic | | ≤ 0.46 | 0.21 | Q2 |
| Aspartame, salicylates, or GI bact | eria | | | |
| 61 2-Hydroxyhippuric | | ≤ 0.86 | 0.53 | 0.53 |

* A high value for this marker may indicate a Glutathione deficiency.

****** High values may indicate methylation defects and/or toxic exposures.

Glyphosate Profile

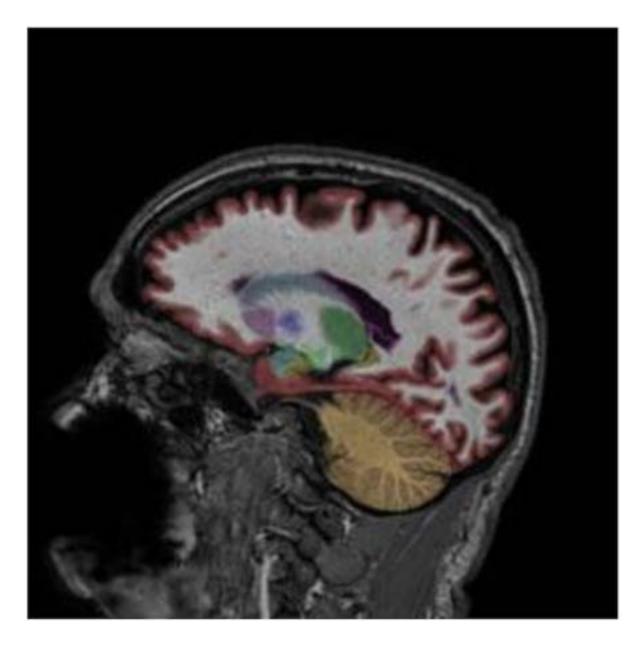
| Metabolite | Result ug/g creatinine | Reference Range | | | |
|------------|---------------------------|-----------------|------|------|--|
| | | LLOQ | 75th | 95th | |
| Glyphosate | 1.2 | - | • | | |
| | | 0.38 | 1.8 | 2.5 | |



NeuroQuant Triage Brain Atrophy Report (TBAR)

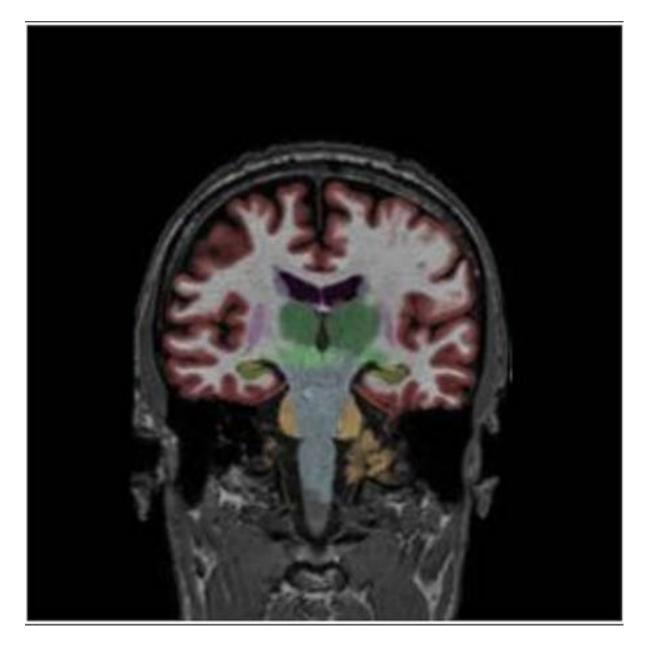
- Compressed 3rd ventricle surrounded by inflamed thalamus
- Assymetry
- Thalamus inflam
 Site of mast cells MCAS
 Limbic activation





NeuroQuant Triage Brain Atrophy Report (TBAR)

- Cingulate inflammation
- Frontal atrophy



NeuroQuant Triage Brain Atrophy Report (TBAR)

- Ventricular asymmetry (TBI?)
- Patchy asymmetry Inflammation, infection

"Oh yeah, mom had a fall" - many years prior Mold inspector ~ Minor fragments in basement. No obvious water intrusion. Issues with clutter, cardboard storage, humidity, dust.

Recommended remediation - HEPA vac + wipe down surfaces, air filtration, replace all cardboard storage containers, better dust & humidity mgmt, duct cleaning

Tested C-PAP machine ~ extremely high Aspergillus, +Endotoxins

Wasn't maintaining adequate cleaning schedule or replacing tubing

Tx ~

CPAP: Cleaned machine appropriately, replaced tubing, SoClean ozone system. Home changes took a little longer, done by kids.

Nat sulph 200c

DHA 3gms daily, divided

GLA 1 gm daily, divided

Liposomal phosphatidyl choline 500mg bid

Melatonin 3mg hs + 3mg sustained release

Green drink - bid

Resveratrol - 1gm divided

Liposomal curcuma/resveratrol 400mg/150mg bid

F/U in 3-4 weeks

1st F/U ~

Improved sleep, anxiety, confusion, joint pain

Worsened constipation, food reactions

Sinuses cleared at first, now congesting again

Reduce DHA 2gms daily, divided

Reduce GLA 500mg daily

D/C added resveratrol, replaced with quercetin 600mg tid

Cont greens, PC, curcuma/resveratrol, melatonin

Add: Garlic tincture with Thymus & Holy Basil alternating 1 tsp bid-tid

Intranasal ozone daily x 1 week, then 3-4x/week

F/U 6 weeks, sooner if poor reaction to antifungals

2nd F/U ~ Marked improvement in RLS, sleep maintenance, sinus congestion, BMs, food rxns Improvement in all dementia sxs, bp Anxiety still an issue, desires easier nasal tx Continue DHA, GLA (found a combo prod) - 2 gms divided Reduce PC 500mg daily Cont curcuma/resv, greens Reduce quercetin 600mg bid Cont melatonin 3mg hs, but d/c added 3mg sustained release Cont Garlic tincture with Thymus & Holy Basil alternating 1 tsp bid Replace Intranasal ozone with propolis nasal spray Limbic retraining via FSM F/U 3 months

3rd F/U \sim

Sustained improvement in dementia sxs, RLS, sleep maintenance, sinus congestion, BMs, food rxns, bp

Anxiety - reducing but not as fast as desired

Alternate DHA/GLA with PC

Reduce quercetin 400mg bid, over time wean, watch sinus congestion

Cont greens, curcuma/resv (may wean over time, watch joints)

Use melatonin 3mg hs prn

Cont Garlic tincture with Thymus & Holy Basil alternating

1/2 tsp bid (wean over time)

Cont nasal spray hs

Limbic retraining via DNRS

F/U 3 months

Over time, dementia sxs continued to improve & now no longer an issue. Anxiety improved.

Better about managing dust/humidity

Early 50s M, outwardly calm, conscientious, but suppressed

Executive, accustomed to high pace & high functioning

Remodeled a Frank Lloyd Wright home in "choice" neighborhood

Relationship problems "this house killed my marriage", divorce

Beginning breathing troubles around same time

Describes "broken heart pain"

Anxiety, insomnia, weeping

Dx allergies, asthma, anxiety

Rx steroid nebulizer, rescue inhaler, anxiolytic

Worsening resp sxs

Various specialists, no answers

Worsening insomnia, new onset reflux, jock itch

Allergist confirms mold allergy

Rx antifungal cream w steroids, proton-pump inhibitors, statins*

* * *

All sxs worsening esp breathing issues, very distressing

New onset tinnitus, pelvic pain, constip, jock itch wakes from sleep

* * *

In desparation, comes to see the woo-woo doctor in town

© Dr Jill Crista

| | TESTS | RE | SULT | FLAG | UNITS | REFERENCE IN | TERVAL | LAB |
|-----------|------------------|------------------|--------|---------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------|------------|-----|
| llergen 1 | Profile, Mold | | | | | | | |
| Class Des | scription | | | | | | | 01 |
| 1 | Levels of Spe | cific IgE | | Class I | Description | of Class | | |
| 10 | | | | | | | | |
| | 22 322 | < 0.10 | | 0 | Negative | 10.200 C 1 | | |
| | 0.10 - | | | 0/1 | Equivoca | l/Low | | |
| | 0.32 - 0.56 - | | | I II | Low Moderate | | | |
| | 1 41 - | 3.90 | | III | High | | | |
| | | 19.00 | | IV | Very High | n | | |
| | | 100.00 | | v | Very High | | | |
| | | >100.00 | | VI | Very High | | | |
| M001-IgE | Penicillium o | chrysogen | | | | | | |
| | | | <0.10 | | kU/L | Class | 0 | 01 |
| M002-IgE | Cladosporium | herbarum | | | | | | |
| | | | <0.10 | | kU/L | Class | 0 | 01 |
| M003-IgE | Aspergillus f | Eumigatus | | | | | | |
| | | | <0.10 | | kU/L | Class | 0 | 01 |
| M004-IgE | Mucor racemos | sus | <0.10 | | kU/L | Class | 0 | 01 |
| M005-IqE | Candida albid | cans | <0.10 | | kU/L | Class | 0 | 01 |
| | Alternaria al | | | | | | | |
| | | | 0.84 | Abnorma | l kU/L | Class | II | 01 |
| M008-IgE | Setomelanomma | a rostrat | | | 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - | | | |
| | | | 0.25 | Abnorma | l kU/L | Class | 0/I | 01 |
| M009-IgE | Fusarium prol | Liferatum | | | 2014 - 2012/07/2017 2011 - | | 2545.VG1-2 | |
| | | | 0.11 | Abnorma | l kU/L | Class | 0/I | 01 |
| M012-IgE | Aureobasidi p | pullulans | | | | | 2.3VILE: | |
| | | | 0.18 | Abnorma | al kU/L | Class | 0/I | 01 |
| M013-IgE | Phoma betae | | 0.16 | Abnorma | 1 kU/L | Class | 0/I | 01 |
| | Epicoccum pur | rpur | 10.000 | Abnorma | | Class | 3.103465 | 01 |
| | Stemphylium h | | | | | 01000 | -/- | - |
| | | 29,42,22,23,67,6 | 0 27 | Abnorma | kU/L | Class | 0/7 | 01 |

| TESTS | RESULT | FLAG | UNITS | REFERENCE | INTERVAL | LAB |
|---------------------------|--------|------|-------|-----------|----------|-----|
| Lower Respiratory Culture | | | | | | |
| Lower Respiratory Culture | | | | | | |
| Final report Result 1 | | | | | | 01 |
| Routine respiratory flo | * 2 | | | | | 0.1 |
| Routine respiratory inc | Ia | | | | | 01 |



| Sample | Time | ppm H2 | ppm CH4 | ppm H2 + CH4 | % CO2 | Correction | Symptoms |
|----------|----------|--------|---------|--------------|-------|------------|----------|
| #0 - 0 | 9:00 AM | 3 | 5 | 8 | 4.3 | 1.27 | |
| #1 - 20 | 9:20 AM | 5 | 6 | 11 | 4.6 | 1.19 | |
| #2 - 40 | 9:40 AM | 8 | 8 | 16 | 4.2 | 1.3 | |
| #3 - 60 | 10:00 AM | 9 | 9 | 18 | 4.4 | 1.25 | |
| #4 - 80 | 10:20 AM | 6 | 7 | 13 | 4.6 | 1.19 | |
| #5 - 100 | 10:40 AM | 6 | 8 | 14 | 4.3 | 1.27 | |
| #6 - 120 | 11:00 AM | 4 | 5 | 9 | 4.2 | 1.3 | |
| #7 - 140 | 11:20 AM | 2 | 5 | 7 | 4.6 | 1.19 | |
| #8 - 160 | 11:40 AM | 1 | 4 | 5 | 4.5 | 1.22 | |
| #9 - 180 | 12:00 PM | 1 | 4 | 5 | 4.5 | 1.22 | |

Glutathione; Erythrocytes

| | Within | Outside | Reference Range |
|--------------|--------|---------|-------------------|
| Glutathione* | | 1093 |] > 1100 µmoles/L |

| Results: | | | | | | | | | |
|----------|--------------------------------------|----------|----------------|----------------|-----------------------------|----------------------|-----------------------------|--|--|
| Code | Test | Specimen | Value | Result | Not Present if less than | Equivocal if between | Present if greater or equal | | |
| E8501 | Ochratoxin A | Urine | 1.55300 ppb | Not Present | 1.8 ppb | 1.8-2.0 ppb | 2.0 ppb | | |
| E8502 | Aflatoxin Group (B1,B2,G1.G2) | Urine | 0.80500 ppb | Equivocal | 0.8 ppb | 0.8-1.0 ppb | 1.0 ppb | | |
| E8503 | Trichothecene Group (Macrocyclic) | Urine | 0.07200 ppb | Present | 0.02 ppb | 0.02-0.03 ppb | 0.03 ppb | | |
| E8510 | Gliotoxin Derivative | Urine | 1.42100 ppb | Present | 0.5 ppb | 0.5-1.0 ppb | 1.0 ppb | | |

Labs ~ Fe-def anemia, \downarrow WBC, \uparrow IgE, rising liver enzymes, 1Vit D 25-OH Stool test - +Candida, (-)SIBO Nares Culture +MRSA $Tx \sim (pt request - "give me everything")$ Home mold inspection Already pristine diet, organic veggies, low animal protein EVOO 1 Tbsp qid Quercetin 600mg gid Hawthorn solid extract 1/2 tsp tid Lung tincture blend 1/2 tsp tid (Symplocarpus, Asafoedita, Eriodictyon, Verbascum) Aloe juice 1 cup tid before meals Bile salts with dinner, trial Betaine HCI Emulsified vit D - 10,000 IU daily Allicin swab nares bid F/U 3 weeks after home report available

1st F/U ~

Home loaded with mold, covered over by remodelers Mild improvement in asthma, reflux, constipation. HCl too burny.

Excited, first sign of possibility of improvement

Request retest and antimicrobials

Tx ~

Move out while home remediated

Cont EVOO, Quercetin, Hawthorn, Lung formula,

Aloe, Bile salts, D

Add psyllium husk fiber 1 Tbsp daily

Add Nebulized GSH (compounded) bid

Intranasal allicin bid

D/C statin

F/U 3 months, unless downturn, retest 2.5mo

Antifungal combo as follows...

Step 1:

Thyme tincture ~

Loading dose x 1 week before Rx

1 tsp tincture bid

Step 2:

Add pulsed Fluconazole - 200mg x 3-4d/wk

Step 3:

Add pulsed antifungal botanical on alt days (ie Pau D'Arco, Oil of Oregano)

Step 4:

Continue with botanicals x 1 addtnl mo, d/c fluconazole

Thyme tincture ~ 1 tsp qd

Pau D'Arco ~ 500mg caps qd-bid, pulsed varied (Neem,

Monolaurin)

Step 5:

Continue pulsed rotating antifungals x 6-12mo or until neg mycotoxins

| Metabolite | Results (ng/g creatinine) | Co | mmon Range of P | ositive Results |
|------------------|------------------------------|-------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------|
| Aflatoxin-M1 | 1.68 | 1.3 - 3 | | |
| | | | ▲ 1.3 | 3 🔺 |
| Ochratoxin A | 9.19 | 1.2 - 5 | | |
| | | | ▲ 1.2 | 5 🔺 |
| Sterigmatocystin | 0 | 0.1 - 2.25 | | |
| | | | ▲ 0.1 | 2.25 🔺 |
| Zearalenone | 0 | 0.5 - 2 | | |
| | | | ▲ 0.5 | 2 🔺 |
| Roridin E | 2.1 | 0.75 - 2.25 | No. of Concession, Name | HERE AND |
| | | | ▲ 0.75 | 2.25 🔺 |
| Verrucarin A | 1.06 | 0.5 - 1.2 | Manager and Party and Party | |
| | | | ▲ 0.5 | 1.2 ▲ |
| Enniatin B | 0.254 | 0.09 - 0.45 | Kaling of the second se | |
| | | | ▲ 0.09 | 0.45 🔺 |

CASE | Breathless & Anxious

2nd F/U ~

Marked improvement resp, GI, HT, jock itch Anxiety, mood issues, bloating, sweet cravings persist

Tx ~

Stay the course on supps, neb, intranasal Increase animal protein

Replace steroid-containing antifungal w pure antifungal

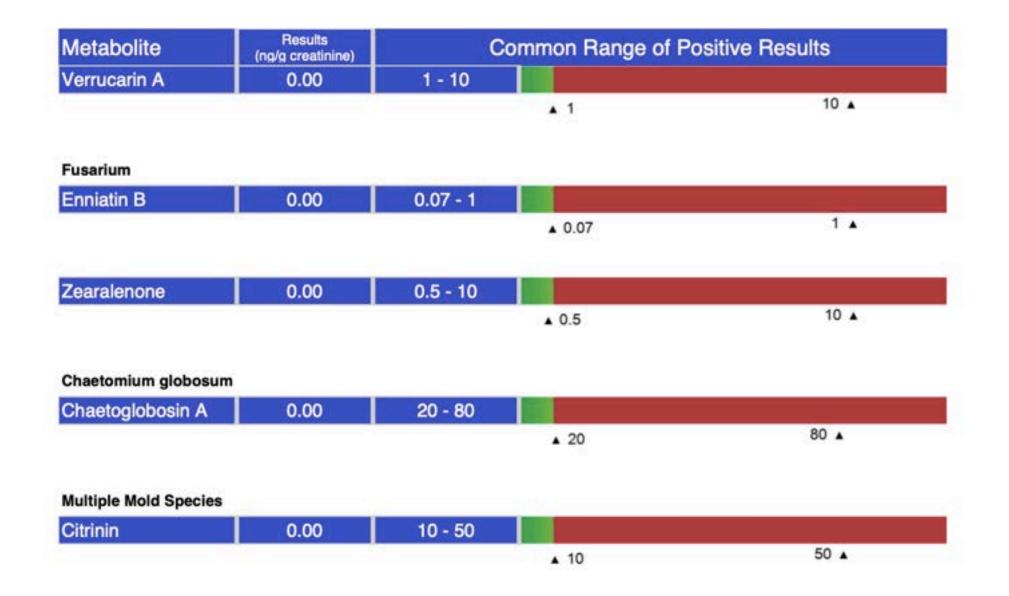
Alternate nostril breathing qd

Retest mycotoxins, OAT, nares in time for appt

F/U 3-4 mo unless downturn

MycoTox Profile

| Metabolite | Results (ng/g creatinine) | Common Range of Positive Results | | | | |
|-------------------|------------------------------|----------------------------------|------------|--------|--|--|
| Aspergillus | | 2 | (| | | |
| Aflatoxin-M1 | 0.00 | 3.5 - 20 | 1 | | | |
| | | | ▲ 3.5 | 20 🔺 | | |
| Ochratoxin A | 12.97 | 4 - 20 | | | | |
| | | | 4 4 | 20 🔺 | | |
| Gliotoxin | 0.00 | 200 - 2000 | 1 | | | |
| | | | ▲ 200 | 2000 🔺 | | |
| Penicillum | | | | | | |
| Sterigmatocystin | 0.00 | 0.2 - 1.75 | | | | |
| | | | ▲ 0.2 | 1.75 🔺 | | |
| Mycophenolic Acid | 438.03 | 5 - 50 | | | | |
| | | | ▲ 5 | 50 🔺 | | |
| Stachybotrys | | | | | | |
| Roridin E | 0.00 | 1 - 6 | | | | |
| | | | A 1 | 6 🔺 | | |



| | | | | | 1272 12 000 1000 100 10 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 |
|---------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------|-----|-----|------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------|
| Metabolic Markers in Urine | Reference Range (mmol/mol creatinine) | | | Patient Value | Reference Population - Males Age 13 and Over |
| Intestinal Microbial Over | growth | | | | |
| Yeast and Fungal Markers | | | | | |
| 1 Citramalic | 0.11 | - 2 | .0 | 1.3 | 1.3 |
| 2 5-Hydroxymethyl-2-furoic (Aspergillus) | | ≤ 1 | 8 | 11 | |
| 3 3-Oxoglutaric | | ≤ 0 | .11 | H 0.13 | 0.13 |
| 4 Furan-2,5-dicarboxylic (Aspergillus) | | ≤ 1 | 3 | 7.1 | |
| 5 Furancarbonylglycine (Aspergillus) | | ≤ 2 | .3 | 0.19 | Q.19 |
| 6 Tartaric (Aspergillus) | | ≤ 5 | .3 | 0.52 | 0.52 |
| 7 Arabinose | | ≤ 2 | 0 | H 27 | 27 |
| 8 Carboxycitric | | ≤ 2 | 0 | 0.46 | 0.46 |
| 9 Tricarballylic (Fusarium) | | ≤ 0 | .58 | 0.18 | 0.18 |

| Metabolic Markers in Urine | Reference Range (mmol/mol creatinine) | | Patient Value | Reference Population - Males Age 13 and Over | | | | | | |
|-------------------------------------|------------------------------------------|--------|------------------|----------------------------------------------|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| Indicators of Detoxification | | | | | | | | | | |
| Glutathione | | | | | | | | | | |
| 58 Pyroglutamic # | 5.7 | - 25 | 20 | 20 | | | | | | |
| Methylation, Toxic exposure | | | | | | | | | | |
| 59 2-Hydroxybutyric ** | | ≤ 1.2 | 0.69 | | | | | | | |
| Ammonia Excess | | | | | | | | | | |
| 60 Orotic | | ≤ 0.46 | 0.31 | Q3D | | | | | | |
| Aspartame, salicylates, or GI bacto | eria | | | | | | | | | |
| 61 2-Hydroxyhippuric | | ≤ 0.86 | H 0.94 | 0.94 | | | | | | |

* A high value for this marker may indicate a Glutathione deficiency.

** High values may indicate methylation defects and/or toxic exposures.

CASE | Breathless & Anxious

3rd F/U ~

Persistent MRSA, Candida on labs but asx Flaring when home, better work travel

Tx ~

Retest home, more to remediate? Cut all oral supps in half, one at a time, divided by 1-2 weeks, watch sxs Reduce nebulized GSH to qd Replace Intranasal allicin with e.o. blend, add intranasal xylitol

Wean lung tincture, add NAC

Cont antifungal combo plan, slow wean after neg mycotoxins

Cont rotating biofilm txs, watch reactions

Talk to gastroenterologist for plan to wean PPI

CASE | Breathless & Anxious

Resolved ~

Acute breathing issues, allergies, "heart pain", weeping, reflux, jock itch

Improved anxiety, insomnia, asthma

D/c'd steroid nebulizer, proton-pump inhibitors, statins

Retaining rescue inhaler

Anxiolytic prn for occasional insomnia

Residual tinnitus, pelvic pain lasted up to 2 additional years

Asthma eventually resolved but keeps rescue inhaler on my request

Remediation took 3 tries

* * *

Review

Herx

Exposure plan

Travel tips

Reintroduction

Fortification

What If's

Cases

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Thank You

Dr. Jill Crista Naturopathic Doctor support@drcrista.com

Are You Missing Mold Illness?

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And The Environment

ARE YOU MISSING MOLD ILLNESS IN YOUR PATIENTS? Dr. Jill Crista

And The Environment

Canaries ~ Just Don't

Inspectors & Remediators

Building Assessment Basics

Endotoxins

Remediation Tips

What To Do About "Stuff"

Prevention

Canaries ~ Just Don't

Who Should Keep Out

Ok, EVERYONE!

But certainly, people who are ~

Pregnant

Breastfeeding

Young children

Respiratory conditions

Liver disease

Kidney disease

Immune deficiency

Cancer

Genetically mold sensitive

(canaries)

Dorks Stay Healthy

Protective gear ~

Disposable Tyvek suit with hood Toss after each exposure

Safety glasses Clean with bleach after each use

Silicone respirator w disposable filters Clean with bleach after each use

P100 respirator filters Toss after each exposure

Double gloves

Toss after each exposure

Shoe booties Toss after each exposure

Inspectors & Remediators

Inspectors

Why need? More than mold Advocacy Select remediators Guide remediation plan Post inspection

Inspector Qualifications ~ Sensitive pts

Certifying organizations ~ BBEC (Building Biology Institute) ACAC certified IICRC certified

Inspectors

Questions to vet inspectors ~

Patient handout courtesy of Corey Levy, CMI, CIE, WELL AP YesWelnspect.com

Conflicts of Interest

Inspectors test Remediators remediate

 remediation co that says they'll do the post-test instead of inspector (illegal in some states)

Post-rem testing by remediators is done ~ For internal QC Usu only air sampling *Not a thorough inspection

Remediators

Chosen by inspector

Know how & be willing to work w sensitive ppl

Understand inspector will post-test

Provide written plan in detail, costs itemized, meet, sign-off

Is the norm to find more as they open up (water source, more mold)

Make sure any alterations are in writing and cost estimate given, agreed upon before proceeding

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Building Assessment Basics

Know Your Lane

Are you a building expert? Plumbing, roofing, attics, crawl spaces, grading, partial pressures, etc

Even experienced, certified inspectors miss mold on occasion

Costly mistakes ~ False sense of security Ruin the chances of getting ins coverage

Chain of Custody By Certified Inspector Submit w any sampling Must have in place legally, ins Dr can submit *but must be the sampler/ defend in court*

Purpose Of This Section

Know enough to protect your pt from bad actors & guide them through the process

NOT to take this part on

You're their body Dr not bldg Dr

Highly recommend doing the work to find your go-to inspectors in your area, then REFER

But if you're itching for more ~ Mold Masterclass by Brian Karr

Inspections

Goals ~

 Determine the sources of the contamination
 W/o eliminating the sources the problem will persist

 Determine how the sources have impacted the occupied living spaces & HVAC system

Allows inspector to provide a holistic & comprehensive remediation strategy

Inspections

Thorough history ~ Not only about areas that are currently wet Hx of water events very important! Water-impacted areas that are now dry have a significant impact on contamination Dried colonies easily break apart into ultra-fine fragments & particulate

Time ~

Should last >2hrs, typical is 4hrs Attic, crawlspaces, outdoor, roof

Sampling Limitations

Just like testing bodies ~ Each method has strengths & weaknesses

Goal ~ Maximize strengths Minimize weaknesses

Solution ~ Multiple testing strategies

Looking for ~ Moisture, staining, rusting, spores, fragments, DNA, mycotoxins

Sampling Tools & Methods

Tools ~

Eyes - visual inspection* most important Infrared camera (moisture) Moisture meter, humidistat Sterile swabs Spore trap vacuum On-location microscope

Methods ~ Plates (controversial) Air sampling (cavities/isolated spaces) Spore trap (cavity) Dust sampling Tape lift Bulk (textile, carved sill plate, filter, etc) On-location microscopy

ERMI/EMMA

Environmental Relative Mold Index

EPA std: DNA-based MSqPCR method. ID & quantify spore/fragment DNA

26 mold species known to thrive in WDB + 10 species "found in all homes, with or without water damage"***

Dust sample using HEPA filter trap. Vacuum specific area of a carpet (or other material) in LR + main BR

Compare to national database of US homes. Reported as percentiles, then scored via algorithm, with EPA's opinion that "every home in US has mold" (bc of improper selection criteria imho)

Don't go by the "score" only!

Per certified inspectors - flawed scoring system

Look at species & quantitative findings. Can still be high mold burden with a "normal" ERMI score.

Some species indicative of long-standing issue

EMMA adds mycotoxins

HERTSMI-2

Health Effects Roster of Type Specific Formers of Mycotoxins and Inflammagens - 2nd Version

DNA-based MSqPCR method. Score based on qty detected.

Swiffer or vacuum collection

The big 5 - the bad actors Aspergilus Penicilloides Aspergillus Versicolor Chaetomium Globosum Stachybotrys Chartarum Wallemia Sebi

"Indicator" species correlated both w WDB & MARCoNS incidence

Score <10

Cost savings

Spore Trap

Specific, focused air sample

Cavities

Disrupt then let dust settle

Specialized HEPA vacuum

Vacuum for 5 min, no less

Mycotoxin

Current or forensic, no surety

Furnace filter - 3" square after 3 mo continuous use

Aggregated dust sample from tops of ~ picture frames tall shelves books kitchen cabinets trim around closets

Avoid sampling near windows/ doors to the outside

Bulk

My clinical experience

Kitchen ceiling ~ Spore trap: mild Aspergillus Bulk: mod Chaetomium

Bathroom subfloor ~ Swab: mod Asp & Pen Bulk: mild Stachy

Lessons ~ There are no perfect tests Toxic species are gooey Test everything that is removed

Other Sources

CPAPs

Keurig

Refrigerator: coils, water filter

Bath toys

Mattresses

Dehumidifiers

Saunas

Car cabin filters

Furnace coils!

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Endotoxins

Endotoxins

Usu where there's mold, there's bacteria

Story of the vegetative framing member

Humidifiers/CPAPs ~ Tap water: bacterial count Causes aerated endotoxins Only use distilled water

What To Do About "Stuff"

What To Take

Depends on extent

First ~ GET YOURSELF OUT!

"The best things in life are not things" Hawaiian Rules To Live By

Take only the bare minimum

The primary reason for chronicity

Storage Solutions

Buys time/space for better decision-making

Plastic bins, sealed w tape

Caution: many storage units are also toxic ~ Rat poison Pesticides Critters, feces Neighboring units Many are moldy (roof leaks)

Cross-Contamination Risk

Caution ~ car contamination

Wipe down everything 3x before it leaves sick envir w new cloths~ First at the front door/garage Second midway to car Third just before place in car

My story ~ 2x not enough

What Might Be Remediated

Metal & glass

Maybe 100% real wood furniture, BUT many many asterisks**** *how hard is the wood? *how close to mold? *how long? *how old is the piece? *how well maintained? *how many crevices?

What About Clothing?

Reminder abt research re: pasta cooking

- mycotoxins retained despite heat

Posited solution (no data!) ~ High heat wash 100 drops e.o. per load High heat dry Sunshine exposure daily x 1 wk every surface Borax

Cautions ~ False sense of security Dermal absorption Contaminated washer

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Remediation Tips

Remediation Pressures

Remediators ~

Least force options

Building owner ~

Rush to rebuild

Insurance company ~ Mitigate losses

Remediation Tips

- 1 No spray & pray
- 2 No seal & deal
- 3 When in doubt, cut it out
- 4 Take out more than you think

Remediation Formulas

All-Purpose Cleaning Formula ~ Non-porous - glass/metal Real wood - witch hazel>water *Essential oils theoretical workhorse

Peroxide 15% or Bleach ~ Concrete

Carpet cleaner ~

*Essential oils theoretical workhorse

Ozone & Enzyme treatments ~

What happens in pathogenic biofilm envir?

WE REALLY DON'T KNOW!

Must post-test!

Only keep what's worth testing

Mycotoxins & Particulate

Foggers ~ Not considered remediation, but rather cleanup May use as a final step to control ultra-fine particulate

Air filters ~

Also not remediation!

- -HyperHEPA (mycotoxins=0.1m)
- -Sanitizing
- -Incinerating

*Change filters early to avoid passthrough effect

Prevention

Mold's Weaknesses

- Dryness
- Sunlight
- Air movement
- Dust-free spaces
- Lack of clutter
- Mold-killing essential oils

Preventive Measures

Don't water it

Manage humidity ~ Indoor humidity <50% Humidistat in each room Run fans before steam

Don't feed it

Manage dust ~ Dust with gusto! Reduce clutter No cardboard box storage Central vacuum system

Don't help it find a new home

Change filters regularly ~ Home at least 2x/year Car at least annually Air filters maintain as rec CPAP as rec

Prevention Tips

Dry every moist thing Quantify humidity in each room Dehumidify if needed, by location No water to refrigerator Drain/pan under washing machine Reduce carpeting No finished basements Cabinets with feet Air movement indoors Air out closets, e.o. cotton balls Showers/windows vinegar Manage cracked grout Paper towel test toilets routinely Check attic after big rain or snow melt

Before Buying/Renting

Always test in advance

Offer must allow to buyer to completely w/d from offer

No "right to cure" - seller/leasor will cover up the problem rather than remediate

Unfortunately most sellers/leasors will demand notification of testing methods, some will adulterate

Mycotoxin dust sampling often adequate - inside ductwork

Other Air Quality Considerations

VOCs and microbial VOCs

Dander

Allergens

Gas leaks

Formaldehyde ('new' smell)

Fiberglass

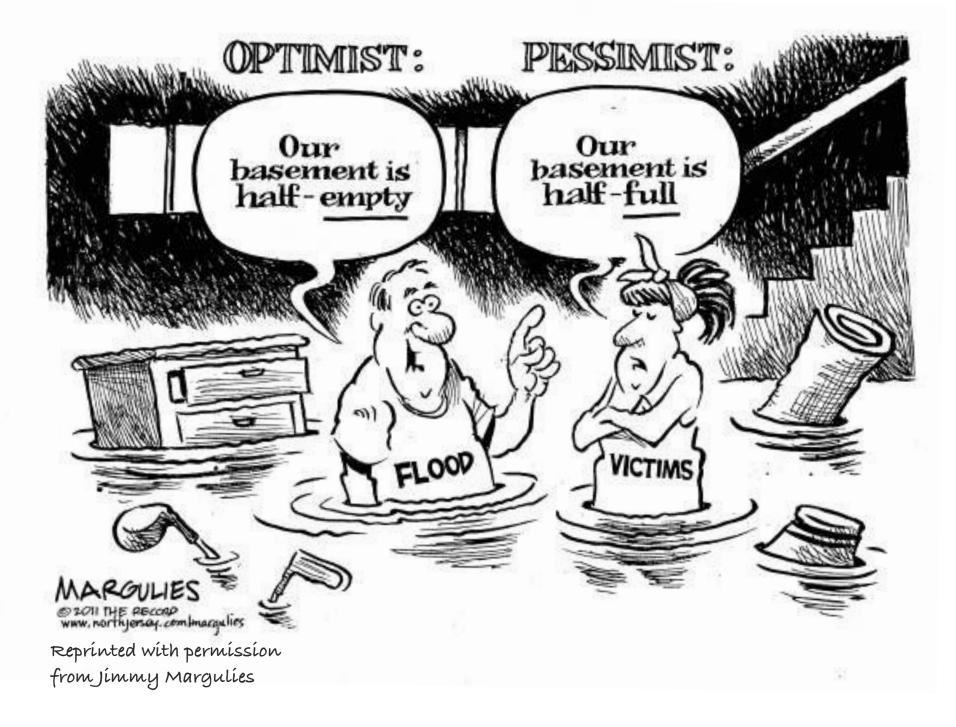
Fragrances

PCBs (candles)

EMFs - WiFi, smart meters

Endotoxins

Heavy metals (hobbyists-lead solder)



Review

Canaries ~ Just Don't Inspectors & Remediators Building Assessment Basics Endotoxins Remediation Tips What To Do About "Stuff" Prevention



Survey
DrCrista.com
Patient resources
Short video blogs
Break The Mold
Mentorship
Stay in the light

